Enzymatic Assay of LIPOPROTEIN LIPASE (EC 3.1.1.34)

PRINCIPLE:

PNPB + H₂O LPL > p-Nitrophenol + Butyric Acid

Abbreviations used: PNPB = p-Nitrophenyl Butyrate LPL = Lipoprotein Lipase

CONDITIONS: $T = 37^{\circ}C$, pH = 7.2, A_{400nm} , Light path = 1 cm

METHOD: Continuous Spectrophotometric Rate Determination

REAGENTS:

A. 100 mM Sodium Phosphate Buffer with 150 mM Sodium Chloride and 0.5% (v/v) Triton¹ X-100, pH 7.2 at 37°C.

(Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using Sodium Phosphate, Monobasic, Anhydrous, Sigma Prod. No. S-0751, Sodium Chloride, Sigma Prod. No. S-9625 and Triton¹ X-100, Sigma Stock. No. X-100. Adjust to pH 7.2 at 37°C with 1 M NaOH.)

- B. Acetonitrile (Use Acetonitrile, Sigma Prod. No. A-3396.)
- C. 50 mM p-Nitrophenyl Butyrate (PNPB) (Prepare 1.0 ml in Reagent B using p-Nitrophenyl Butyrate, Sigma Prod. No. N-9876.)
- Lipoprotein Lipase Enzyme Solution
 (Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 60 70 units/ml of Lipoprotein Lipase in cold Reagent A.)

SPPNPB01.001 Page 1 of 3 Revised: 01/12/94

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PROCEDURE:

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable cuvettes:

	<u>Test</u>	<u>Blank</u>
Reagent A (Buffer)	0.90	0.90
Reagent D (Enzyme Solution)	0.10	0.10

Mix by inversion and equilibrate to 37° C. Monitor the A_{400nm} until constant, using a suitably thermostatted spectrophotometer. Then add:

Immediately mix by inversion and record the increase at A_{400nm} for approximately 5 minutes.² Obtain the ΔA_{400nm} /minute using the maximum linear rate for both the Test and Blank.

CALCULATIONS:

Units/ml enzyme =
$$\frac{(\Delta A_{400nm}/min \text{ Test - } \Delta A_{400nm}/min \text{ Blank})(1.01)(df)}{(0.0148) (0.1)}$$

1.01 = Volume (in milliliters) of assay

df = Dilution factor

0.0148 = Micromolar extinction coefficient³ of p-Nitrophenol at 400 nm

0.1 = Volume (in milliliter) of enzyme used

UNIT DEFINITION:

One unit will release 1.0 nanomole (10⁻⁹ mole) of p-nitrophenol per minute at pH 7.2 at 37°C using p-nitrophenyl butyrate as substrate.

SPPNPB01.001 Revised: 01/12/94

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FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:

In a 1.01 ml reaction mix the final concentrations are 99 mM sodium phosphate, 149 mM sodium chloride, 0.5% (v/v) Triton X-100, 0.50 mM p-nitrophenyl butyrate, 1% (v/v) acetonitrile and 6 - 7 units lipoprotein lipase.

REFERENCES:

Quinn, D.M., Shirai, K., Jackson, R.L., and Harmony, J.K., (1982) *Biochemistry* **21**, 6872-6879 Shirai, K. and Jackson, R. L. (1982) *Journal of Biological Chemistry* **257**, 1253-1258

NOTE:

- 1. Triton X-100 is a registered trademark of the Rohm and Haas Co.
- 2. The reaction is linear up to a ΔA_{400nm} /minute of 0.1.
- 3. The extinction coefficient is described in Quinn, D.M. et al. (1982).
- 4. This assay is based on the cited references.
- 5. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

This procedure is for informational purposes. For a current copy of Sigma's quality control procedure contact our Technical Service Department.

SPPNPB01.001 Page 3 of 3 Revised: 01/12/94