Millipore.

#### User Guide

# MILLIPLEX® Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel

96-Well Plate Assay

#### **HNABTMAG-68K**

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## Introduction

Alzheimer's disease (AD), a progressive neurodegenerative disorder, is the most common cause of dementia among the elderly. AD afflicts approximately 36 million people worldwide and is the sixth leading cause of death in the U.S. Patients with AD suffer from memory loss and cognitive decline which increases in severity as the disease progresses. Two key neuropathological features that exemplify AD are extracellular Amyloid  $\beta$  (A $\beta$ ) plaques and intracellular neurofibrillary tangles, which are composed of the abnormally hyperphosphorylated protein Tau. Amyloid β refers to the short peptides that are released into circulation following the proteolysis of the transmembrane protein amyloid precursor protein (APP), whose function is unclear but thought to be involved in neuronal development and function. The most common peptides generated from APP cleavage are Aβ1-40 and Aβ1-42, with the latter isoform implicated in the formation of toxic oligomers, fibrils, and plagues in the diseased brain. Reduced levels of soluble A\(\beta\)1-42 in the cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) are associated with AD, leading to the adoption of this peptide as an AD biomarker. Tau proteins play an important role in the assembly of tubulin monomers into a neuronal microtubule network involved in maintaining the cell shape and facilitating axonal transport. Increased levels of total Tau in the CSF are associated with neurodegeneration, while the presence of phosphorylated Tau in the CSF is associated with neurofibrillary tangles in AD.

The MILLIPLEX® portfolio offers the broadest selection of analytes across a wide range of disease states and species. Once the analytes of interest have been identified, you can rely on the quality that we build into each kit to produce results you can trust. In addition to the assay characteristics listed in the protocol, other performance criteria evaluated during the verification process include: cross-reactivity, dilution linearity, kit stability, and sample behavior (for example, detectability and stability).

#### Each MILLIPLEX® panel and kit includes:

- Quality controls (QCs) provided to qualify assay performance
- Comparison of standard (calibrator) and QC lots to a reference lot to ensure lot-to-lot consistency
- Detection antibody cocktails designed to yield consistent analyte profiles within panel

In addition, each panel and kit meets stringent manufacturing criteria to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility. The MILLIPLEX® Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel thus enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of your research. Coupled with the Luminex® xMAP® platform in a magnetic bead format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

The MILLIPLEX® Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel is part of the most versatile system available for neurodegenerative disease research. From our single to multiplex biomarker solutions, we partner with you to design, develop, analytically verify and build the most comprehensive library available for protein detection and quantitation.

#### MILLIPLEX® products offer you:

- The ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 4 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs.
- A convenient "all-in-one" box format that gives you the assurance that you will
  have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

The MILLIPLEX® Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel is a 4-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) samples: Amyloid beta 1-40 (Aβ40), Amyloid beta 1-42 (Aβ42), Total Tau proteins (tTau), and Phosphorylated Tau Thr181 (pTau181).

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. Please read entire protocol before use. It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

## **Principle**

MILLIPLEX® products are based on the Luminex® xMAP® technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex®-C microspheres.

- Luminex® products use proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500-5.6  $\mu$ m polystyrene microspheres or 80-6.45  $\mu$ m magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- The following Luminex® instruments can be used to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
  - The Luminex® analyzers Luminex® 200™, FLEXMAP 3D®, and xMAP® INTELLIFLEX are flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP® detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
  - The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzer (MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP<sup>®</sup> capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.

- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is
  quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. We combine the streamlined
  data acquisition power of Luminex® xPONENT® acquisition software with
  sophisticated analysis capabilities of MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1, integrating data
  acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex® instruments.
- xMAP® INTELLIFLEX runs on INTELLIFLEX software for instrument control, run
  setup and generating high quality data with flexible output options. Data can be
  exported in xPONENT® style CSV files for compatibility with many existing
  analytical applications, or in the new, customizable INTELLIFLEX file format. The
  INTELLIFLEX file format is intended for flexibility and simplicity, allowing the user
  to freely select which data points to include and to reduce the time to analysis.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP® technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

## Storage Conditions Upon Receipt

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2–8 °C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.

# Reagents Supplied

Store all reagents at 2-8 °C

Reagents	Volume	Quantity	Cat. No.
ABeta and Tau Standard	Lyophilized	1 vial	HABT-8068
ABeta and Tau Quality Controls 1 and 2	Lyophilized	1 vial each	HABT-6068
Bead Diluent	3.5 mL	1 bottle	LBD-7
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers	-	1 set	-
Assay Buffer	30 mL	1 bottle	L-AB5
10X Wash Buffer*	60 mL	1 bottle	L-WB
ABeta and Tau Detection Antibodies	3.2 mL	1 bottle	HABT-1068
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	3.2 mL	1 bottle	MC-SAPE1
Mixing Bottle	-	1 bottle	-

<sup>\*</sup> Contains 0.05% Proclin

Included Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel Antibody-Immobilized Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel.

# Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Magnetic Bead Panel Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

	Luminex® Magnetic		nizable 4 Analytes scentration, 200 µL)
Bead/Analyte Name	Bead Region	Available	Cat. No.
Anti-Human Aβ40 Bead	27	•	HABTAB40-MAG
Anti-Human Aβ42 Bead	36	•	HAB42-MAG
Anti-Human tTau Bead	43	•	HABTTTAU-MAG
Anti-Human pTau 181 Bead	66	•	HABTPTAU-MAG

## Materials Required (not included)

#### Reagents

MAGPIX® Drive Fluid PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50030), xMAP® Sheath Fluid PLUS (Cat. No 40-50021), or xMAP® Sheath Concentrate PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50023).

#### Instrumentation/Materials

- Adjustable pipettes with tips capable of delivering 25 μL to 1000 μL
- Multichannel pipettes capable of delivering 5 μL to 50 μL, or 25 μL to 200 μL
- Reagent reservoirs
- Polypropylene microfuge tubes
- Rubber bands
- Aluminum foil
- Absorbent pads
- · Laboratory vortex mixer
- Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model No. B200 or equivalent)
- Titer plate shaker (Lab-Line Instruments Model No. 4625 or equivalent)
- Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software or xMAP® INTELLIFLEX with INTELLIFLEX software by Luminex® Corporation.
- Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096, 40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (Cat. No. 40-285 or equivalent).

**Note:** If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a vacuum filtration unit (Vacuum Manifold, Cat. No. MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with Vacuum Pump, Cat. No. WP6111560 or equivalent).

# Safety Precautions

- All blood components and/or biological materials should be handled as
  potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers
  for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health
  Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative.
   Although the concentrations are low, Sodium azide and Proclin may react with
   lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of
   unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and
   local regulations.

## Symbol Definitions

Ingredient	Cat. No.	Label	
ABeta and Tau Standard	HABT-8068	(1) (±)	<b>Warning.</b> Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
ABeta and Tau Quality Controls 1 and 2	HABT-8068	(!) (**)	<b>Warning.</b> Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB	<b>(</b>	Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves.  IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Streptavidin- Phycoerythrin	MC-SAPE1	<b>(!</b> >	Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

## Technical Guidelines

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at ≤ -20 °C for 1 month and at ≤ -80 °C for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8 °C for up to one month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however,
  the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or
  an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8 °C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading,
  agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay
  in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.

- When reading the assay on the Luminex® 200™ instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX® instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
- For the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150  $\mu$ L Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75  $\mu$ L should be aspirated.
- For the xMAP® INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type
  of plate you are using, place an alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the
  well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex®.
- For CSF samples that require further dilution beyond 1:2, use the Assay Buffer provided in the kit.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

# Sample Collection and Storage

#### **Preparation of CSF Samples**

- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely then mix well by vortexing briefly immediately before dilution.
- CSF samples should be diluted 1:2 in Assay Buffer provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 40 μL of CSF may be combined with 40 μL of Assay Buffer. When further dilution beyond 1:2 is required, use Assay Buffer as the diluent.
- Keep samples on ice throughout assay and vortex briefly before adding to wells.

#### NOTE:

- A maximum of 25 µL per well of diluted CSF can be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.

## Preparation of Reagents for Immunoassay

### **Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads**

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150  $\mu$ L from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Bead Diluent. Vortex the mixed beads well. Unused portion may be stored at 2-8 °C for up to one month.

(**Note:** Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

Example 1: When using 2 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu$ L from each of the 2 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 2.70 mL Bead Diluent.

Example 2: When using 4 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu$ L from each of the 4 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 2.40 mL Bead Diluent.

### **Preparation of Quality Controls**

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Transfer the reconstituted Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 into two polypropylene microfuge tubes. Unused portion may be stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C for up to one month.

### Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at  $2-8~^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to one month.

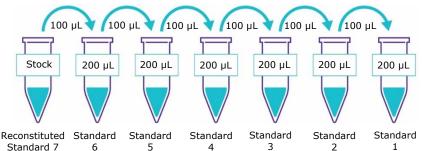
#### Preparation of Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Standard

- 1. Prior to use, reconstitute the Human Amyloid Beta and Tau Standard with  $250~\mu L$  deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Transfer the reconstituted standard to a polypropylene microfuge tube. This will be used as Standard 7; the unused portion may be stored at  $\le$  -20 °C for up to one month.
- 2. Preparation of Working Standards Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 1 through Standard 6. Add 200  $\mu L$  of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100  $\mu L$  of the reconstituted standard to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 6 to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 5 to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 3 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 3 to the Standard 2 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 3 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well and transfer 100  $\mu L$  of Standard 2 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard No.	Add Deionized Water (µL)	Add Standard (volume)
Standard 7	250	0

Standard No.	Add Assay Buffer (µL)	Add Standard (volume)
Standard 6	200	100 μL of Standard 7
Standard 5	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 6
Standard 4	200	100 μL of Standard 5
Standard 3	200	100 μL of Standard 4
Standard 2	200	100 μL of Standard 3
Standard 1	200	100 μL of Standard 2

## **Preparation of Standards**



Standard	Αβ4 <b>0</b> (pg/mL)	Aβ42 (pg/mL)	tTau (pg/mL)	pTau 181 (pg/mL)
Standard 1	21	3	11	0.7
Standard 2	62	8	33	2.1
Standard 3	185	25	99	6.2
Standard 4	556	74	296	18.5
Standard 5	1,667	222	889	55.6
Standard 6	5,000	667	2,667	166.7
Standard 7	15,000	2,000	8,000	500

# Immunoassay Procedure

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), Standard 1 through 7], Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration.

(**Note:** Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.

- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.
- Add 200 µL of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
- Add 25 μL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL standard (Background).
- 4. Vortex diluted Sample briefly then add  $25~\mu L$  into the appropriate wells.
- Add 25 µL of Detection Antibodies to each well.
- Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 μL of the Mixed Beads to each well.
   (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
- Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker overnight (16-20 hours) at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- 8. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.

Add 200  $\mu L$  Assay Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT Decant

- Add 25 µL Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25 µL Assay Buffer to background wells
- Add 25 µL vortexed, diluted Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 µL Detection Antibodies to each well
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well



Incubate overnight (16-20 hours) at room temperature (20-25 °C)



Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

- 9. Add 25 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well.
- Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.
- Add 100 µL of Sheath Fluid PLUS (or Drive Fluid PLUS if using MAGPIX®) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
- 13. Run plate on Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software or xMAP® INTELLIFLEX with INTELLIFLEX Software.
- 14. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples. (Note: For diluted samples, final sample concentrations should be multiplied by the dilution factor. For samples diluted as per protocol instructions, multiply by 2. If using another dilution factor, multiple by the appropriate dilution factor.)

Add 25 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well



Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 100 µL Sheath Fluid PLUS or Drive Fluid PLUS per well

Read on Luminex® (50 μL, 50 beads per bead set)

# Plate Washing

#### Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- Handheld magnet (Cat. No. 40-285)
   Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 µL of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- Magnetic plate washer (Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096 and 40-097)
  Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate
  equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be
  approximately 25 μL of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when
  using the BioTek® plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated
  from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek® 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

Filter Plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

# **Equipment Settings**

Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software and xMAP® INTELLIFLEX with INTELLIFLEX Software:

These specifications are for the above listed instruments and software. Luminex instruments with other software (for example, MasterPlex , StarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex Manager , LABScan 100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, each instrument must be calibrated and performance verified with the indicated calibration and verification kits.

Instrument	Calibration Kit	Verification Kit
Luminex® 200™ and HTS	xPONENT® 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-CAL-K25)	Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-PVER-K25)
FLEXMAP 3D®	FLEXMAP 3D® Calibrator Kit (Cat. No. F3D-CAL-K25)	FLEXMAP 3D® Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. F3D-PVER-K25)
xMAP <sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX	xMAP® INTELLIFLEX Calibration Kit (Cat. No. IFX-CAL-K20)	xMAP® INTELLIFLEX Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. IFX-PVER-K20)
MAGPIX®	MAGPIX® Calibration Kit (Cat. No. MPX-CAL-K25)	MAGPIX® Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. MPX-PVER-K25)

**NOTE:** When setting up a Protocol using the  $xPONENT^{\otimes}$  software, you must select MagPlex $^{\otimes}$  as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

**NOTE:** These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex<sup>®</sup> IS 2.3 or Luminex<sup>®</sup> 1.7 software.

The Luminex® probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Cat. No. MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events	50, per bead	
Sample Size	50 μL	
Gate Settings	8,000 to 15,000	
Reporter Gain	Default (low PMT)	
Time Out	60 seconds	
Bead Set	Customizable 4-plex	Beads
Bead Set	Customizable 4-plex	Beads 27
Bead Set	· · ·	
Bead Set	Αβ40	27

# **Quality Controls**

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at our website <a href="SigmaAldrich.com">SigmaAldrich.com</a> using the catalogue number as the keyword.

# **Assay Characteristics**

## Cross-Reactivity

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

## Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

Analyte	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)
Αβ40	6.2	10.2
Αβ42	1.3	2.5
tTau	8.9	14.2
pTau 181	0.7	1.5

#### Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 8 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 8 different assays.

Analyte	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV
Αβ40	< 10%	< 15%
Αβ42	< 10%	< 15%
tTau	< 10%	< 15%
pTau 181	< 10%	< 15%

## Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in normal CSF samples (n=6).

Analyte	% Recovery in CSF Samples
Αβ 40	101
Αβ 42	109
tTau	98
pTau 181	91

# Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution					
	Plate washer aspirate height set too low	Adjust aspiration height according to manufacturers' instructions.					
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.					
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.					
Insufficient bead count	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on the Luminex® 200™ instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX® instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment discs. For the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated. When reading the assay on the xMAP® INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type of plate you are using, place an alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex®.					
De alemana d	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.					
Background is too high	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (for example, interleukin modified tissue culture medium).					
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.					

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution					
	Luminex <sup>®</sup> instrument not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex® instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by > 3 °C.					
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex® instruments (for example, Bio-Plex®) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.					
Beads not	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.					
in region or gate	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents of if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.					
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex® instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with Sheath Fluid PLUS or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.					
	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.					
Signal for	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.					
whole plate is same as background	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.					
Low signal	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.					
curve	Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	Assay conditions need to be checked.					
Signals too high, standard curves are	Calibration target value set too high	With some Luminex® instruments (for example, Bio-Plex®) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.					
saturated	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	Use shorter incubation time.					

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution					
	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.					
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.					
	Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	See above.					
	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated	Calibrate pipettes.					
	Plate washing was not uniform	Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps.					
High variation	Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances	See above.					
in samples and/or standards	Plate agitation was insufficient	Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.					
	Cross-well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.					

## FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution					
	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.					
Filter plate will not vacuum	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up and use supernatant.					
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.					
	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.					
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.					
Plate leaked	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.					
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.					
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.					
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.					

# **Product Ordering**

Replacement Reagents	Cat. No.			
ABeta and Tau Standard	HABT-8068			
ABeta and Tau Quality Controls	HABT-6068			
Bead Diluent	LBD-7			
ABeta and Tau Detection Antibodies	HABT-1068			
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	MC-SAPE1			
Assay Buffer	L-AB5			
Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers	MAG-PLATE			
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB			

## **Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads**

Analyte	Bead No.	Cat. No.
Aβ40 Bead	27	HABTAB40-MAG
Aβ42 Bead	36	HAB42-MAG
tTau Bead	43	HABTTTAU-MAG
pTau 181 Bead	66	HABTPTAU-MAG

# Well Map

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
В	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
С	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
Е	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
Н	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									

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HNABTMAG-68K Rev 10/21