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Product Information

MLK3 (1-488), active, GST tagged, human PRECISIO® Kinase recombinant, expressed in *Sf*9 cells

Catalog Number **SRP5245** Storage Temperature –70 °C

Synonyms: MAP3K11, PTK1, SPRK, MLK3, MGC17114, MLK-3

Product Description

MLK3 or Mixed-Lineage Kinase 3 is a mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase capable of preferentially activating MAPK8/JNK kinase and functions as a positive regulator of JNK signaling pathway. 1 MLK3 can directly phosphorylate and activate IkappaB kinase α and β , and is found to be involved in the transcription activity of NF-kappaB mediated by Rho family GTPases and CDC42. MLK3 is a signal-integrating kinase with conventional MAP3K catalytic activity and additional noncatalytic functions that contribute to RAF/ERK signalling. 2 MLK3 is a component of the BRAF/RAF1 complex and is required for integrity of the complex and for activation of ERK by the complex.

Recombinant human MLK3 (1-488) was expressed by baculovirus in *Sf*9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The MLK3 gene accession number is NM_002419. Recombinant protein stored in 50 mM Tris-HCI, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 10 mM glutathione, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM PMSF, and 25% glycerol.

Molecular mass: ~83 kDa

Purity: 70-95% (SDS-PAGE, see Figure 1)

Specific Activity: 8-11 nmole/min/mg (see Figure 2)

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

The product ships on dry ice and storage at -70 °C is recommended. After opening, aliquot into smaller quantities and store at -70 °C. Avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Figure 1.SDS-PAGE Gel of Typical Lot 70–95% (densitometry)

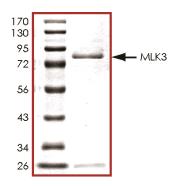
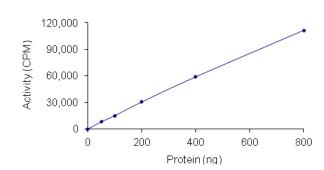


Figure 2.
Specific Activity of Typical Lot 8–11 nmole/min/mg



Procedure

Preparation Instructions

Kinase Assay Buffer – 25 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 12.5 mM glycerol 2-phosphate, 25 mM MgCl₂, 5 mM EGTA, and 2 mM EDTA. Just prior to use, add DTT to a final concentration of 0.25 mM.

Kinase Dilution Buffer – Dilute the Kinase Assay Buffer 5-fold with a 50 ng/μl BSA.

Kinase Solution – Dilute the active MLK3 (0.1 μ g/ μ l) with Kinase Dilution Buffer to the desired concentration. Note: The specific activity plot may be used as a guideline (see Figure 2). It is recommended the researcher perform a serial dilution of active MLK3 kinase for optimal results.

10 mM ATP Stock Solution – Dissolve 55 mg of ATP in 10 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer. Store in 200 μ l aliquots at –20 °C.

 γ -³³P-ATP Assay Cocktail (250 μM) – Combine 5.75 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer, 150 μl of 10 mM ATP Stock Solution, 100 μl of γ -³³P-ATP (1 mCi/100 μl). Store in 1 ml aliquots at –20 °C.

Substrate Solution – Dissolve the protein substrate in distilled water at a final concentration of 1 mg/ml.

1% phosphoric acid solution – Dilute 10 ml of concentrated phosphoric acid to a final volume of 1 L with water.

Kinase Assay

This assay involves the use of the ³³P radioisotope. All institutional guidelines regarding the use of radioisotopes should be followed.

- 1. Thaw the active MLK3, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate Solution, and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice. The γ -³³P-ATP Assay Cocktail may be thawed at room temperature.
- 2. In a pre-cooled microcentrifuge tube, add the following solutions to a volume of 20 μ l:

10 μl of Kinase Solution 5 μl of Substrate Solution 5 μl of cold water (4 °C)

- Set up a blank control as outlined in step 2, substituting 5 μl of cold water (4 °C) for the Substrate Solution.
- 4. Initiate each reaction with the addition of 5 μ l of the γ - 33 P-ATP Assay Cocktail, bringing the final reaction volume to 25 μ l. Incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30 °C for 15 minutes.
- After the 15 minute incubation, stop the reaction by spotting 20 μl of the reaction mixture onto an individually precut strip of phosphocellulose P81 paper.

- 6. Air dry the precut P81 strip and sequentially wash in the 1% phosphoric acid solution with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended the strips be washed a total of 3 times of ~10 minutes each.
- 7. Set up a radioactive control to measure the total γ - 33 P-ATP counts introduced into the reaction. Spot 5 μ l of the γ - 33 P-ATP Assay Cocktail on a precut P81 strip. Dry the sample for 2 minutes and read the counts. Do not wash this sample.
- 8. Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
- 9. Determine the corrected cpm by subtracting the blank control value (see step 3) from each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity

Calculations:

1. Specific Radioactivity (SR) of ATP (cpm/nmole)

SR =
$$\frac{\text{cpm of 5} \mu \text{l of } \gamma^{-33}\text{P-ATP Assay Cocktail}}{\text{nmole of ATP}}$$

cpm – value from control (step 7) nmole – 1.25 nmole (5 μl of 250 μM ATP Assav Cocktail)

2. Specific Kinase Activity (SA) (nmole/min/mg)

nmole/min/mg =
$$\Delta$$
cpm × (25/20)
SR × E × T

SR = specific radioactivity of the ATP (cpm/nmole ATP) Δ cpm = cpm of the sample – cpm of the blank (step 3) 25 = total reaction volume

20 = spot volume

T = reaction time (minutes)

E = amount of enzyme (mg)

References

- Ing, Y.L. et al., MLK-3: identification of a widelyexpressed protein kinase bearing an SH3 domain and a leucine zipper-basic region domain. Oncogene, 9, 1745-1750 (1994).
- Chadee, D.N. et al., MLK3 is required for mitogen activation of B-Raf, ERK and cell proliferation. Nature Cell Biol., 6, 770-776 (2004).

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