



Inactive proteins?



Express active folded proteins with disulfide bonds in E. coli.

Codon bias?



Express mammalian proteins more efficiently in *E. coli* without tedious codon optimization. Use a bacterial host system that supplies 7 rare codon tRNAs.

Insoluble protein?

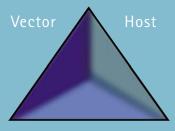


Fine tune your expression levels to avoid aggregation.

What a difference a strain makes!

Novagen competent cells embody the widest selection available for protein expression and offer fundamental strains for cloning applications. We verify the phenotype and purity of each strain and guarantee its transformation efficiency. To meet your needs for maximized yield and activity of target proteins, we offer expression strains that allow stringent control over basal expression levels, enable disulfide bond formation in the cytoplasm, and alleviate codon usage incompatibilities. Chemically competent NovaBlue strains are an excellent choice for routine cloning. For cloning applications that require highest transformation efficiencies, our electrocompetent cell strains have a genotype optimized to construct large, complex libraries. See for yourself what a difference a strain makes!

Features Determining **Vector-Host Compatibility**



Growth Conditions

Three factors influence protein expression: the expression vector, host cell, and growth/induction conditions. Changing one or more of these factors can dramatically influence expression levels and target protein solubility.

Vector-Host Relationship

Any number of systems may be suitable for expression of analytical amounts of some proteins for screening, yet only one combination of vector, host strain, and culture conditions may work best for other proteins, for activity assays, and for larger-scale production. If you need a high yield of active protein, it is worth testing a matrix of vector, host, and culture conditions to find the optimal result. To do this, it helps to know more about the target protein and also to empirically determine expression optima by using Novagen competent cell sets, Quarters[™] Competent Cells and QuarterPack[™] Competent Cell Arrays.

Vector-Host Compatibility

You can use Novagen host strains with many different expression vectors, as long as the plasmid replicon and antibiotic-resistance markers are distinct from corresponding elements carried by the host.

Protein Expression Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Possible Problem	Solution	Suggested Host					
No protein Truncated protein	E. coli codon usage (codon bias)	Supply rare tRNAs	Rosetta™ Rosetta 2 Rosetta-gami™ 2 Rosetta-gami B RosettaBlue					
Insoluble protein	Reduction of disulfide bonds	Minimize reduction in cytoplasm	Origami™ 2 Rosetta-gami 2 Rosetta-gami B					
misorable protein	Too much expression	Attenuate expression (titrate IPTG)	Tuner™ Rosetta-gami B					
No activity	Misfolded protein	Minimize reduction in cytoplasm	Origami™ 2 Rosetta-gami 2 Rosetta-gami B					
No activity	iviisiolaea proteiri	Attenuate expression (titrate IPTG)	Tuner Rosetta-gami B					
Cell death	Toxic protein	More stringent control over basal expression	pLysS hosts					
No colonies	High basal expression	More stringent control over basal expression	pLysS hosts					



Expression

A variety of expression hosts

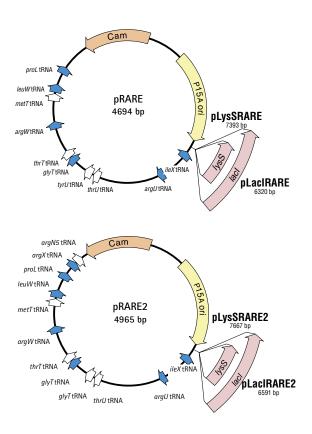
Expression host strains in many different versions can be used with a variety of protein expression systems. For production of protein from target genes cloned in T7 expression vectors, lysogens of λ DE3 carry a chromosomal copy of the T7 RNA polymerase gene under the control of the *lacUV5* promoter. Look for a strain having a pLysS designation; these hosts carry a plasmid that encodes T7 lysozyme, a natural inhibitor of T7 RNA polymerase. Use these strains to suppress basal expression of T7 RNA polymerase before induction, and thereby, stabilize recombinants in pET, pRSF, and pCDF and pCOLA vectors, which encode target proteins that affect cell growth and viability. For expression from *E. coli* promoters such as *tac*, *lac*, *trc*, and p_L , or for T7-based expression by infection with λ CE6, versions of these host strains that lack T7 RNA Polymerase also are available.

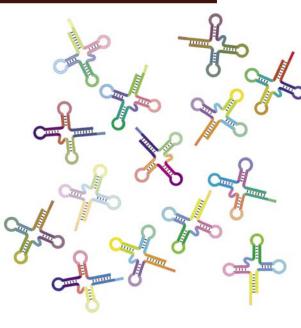
BL21-still the gold standard

For routine protein expression, BL21 is an ideal starting point. First commercialized in 1990, the Novagen BL21 strain has remained the gold standard among expression hosts ever since. BL21 and its derivatives are deficient in both *lon* and *ompT* proteases (1). The parental strain, **B834** is a methionine auxotroph that allows high specific activity labeling of target proteins with ³⁵S-methionine or selenomethionine for crystallography studies (2). BLR, the recA⁻ derivative of BL21, may help stabilize target plasmids containing repetitive sequences or whose products may cause the loss of the DE3 prophage (3, 4). TunerTM, the lacZY deletion mutant of BL21, enables adjustable levels of protein expression throughout all cells in a culture. Its lac permease (lacY) mutation allows uniform entry of IPTG into all cells in the population, which produces a concentrationdependent, homogeneous level of induction. By adjusting the IPTG concentration, expression can be regulated from very low levels up to robust, fully induced levels commonly associated with pET hosts. Lower level expression may enhance the solubility and activity of difficult target proteins.

Seven rare tRNAs

Rosetta[™] and Rosetta 2 host strains are BL21 derivatives designed to enhance the expression of eukaryotic proteins that contain codons rarely used in *E. coli*. By supplying these rare tRNAs, the Rosetta strains provide for "universal" translation, which would otherwise be limited by the codon usage of *E. coli*. The original Rosetta strains carry the pRARE plasmid (5) and supply tRNAs for the codons AUA, AGG, AGA, CUA, CCC, and GGA on a chloramphenicol-resistant plasmid. Rosetta 2 strains carry the pRARE2 plasmid and supply a seventh rare tRNA for CGG. In the pLysS and pLacI derivatives of these strains, the rare tRNA genes are present on the same plasmids that carry the T7 lysozyme and *lac* repressor genes, respectively.





Rare codo	ns in <i>E. co</i>	oli	
Amino acid	Codon	Fraction in all genes ⁶	Fraction in Class II ⁷
Arg	AGG	0.022	0.003
Arg	AGA	0.039	0.006
Arg	CGG	0.098	0.008
Arg	CGA	0.065	0.011
Arg	CGU	0.378	0.643
Arg	CGC	0.398	0.330
Gly	GGG	0.151	0.044
Gly	GGA	0.109	0.020
Gly	GGU	0.337	0.508
Gly	GGC	0.403	0.428
lle	AUA	0.073	0.006
lle	AUU	0.507	0.335
lle	AUC	0.420	0.659
Leu	UUG	0.129	0.034
Leu	UUA	0.131	0.055
Leu	CUG	0.496	0.767
Leu	CUA	0.037	0.008
Leu	CUU	0.104	0.056
Leu	CUC	0.104	0.080
Pro	CCG	0.525	0.719
Pro	CCA	0.191	0.153
Pro	CCU	0.159	0.112
Pro	CCC	0.124	0.016

REFERENCES

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- Leahy, D. J., Hendrickson, W. A., Aukhil, I., and Erickson, H. P. (1992) Science 258, 987–991.
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- Henaut, A. and Danchin, A. (1996) in Escherichia coli and Salmonella typhimurium Cellular and Molecular Biology, Vol. 2, (Neidhardt, F., Curtiss III, R., Ingraham, J., Lin, E., Low, B., Magasanik, B., Reznikoff, W., Riley, M., Schaechter, M., and Umbarger, H., eds), pp. 2047–2066, American Society for Microbiology, Washington, DC.

Enhanced disulfide bond formation

Origami™ 2 host strains are K-12 derivatives that have mutations in both the thioredoxin reductase (*trxB*) and glutathione reductase (*gor*) genes, which greatly enhance disulfide bond formation in the cytoplasm. Unlike the original Origami strains, the Origami 2 strains are kanamycin sensitive; like the original strains, the *gor* mutation is still selected for by tetracycline. To reduce the possibility of disulfide bond formation between molecules, hosts containing the *trxB/gor* mutation are recommended only for the expression of proteins that require disulfide bond formation for proper folding.

Origami B host strains are derived from a *lacZY* mutant of BL21 to enable precise control of expression levels by adjusting the concentration of IPTG. In addition to *trxB/gor* mutantions these strains include the *lon* and *ompT* deficiencies of BL21 which increase protein stability.

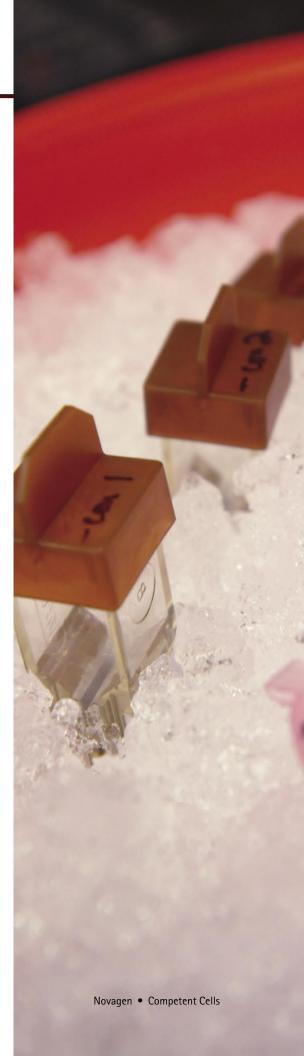
Rosetta-gami[™] 2 host strains combine the advantages of Rosetta[™] 2 and Origami 2 strains to alleviate codon bias and enhance disulfide bond formation in the cytoplasm when heterologous proteins are expressed in *E. coli*. These *trxB/gor* mutants are compatible with kanamycin-resistant vectors, and carry the chloramphenicol-resistant pRARE2 plasmid, which supplies seven rare

tRNAs.

Cloning

High-efficiency electrocompetent cells

NovaXG and NovaXGF' Zappers™ Electrocompetent Cells combine favorable genotype with high transformation efficiency for the most demanding cloning applications. NovaXG features deletion of genes involved in restriction of methylated DNA, $[\Delta(mcrC-mrr)]$, and recA endA mutations, which facilitate high yields of excellent quality plasmid DNA. The $lacZ \Omega$ fragment is expressed from the chromosome and allows blue/white screening for recombinants by *lacZ* α-complementation with appropriate vectors. NovaXGF' cells have the same genotype as NovaXG, but harbor an F' which confers tetracycline resistance and allows for infection by M13 for ssDNA production. Because the F' carries the *lacI*^q repressor gene, addition of IPTG is required for blue/white screening of recombinants in these cells. Both strains are manufactured for high transformation efficiency (> 1×10^{10} cfu/µg) by electroporation to deliver a maximum number of transformants, which is especially important when working with limited amounts of DNA or when constructing large or complex libraries. The cells are packaged in a convenient two transformations per tube format to minimize thawing of excess cells.



Chemically competent cells

NovaBlue Competent Cells are designed for ultimate convenience and reliability in plasmid transformation. NovaBlue is a K-12 strain ideally suited as an initial cloning host due to its high transformation efficiency, blue/white screening capability (with appropriate plasmids), and recA endA mutations, which result in high yields of excellent-quality plasmid DNA. The cells are grown and made chemically competent by an optimized procedure. Select NovaBlue GigaSingles[™] for applications requiring higher transformation efficiencies or NovaBlue Singles[™] for more routine cloning applications. Veggie™ NovaBlue Singles are maintained and manufactured with media and reagents derived from nonanimal sources, making these cells ideally suited for applications in which animal-free materials are desired. NovaBlue T1^R have the same features as NovaBlue Singles, with the added benefit of being resistant to T1 and T5 phage.

NovaBlue Competent Cells Format	Transformation Efficiency (cfu/μg)	Reaction Size	Application
GigaSingles™	> 1 × 10 ⁹	50 μΙ	High-efficiency cloning
Singles™	> 1.5 × 10 ⁸	50 μΙ	Routine cloning
Veggie™	> 1.5 × 10 ⁸	50 μΙ	Applications requiring nonanimal-derived materials Routine cloning
HT96™	> 1.0 × 10 ⁸	96 x 20 μl	High-throughput cloning
T1 ^R	> 1.5 × 10 ⁸	50 μΙ	T1/T5 Phage resistant Routine cloning

Overnight Express

High-level protein expression without the need to monitor cell growth

Two Overnight Express[™] Autoinduction

Systems are available, both featuring high-level protein production in the pET and other IPTG-inducible bacterial expression systems without the need to monitor cell growth or add an inducer. Cell mass and target protein yield are often increased several-fold as compared with conventional protocols using induction with IPTG.

Overnight Express Protocol

- Prepare medium
- Inoculate with a single colony
- Incubate 8 to 24 hours
- Harvest target protein

Features

- High cell densities and protein expression levels
- No need to monitor cell growth rate or add inducer
- Ideal for pET Expression System or other IPTGinducible bacterial systems
- Induction of numerous expression clones simultaneously
- Compatible with cultures grown in flasks, culture tubes, and deep-well plates
- Minimal sample handling
- Minimal lot-to-lot variability

Additional features of Overnight Express Autoinduction System 2

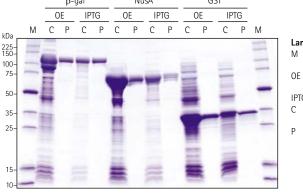
- Complete chemically defined medium
- Ideal for selenomethionine labeling of proteins to be crystallized for x-ray diffraction studies

Product	Size	Cat. No.
Overnight Express™	1 kit*	71300-3
Autoinduction System 1	1 kit [†]	71300-4
Overnight Express	1 kit*	71366-3
Autoinduction System 2	1 kit [†]	71366-4

^{*}includes enough reagents to induce 1 liter

[†] includes enough reagents to induce 5 liters

Available separately:		
Product	Size	Cat. No.
L-Selenomethionine	250 mg	561505
L-Scienomethonne	1 g	



Sample

Perfect Protein™ Markers, 10–225 kDa

OE Overnight Express autoinduction

TG IPTG induction

Crude protein extract (equal volumes loaded) Purified target protein

(equal protein mass loaded)

Expression and purification of target proteins from cultures induced with Overnight Express versus IPTG

pET recombinants encoding β -gal, NusA, and GST His \bullet Tag $^{\odot}$ fusion proteins were transformed into BL21(DE3). Protein expression was induced in parallel cultures either by Overnight Express System 1 or 1 mM IPTG. Cells were harvested by centrifugation and extracted with BugBuster $^{\odot}$ HT Protein Extraction Reagent plus rlysozyme $^{\odot}$ Solution. Equal volumes (7 μ I) of the extract were analyzed by SDS-PAGE (10–20% gradient gel) and Coomassie blue staining (C lanes). The remainder of the extract was used for robotic affinity purification using Ni-NTA His $^{\bullet}$ Bind $^{\odot}$ Resin. Samples (2 μ g) of the purified fraction were loaded on the gels (P lanes).



Antibiotics

Product	Size	Cat. No.
Carbenicillin	5 g	69101-3
Chloramphenicol	25 g 100 g 500 g	220551
Kanamycin Sulfate	5 g 25 q	420311
Tetracycline Hydrochloride	10 g 25 g 50 g	58346

Accessory Products

Product	Size	Cat. No.
CaliDallare™ Diating Boods	1 pkg	71013-3
ColiRollers™ Plating Beads	5 pkg	71013-4
Veggie™ Peptone	500 g	71280-3
Veggie Yeast Extract	500 g	71279-3
HT96 Isothermal Block		71195-3
100 mM IPTG Solution	15 ml	70527-3
X-Gal Solution	3 x 1 ml	71077-3

For more information about these products visit our website at www.merckbiosciences.com



Need a larger package size?

All of our competent cells, antibiotics, and Overnight Express™ Autoinduction Systems can be custom packaged to suit your needs. Jusk ask us!

Optimized packaging



Novagen competent cells are featured in many different packaging formats. In addition to the Standard 0.2-ml volumes in 20- and 50-reaction kit sizes, several strains are available as Singles™ Competent Cells, single-use, 50-µl volumes for extra convenience and efficiency. Quarters™ Competent Cells consist of 24 wells in a 3 × 8-well configuration that makes up one "quarter" section of a 96-well plate. Each well contains 20 µl competent cells. Quarters sections are ideal for high-throughput screening using multiple strain genotypes for optimization of target protein expression. The BL21(DE3) expression strain and the NovaBlue cloning host are available as HT96™ configurations, which contain 20-µl volumes of competent cells per well in an automation-compatible, 96-well format. For other HT96 configurations or other special packaging needs, contact our Bulk Department.

Host Features Determining Vector Compatibility

Host Strain	Extrachromosomal Replicon(s) in Host	Host Drug Resistance(s)
pLysS-containing cells	P15A	Cam
pLacl-containing cells	P15A	Cam
Rosetta™	P15A	Cam
Rosetta 2	P15A	Cam
Origami™ 2	F	Tet + Str*
Rosetta-gami™ 2	P15A + F	Cam + Tet + Str*
Rosetta-gami	P15A + F	Cam + Kan + Tet+ Str*
BL21	none	none
NovaBlue	F	Tet
Origami B	none	Kan + Tet
RosettaBlue™	P15A + F	Cam + Tet
Rosetta-gami B	P15A	Cam + Kan + Tet
Tuner™	none	none
BLR	none	Tet
HMS174	none	Rif

These strains carry a mutation in ribosomal protein (rspL) conferring resistance to streptomycin; however, streptomycin is not necessary to maintain strain genotype.

Competent	Competent Cell Kit Configurations											
Kit Component	Standa	ard Kits	Sing	les™	Quarters	QuarterPack™ Array	ŀ	HT96™		Electrocompetent Cells		
	0.4 ml	1 ml	11 rxn	22 rxn			1 plate	4 plates	10 rxn	20 rxn		
Competent Cells	2 × 0.2 ml	5 × 0.2 ml	11 × 50 μl	22 × 50 μl	24 × 20 μl	$4 \times (24 \times 20 \mu I)$	96 × 20 μl	4 × (96 × 20 μl)	5 × 50 μl	10 × 50 μl		
Test Plasmid	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	10 μΙ	$2 \times 10 \mu$ l	10 μΙ	10 μΙ		
SOC Medium	2 × 2 ml	4 × 2 ml	2 × 2 ml	4 × 2 ml	2 × 2 ml	14 ml	14 ml	4 × 14 ml				
8-cap Strip					pkg/12	pkg/12	pkg/12	4 × (pkg/12)				
Reagent Reservoir					1	1	1	4				
HT96 Lids							1	4				

Protein Expression Strains	Subtype	Singles 11 reactions	Singles 22 reactions	Standard 0.4 ml	Standard 1.0 ml	Quarters™ 24 reactions	
							BULK!
3834	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			69041-3 69042-3	69041-4 69042-4		
BL21*	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS	70235-3 70236-3	70235-4 70236-4	69449-3 69450-3 69451-3	69449-4 69450-4 69451-4	71158-3 71159-3 71160-3	Need a larger package size?
BLR	(DE3)	70230 3	70230 +	69052-3 69053-3	69052-4 69053-4	71100 3	package size:
HMS174	(DE3)pLysS			69956-3 69452-3	69956-4 69452-4		Competent cells, antibiotics, and
	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			69453-3 69454-3	69453-4 69454-4		Overnight Express
Origami™ 2	(DE3)	71408-3	71408-4	71344-3 71345-3	71344-4 71345-4		autoinduction systems can be
Origami B	(DE3)pLysS	71409-3	71409-4	71346-3 70836-3	71346-4 70836-4	71162-3	custom packaged to suit your needs.
TM.	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			70837-3 70839-3	70837-4 70839-4	71163-3 71164-3	·
Rosetta™	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			70953-3 70954-3 70956-3	70953-4 70954-4 70956-4	71166-3 71167-3 71168-3	E-mail us today: customer.service@
Rosetta 2	(DE3)	71400-3	71400-4	71402-3 71397-3	71402-4 71397-4	71100-3	merckbio.com
RosettaBlue™	(DE3)pLysS	71401-3	71401-4	71403-3 71058-3	71403-4 71058-4		
	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			71059-3 71034-3	71059-4 71034-4		
Rosetta-gami™ 2	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			71350-3 71351-3 71352-3	71350-4 71351-4 71352-4		
losetta-gami B	(DE3)			71135-3 71136-3	71135-4 71136-4	71170-3 71171-3	
uner™	(DE3)pLysS			71137-3 70622-3	71137-4 70622-4	71172-3	
	(DE3) (DE3)pLysS			70623-3 70624-3	70623-4 70624-4		

Cloning Strain	Singles 11 rxn	Singles 22 rxn	GigaSingles™ 11 rxn	GigaSingles 22 rxn	Standard 0.4 ml	Standard 1.0 ml	HT96 1 plate	HT96 4 plates	Electrocompetent 10 rxn	Electrocompetent 20 rxn
NovaBlue	70181-3	70181-4	71227-3	71227-4	69825-3	69825-4	71011-3	71011-4		
NovaXG									71315-3	71315-4
NovaXGF'									71317-3	71317-4
NovaBlue T1 ^R	71318-3	71318-4								
Veggie™ NovaBlue	71251-3	71251-4	Veggie NovaBlue	Singles 11 rxn; \	Veggie NovaBlu	ue Singles 22 rxn				

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