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Product Information

MISSION® shRNA Mouse Gene Family Sets, DNA Format

Catalog Numbers **SM0121**, **SM0421**, and **SM2021** Storage Temperature –20 °C

TECHNICAL BULLETIN

Product Description

Small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) generated from short hairpin RNAs (shRNAs) are a powerful way to mediate gene specific RNA interference (RNAi) for extended periods of time in mammalian cells. The MISSION® product line is a viral-vector-based RNAi library against annotated mouse and human genes. MISSION shRNAs are expressed intracellularly after transduction with amphotropic lentivirus particles, allowing screening in a wide range of mammalian cell lines. In these cell lines, MISSION shRNA clones permit rapid, cost efficient loss-of-function and genetic interaction screens. These murine gene family sets were designed specifically for the most common mammalian model organism, the mouse. A collection of reviews that highlight the importance of each gene family set is included.

The MISSION shRNA Gene Family Sets contain shRNA clones that allow for high throughput loss-offunction and genetic interaction screens. Each MISSION shRNA clone is constructed within the lentivirus plasmid vector pLKO.1-puro. The pLKO.1-puro vector contains the ampicillin and puromycin antibiotic resistance genes for selection of inserts in bacterial or mammalian cells, respectively. The set consists of sequence-verified shRNA lentiviral plasmid DNA. Each target set consists of 3 or more constructs that have been designed against each target gene using a proprietary algorithm. Therefore, a range of gene silencing efficiencies, with at least one construct from each gene set being >70%, can be expected when using these clones. This allows one to examine the effect of loss of gene function over a large series of gene knockdown efficiencies. Each shRNA construct has been cloned and sequence verified to ensure a match to the target gene.

RNAi knockdown be achieved either with the plasmid DNA or the MISSION lentiviral delivery system. Target cell lines may be transfected with the purified plasmid for transient or stable gene silencing (puromycin selection).

In addition, self-inactivating replication incompetent viral particles can be produced in packaging cells (HEK 293T) by co-transfection with compatible packaging plasmids. Unlike murine-based MMLV or MSCV retroviral systems, lentiviral-based particles permit efficient infection and genomic integration of the specific shRNA construct into differentiated and non-dividing cells, such as neurons and dendritic cells, overcoming low transfection and integration difficulties when using these cell lines.

Please see the **Mouse Cell Type Table** for cell types that have been successfully infected by pLKO.1-puro based shRNA constructs.

Components

The individual constructs are provided as 40 μ L of frozen stocks containing an average of 2 μ g of plasmid DNA in Tris-EDTA (TE) buffer with amounts of DNA ranging from 400 ng to 4 μ g per well. Sets are provided in 96-well plates with a one dimensional barcode label on each plate and a CD containing plate map positions.

The hairpin sequence and other unique clone information may be obtained by searching the MISSION search database at www.sigma.com/yfg using: RefSeq accession numbers, e.g., NM_027088, unique clone identification numbers e.g., NM_027088.1-989s1c1, or TRC numbers, e.g., TRCN0000030720

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

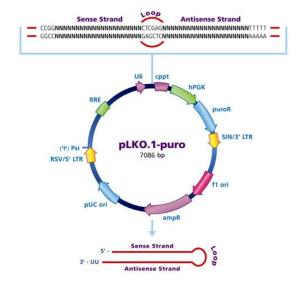
All components are stable for at least one year after receipt when stored at -20 °C.

| Catalog Number | Gene Family Set | Gene Count * | Clone Count * | Average Number Clones/Gene * |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| SM0121 | Kinases | 618 | 3916 | 6.3 |
| SM0421 | Phosphatases | 290 | 1734 | 6.0 |
| SM2021 | Tyrosine Kinases | 133 | 850 | 6.4 |

^{*}The MISSION production and bio-informatics team constantly reviews and quality controls clones available for a gene family set. These numbers are very close to the actual number that will be shipped, but each researcher will receive a final plate map indicating the location and exact TRCN clone numbers.

Features of Lentiviral Plasmid Vector pLKO.1-puro

| Name | Description | |
|---------------|--|--|
| U6 | U6 Promoter | |
| cppt | Central polypurine tract | |
| hPGK | Human phosphoglycerate kinase eukaryotic promoter | |
| puroR | Puromycin resistance gene for mammalian selection | |
| SIN/3' LTR | 3' self inactivating long terminal repeat | |
| f1 ori | f1 origin of replication | |
| ampR | Ampicillin resistance gene for bacterial selection | |
| pUC ori | pUC origin of replication | |
| 5' LTR | 5' long terminal repeat | |
| Psi | RNA packaging signal | |
| RRE | Rev response element | |



Control Selection Table

Sigma's recommended controls for any shRNA experiment are closely aligned with the controls suggested in the *Nature Cell Biology* editorial.⁴

| Recommended Control | Objective |
|---|--|
| Negative Control: Untreated Cells | Untreated cells will provide a reference point for comparing all other samples. |
| Negative Control: Transfection with empty vector, containing no shRNA insert | MISSION pLKO.1-puro Control Vector, Catalog Number SHC001 The empty vector, pLKO.1-puro, is a useful negative control that will not activate the RNAi pathway because it does not contain an shRNA insert. It will allow for observation of cellular effects of the transfection process and the delivery of the lentiviral vector. Cells transfected with the empty vector provide a useful reference point for comparing specific knockdown. |
| Negative Control: Transfection with non-targeting shRNA | MISSION Non-Target shRNA Control Vector, Catalog Number SHC002 This non-targeting shRNA vector is a useful negative control that will activate RISC and the RNAi pathway, but does not target any mouse genes. The short-hairpin sequence contains 5 base pair mismatches to any known mouse gene. This allows for examination of the effects of shRNA transfection on gene expression. Cells transfected with the non-target shRNA vector will also provide a useful reference for interpretation of knockdown. |
| Positive Control: Transfection with positive reporter vector | MISSION TurboGFP™ Control Vector, Catalog Number SHC003 This vector is a useful positive control for measuring transfection efficiency and optimizing shRNA delivery. The TurboGFP Control vector consists of the lentiviral backbone vector, pLKO.1-puro, containing a gene encoding TurboGFP, driven by the CMV promoter. Transfection of this vector provides fast visual confirmation of successful transfection and delivery. |
| Positive Control: Transfection with shRNA targeting reporter vector | MISSION TurboGFP shRNA Control Vector, Catalog Number SHC004 The TurboGFP shRNA vector consists of the pLKO.1-puro vector, containing shRNA that targets TurboGFP, and can be used as a positive control to quickly visualize knockdown. This TurboGFP shRNA Control Vector has been experimentally shown to reduce GFP expression by 99.6% in HEK 293T cells after 24 hours. Because this vector targets TurboGFP, and it does not target any mouse genes, it can also be used as a negative non-target control in shRNA experiments. |

Mouse Cell Type Table

The mouse cell types listed have been successfully infected by pLKO.1-puro based shRNA constructs

| Cell lines | Cell Type |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| NIH 3T3 | fibroblast |
| Primary cells | Cell Type |
| astrocytes | normal |
| C3H10T1/2 | mesenchymal |
| ECS | mouse embryonic stem cells |
| fibroblasts | mouse embryonic fibroblasts |
| MC3T3-E1 | mouse bone marrow derived |
| molar | mouse embryonic |
| mesenchymal | mesenchymal |

Reviews Indicating the Importance of Each of the Gene Family Sets:

Kinases

 Gomase, V.S. et al., Curr. Drug Metab., 9, 255-8 (2008).

Phosphatases

- 1. Hendriks, W.J. et al., Protein tyrosine phosphatases: functional inferences from mouse models and Murine diseases. *FEBS J.*, **275**, 816-30 (2008).
- Tremblay, M.L., and Giguère, V., Phosphatases at the heart of FoxO metabolic control. *Cell Metab.*, 7, 101-3 (2008)
- Heideker, J. et al., Phosphatases, DNA damage checkpoints and checkpoint deactivation. *Cell Cycle*, 6, 3058-64 (2007).
- Sawyer, T.K. et al., Protein phosphorylation and signal transduction modulation: chemistry perspectives for small-molecule drug discovery. *Med. Chem.*, 1, 293-319 (2005).

Tyrosine Kinases

- 1. Annerén, C., Tyrosine kinase signaling in embryonic stem cells. *Clin. Sci. (Lond)*, **115**, 43-55 (2008).
- Comoglio P.M. et al., Drug development of MET inhibitors: targeting oncogene addiction and expedience. Nat. Rev. Drug Discov., 7, 504-16 (2008).
- 3. Ren, H. et al., Receptor tyrosine kinases as therapeutic targets in malignant glioma cells. *Rev. Recent Clin. Trials*, **2**, 87-101 (2007).

References

- Stewart, S.A. et al., Lentivirus-delivered stable gene silencing by RNAi in primary cells. RNA, 9, 493-501 (2003).
- 2. Zufferey, R. et al., Multiply attenuated lentiviral vector achieves efficient gene delivery *in vivo. Nat. Biotechnol.*, **15**, 871-85 (1997).
- 3. Zufferey, R. et al., Self-inactivating lentivirus vector for safe and efficient *in vivo* gene delivery. *J Virol.*, **72**, 9873-80 (1998).
- 4. Whither RNAi? *Nature Cell Biology*, **5**, 489-490 (2003).

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