

92499 Triple Sugar Iron Agar (TSI Agar)

Triple Sugar Iron Agar is recommended for identification of members of Enterobacteriaceae especially *Salmonella* species.

Composition:

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
Peptone	20.0
Meat extract	3.0
Yeast extract	3.0
Lactose	10.0
Sucrose	10.0
Glucose	1.0
Sodium chloride	5.0
Iron (III) citrate	0.3
Sodium thiosulfate	0.3
Phenol red	0.024
Agar	12.0
Final pH 7.4 +/- 0.2 at 25°C	

Store dehydrated powder, in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers at 2-25°C.

Directions:

Dissolve 64.6g of powder in 1 L of distilled water and bring to boiling. Dispense into tubes and sterilize at 121°C for 15 minutes. Leave to solidify with short slant and good butts.

Note: Use the medium in slanted tubes with good depth and short slant. Inoculate by streaking on surface and stabbing deeply. It is advisable to use tubes with cotton plugs, in order to allow a re-oxidation of the indicator. If screw caps are used, they must be loose.

Principle and Interpretation:

This medium is a modification from the Kligler Agar. Sucrose has been added to differentiate *Proteus* and *Hafnia* (sucrose positive) from *Salmonella* and *Shigella* (sucrose negative).

Peptone, meat extract and yeast extract act as a source of nitrogen, sulfur, carbon, vitamins and minerals. Lactose, Sucrose and Glucose are the fermentable carbohydrates. Due to the building of acid during fermentation the pH falls. In case of oxidative decarboxylation of peptone alkaline products are built and the pH rises. This is indicated by the phenol red, which changes its colour in acidic surroundings from red-orange to yellow, on alkalization it turns deep red. Sodium chloride is for the osmotic balance. Gas production (CO₂) is detected by the presence of cracks or bubbles in the medium, when the accumulated gas escapes.

The H₂S-positive bacteria reduce the sulfite in the culture medium to sulfide, which reacts with iron. Due to this reaction a black precipitate (FeS) is formed.

Triple Sugar Iron Agar should may be used in parallel with Urea Broth (Prod No 51463) to distinguish between *Salmonella* and *Proteus* species.

Some members of the Enterobacteriaceae and H₂S producing *Salmonella* may not be H₂S positive on Triple Sugar Iron Agar. Some bacteria may show H₂S production on Kligler Agar (Prod No 60787) but not on Triple Sugar Iron Agar. This can happen because of sucrose in the medium, which suppresses the enzymatic pathway that results in H₂S production.



Organism	Butt	Slant surface	H ₂ S	
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i>	AG	A	-	
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	AG	A	-	
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i>	AG	A	+	dirty black green
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	AG (A**)	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Morganella morganii</i>	AG	ALK	-	
<i>Providencia rettgeri</i>	A (ALK)	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i>	A	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Shigella sonnei</i>	A	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Shigella schmitzii</i>	A	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Shigella boydii</i>	A	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Shigella flexneri</i>	A	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Dispar</i>	A	A	-	
<i>Salmonella typhi</i>	A	NC or ALK	+	Butt black
<i>Salmonella typhosa</i>	A	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella enterica</i>	AG	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella pullorum</i>	AG	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella gallinarum</i>	A	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella paratyphi A</i>	AG	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Salmonella paratyphi B</i>	AG	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella enteritidis</i>	AG	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>	AG	NC or ALK	+	
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	AG	A	-	
<i>Citrobacter freundii</i>	AG	A	+	
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	A or AG	NC or ALK	-	
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	ALK	NC or ALK*	-	
<i>Alkaligenes faecalis</i>	ALK	NC or ALK	-	

AG = acid (yellow) and gas formation

A = acid (yellow)

NC = no change

ALK = alkaline (red)

+ = hydrogen sulphide (black)

- = no hydrogen sulphide (no black)

* may be pigment production

** some strains show may no gas production

Cultural characteristics after 18-48 hours at 35-37°C.

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth	Slant surface	Butt	Gas	H ₂ S
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> (29212)	++	yellow	red	-	-
<i>Escherichia coli</i> (25922)	+++	yellow	yellow	+	-
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> (43071)	+++	red	yellow	+	+
<i>Salmonella abony</i> (NCTC 6017)	+++	red	yellow	-/+	+
<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (14028)	+++	red	yellow	+	+
<i>Shigella sonnei</i> (9290)	+++	red	red	-	-
<i>Shigella flexneri</i> (12022)	+++	red	red	-	-

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Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

