

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 6.9 Revision Date 03/07/2024 Print Date 05/12/2024

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) oxide

Product Number : 203610 Brand : Aldrich

Index-No. : 082-001-00-6 CAS-No. : 1317-36-8

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

Uses advised against : The product is being supplied under the TSCA R&D Exemption

(40 CFR Section 720.36). It is the recipient's responsibility to comply with the requirements of the R&D exemption. The product may not be used for a non-exempt commercial purpose under TSCA unless appropriate consent is granted in writing by

MilliporeSigma.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Inc.

3050 SPRUCE ST ST. LOUIS MO 63103 UNITED STATES

Telephone : +1 314 771-5765 Fax : +1 800 325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) +1-703-

527-3887 CHEMTREC (International) 24

Hours/day; 7 Days/week

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351

Aldrich - 203610

Page 1 of 12



Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360

Effects on or via lactation, H362

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), Central nervous system,

Kidney, Blood, H372

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Kidney,

Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel

unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

plant.

# 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula : OPb

Aldrich - 203610

Page 2 of 12



Molecular weight : 223.2 g/mol CAS-No. : 1317-36-8 EC-No. : 215-267-0 Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

Component	Classification	Concentration
lead(II) oxide		
	Acute Tox. 4; Carc. 2; Repr. 1A; Lact.; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H302, H332, H351, H360, H362, H372, H400, H410 Concentration limits: >= 2.5 %: Repr. 2, H361f; >= 0.5 %: STOT RE 2, H373; M-Factor - Aquatic Acute: 10 - Aquatic Chronic: 1	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

# In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

Aldrich - 203610

Page 3 of 12



#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Lead oxides

Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

#### **5.3** Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### 5.4 Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Aldrich - 203610

Page 4 of 12



For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### **Storage conditions**

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

#### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1D: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters							
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis			
			parameters				
lead(II) oxide	1317-36-8	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit			
, ,				Values (TLV)			
	Remarks	Confirmed	onfirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to				
		humans					
		PEL	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Specifically Regulated			
				Chemicals/Carcinogens			
		OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen					
		TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended			
				Exposure Limits			
		PEL	0.05 mg/m3	California permissible exposure			
				limits for chemical			
				contaminants (Title 8, Article			
				107)			

Biological occupational exposure limits

biological occupational exposure innits					
Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
lead(II) oxide	1317-36-8	Lead	200 μg/l	In blood	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Not critical			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Aldrich - 203610

Page 5 of 12

#### Personal protective equipment

#### **Eye/face protection**

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: KCL 741 Dermatril® L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: KCL 741 Dermatril® L

# **Body Protection**

protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P3

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

#### **Control of environmental exposure**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: powder

Color: yellowlight yellow

b) Odor odorless

Aldrich - 203610

Page 6 of 12



c) Odor Threshold Not applicable

d) pH 8 - 9 at 100 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - (slurry)

e) Melting point/range: 886 °C (1627 °F) - lit. point/freezing point

f) Initial boiling point  $> 600 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} > 1112 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$  at ca.1,013 hPa - OECD Test Guideline 103 and boiling range 1,470  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (2,678  $^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

g) Flash point ()Not applicableh) Evaporation rate No data available

i) Flammability (solid, The product is not flammable.

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

gas)

No data available

k) Vapor pressure No data availablel) Vapor density No data available

m) Density 9.530 g/cm3 at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative density 9.9622.5 °C - OECD Test Guideline 109

n) Water solubility 0.0702 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 105 - slightly

soluble

o) Partition coefficient: Not applicable for inorganic substances

n-octanol/water

p) Autoignition No data available temperature

q) Decomposition No data available temperature

r) Viscosity No data availables) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties none

# 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

Aldrich - 203610

Millipore

Aluminum

Powdered metals

performic acid

perchloric acid

glycerol

Violent reactions possible with:

carbides

Sulfur oxides

hydrogen peroxide

halogens

alkenes

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

Boron

Alkali metals

hydrides

silanes

vegetable/animal oils

Fluorine

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no information available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1,100.1 mg/kg

(Expert judgment)
Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 1.6 mg/l - dust/mist

(Expert judgment)

Inhalation: No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation - 72 h

Aldrich - 203610



(OECD Test Guideline 405)

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Application Route: Oral

Result: positive Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: comet assay

Species: Mouse Cell type: Liver cells

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

**Carcinogenicity**Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (lead(II) oxide)

NTP: RAHC - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has

been added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (lead(II)

oxide)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (lead(II) oxide)

#### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies. Studies indicating a hazard to babies during the lactation period

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Central nervous system, Kidney, Blood

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### 11.2 Additional Information

RTECS: OG1750000

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and fetomortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous,

Aldrich - 203610 Page 9 of 12



and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., Anorexia., Vomiting, Convulsions, Nausea, Headache, Weakness, anemia

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# **12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 0.1 mg/l -

Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia

and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.13 mg/l - 48 h

Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

Toxicity to algae static test EC10 - Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom) - 0.0294

> mq/l - 96 hRemarks: (ECHA)

semi-static test NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) -Toxicity to

fish(Chronic toxicity) 1.33 mg/l - 7 d

Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia semi-static test NOEC - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 0.0224 and other aquatic

mq/l - 7 dinvertebrates(Chronic (US-EPA)

toxicity)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Biodegradability

Result: - According to the results of tests of biodegradability this

product is not readily biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

Aldrich - 203610

Page 10 of 12



#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

DOT (US)

UN number: 2291 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Lead compounds, soluble, n.o.s. (lead(II) oxide)

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Marine pollutant: yes Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: 2291 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A

Proper shipping name: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (lead(II) oxide)

Marine pollutant : yes Marine pollutant : yes

**IATA** 

UN number: 2291 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s. (lead(II) oxide)

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **SARA 302 Components**

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

#### **SARA 313 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Aldrich - 203610

Page 11 of 12



lead(II) oxide	CAS-No. 1317-36-8	Revision Date 2007-03-01
SARA 311/312 Hazards Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard		
Massachusetts Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
lead(II) oxide	1317-36-8	2007-03-01
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components lead(II) oxide	CAS-No. 1317-36-8	Revision Date 2007-03-01
California Prop. 65 Components , which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.lead(II) oxide	CAS-No. 1317-36-8	Revision Date 2007-09-28

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Further information**

The information is believed to be correct but is not exhaustive and will be used solely as a guideline, which is based on current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and is applicable to appropriate safety precautions for the product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

Copyright 2020 Sigma-Aldrich Co. LLC. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.

The branding on the header and/or footer of this document may temporarily not visually match the product purchased as we transition our branding. However, all of the information in the document regarding the product remains unchanged and matches the product ordered. For further information please contact mlsbranding@sial.com.

Version: 6.9 Revision Date: 03/07/2024 Print Date: 05/12/2024

Aldrich - 203610

