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Product Information

Organic Acid Metabolite Library of Standards Supplied by IROA Technologies, LLC.

Catalog Number **OAMLS** Storage Temperature –20 °C

Product Description

OAMLS™ (Organic Acid Metabolite Library of Standards) is a collection of high-quality organic acids that span a broad range of primary metabolism. These are high purity (>95%) compounds supplied in an economical, ready-to-use format.

The library is most commonly used to provide retention times and spectra for key metabolic compounds, help optimize analytical mass spectrometry protocols, and qualify and quantify mass spectrometry sensitivity and limit of detection.

OAMLS comes with MLSDiscovery™, a software tool to support the extraction, manipulation, and storage of the data generated when using the OAMLS. For further information on the software, to download, and for manual and video links please visit: http://www.sigmaaldrich.com/catalog/product/sigma/oamls

Components

OAMLS contains 96 unique small molecule organic acid metabolites, conveniently provided at 5 μ g per well, enough for multiple injections, suitable for manual and automated workflow.

Key primary metabolites and intermediates covering key metabolic pathways, including:

- carboxylic acids
- benzoic acids
- keto acids
- hydroxy acids

The library is intended to be used for mass spectrometry metabolomics applications and provides a broad representation of primary metabolism.

Occasionally the plate map will change due to the availability of compounds. Although we try to make sure the compounds of each row have distinct molecular weights and can be multiplexed, users should refer to the plate map before proceeding.

The plate map contains descriptors and represents information gathered from multiple databases. We try to ensure the accuracy of the data but it may contain errors. We suggest that the information provided is carefully reviewed. To help build a better database, please report any discrepancies.

OAMLS includes:

- 1 polypropylene plate in 96 well format
- 5 μg (dried weight) of each metabolite
- Polypropylene deepwell (1.2 mL, total volume per well) plates (MasterBlock[®], Greiner #780215) in combination with seals (VIEWseal[™], Greiner #676070)
- Plate map
- Alphanumeric assigned position
- Descriptors:

Name

Parent CID

KEGG ID where available or ChemSpider ID

molecular formula

molecular weight

CAS

ChEBI

HMDB ID/YMDB ID

PubChem Compound and Substance ID

Metlin ID

Precautions and Disclaimer

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

The following are suggestions and dependent on user chromatography and instrumentation

Rows A-H: Solubilize in ultrapure water. Pipette liquid up and down in the well 2-3 times to facilitate solubilization.

Pool compounds for multiplexing. Be sure to check the plate map to ensure one can adequately separate the compounds using the chromatographic system prior to pooling.

Storage/Stability

Store the plates at -20 °C.

Once the metabolites are dissolved, the plates should be resealed and kept at -20 °C or -80 °C for long-term storage and protected from light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Procedure

The compounds of the OAMLS can either be used as standards and injected individually or mixed in such a way that the entire library may be examined with reasonable efficiency. Mixing compounds by row mixtures allows multiple compounds to be analyzed per injection. Be sure to check the plate map to ensure one can adequately separate the compounds using the chromatographic system prior to pooling.

The following are only suggestions and depend on user chromatography and instrumentation.

- Individual injections As standards, each well represents a single compound; thus the entire library may be examined in great detail in 96 injections for each of the unique compounds. (Total volumes for each well of 250 μL 1 mL may be considered).
- 2. Simple multiplex injections: If each row of the plate is pooled, then the entire collection may be analyzed in 8 injections of simple mixtures. (Keep the well volume to 500 μ L or less to prevent loss due to dilution).

<u>Note</u>: Be sure to check the individual masses across plate rows to ensure these compounds can be separated with the chromatographic system employed.

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