

**Human Diabetes Magnetic Bead Panel** 

96-Well Plate Assay

Cat. # HDIAB-34K-PMX5

#### MILLIPLEX® MAP

## HUMAN DIABETES MAGNETIC BEAD KIT 96-Well Plate Assay

#### # HDIAB-34K-PMX5

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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

By purchasing this product, which contains fluorescently labeled microsphere beads authorized by Luminex<sup>®</sup> Corporation ("Luminex<sup>®</sup>"), you, the customer, acquire the right under Luminex<sup>®</sup>'s patent rights, if any, to use this product or any portion of this product, including without limitation the microsphere beads contained herein, only with Luminex<sup>®</sup>'s laser based fluorescent analytical test instrumentation marketed under the name of Luminex<sup>®</sup> 100<sup>™</sup> IS, 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>.

## **Human Diabetes Magnetic Bead Panel**

#### INTRODUCTION

Metabolic syndrome is a cluster of conditions that include insulin resistance, glucose intolerance, hypertension, dyslipidemia and central obesity. Many metabolic hormones secreted from pancreatic islets, gastrointestinal tract and adipose tissues play important roles in the development of diabetes mellitus. There are two major forms of diabetes mellitus. Type I diabetes occurs when too little insulin is secreted from the beta cells of the pancreas. Type II diabetes, the most prevalent form, is established when prolonged conditions of metabolic syndrome exist. Adults with Type II diabetes have high circulating levels of glucose in their blood, leading to insulin resistance and dysregulation of various metabolic hormones. Consequently, other complications may arise, such as cardiovascular and kidney disease, along with peripheral neuropathy and skin ulcers.

MILLIPLEX® MAP offers the broadest selection of analytes across a wide range of disease states and species. Once the analytes of interest have been identified, you can rely on the quality that we build into each kit to produce results you can trust. In addition to the assay characteristics listed in the protocol, other performance criteria evaluated during the validation process include: cross-reactivity, dilution linearity, kit stability, and sample behavior (e.g. detectability and stability).

Each MILLIPLEX® MAP panel and kit includes:

- Quality controls (QCs) provided to qualify assay performance
- Comparison of standard (calibrator) and QC lots to a reference lot to ensure lot-to-lot consistency
- Optimized serum matrix to mimic native analyte environment
- Detection antibody cocktails designed to yield consistent analyte profiles within panel

In addition each panel and kit meets stringent manufacturing criteria to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility. The MILLIPLEX® MAP Diabetes Magnetic Bead panel enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of metabolic hormones. Coupled with the Luminex® xMAP® platform in a magnetic bead format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX® MAP Human Diabetes Magnetic Bead panel is the most versatile system available for Diabetes research.

 A convenient "all-in-one" box format gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX® MAP Diabetes Magnetic Bead Panel is a 5-plex pre-mixed kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of the following analytes in serum, plasma, tissue/cell lysates and culture supernatant samples: C-peptide, Active Glucagon-like Peptide-1 (GLP-1), Glucagon, Insulin, and Leptin.

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Please read entire protocol before use.

It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

#### PRINCIPLE

MILLIPLEX® MAP is based on the Luminex® xMAP® technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic bead (MagPlex®-C and non-magnetic bead (MicroPlex®) microspheres..

- Luminex<sup>®</sup> uses proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with multiple fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500 5.6 μm non-magnetic or 80 6.45 μm magnetic polystyrene microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- EMD Millipore provides three Luminex® instruments to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
  - o The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzers Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup> and FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP<sup>®</sup> detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
  - The Luminex® analyzer (MAGPIX®), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP® capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.
- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. EMD Millipore combines the streamlined data acquisition power of Luminex<sup>®</sup> xPONENT<sup>®</sup> acquisition software with sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1, integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP® technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

#### STORAGE CONDITIONS UPON RECEIPT

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 8°C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20°C. Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.

## **REAGENTS SUPPLIED**

Note: Store all reagents at 2 - 8°C

Reagents Supplied	Catalog Number	Volume	Quantity
Human Metabolic Hormone Standard	HMHE-8034	Lyophilized	1 vial
Human Metabolic Hormone Quality Controls 1 and 2	HMHE-6034	Lyophilized	2 vials
Serum Matrix Note : Contains 0.08% Sodium Azide	LHGT-SM	Lyophilized	1 vial
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers			1 plate 2 sealers
Assay Buffer	LE-ABGLP3	30 mL	1 bottle
10X Wash Buffer Note: Contains 0.05% Proclin	L-WB	60 mL	1 bottle
Human Diabetes Detection Antibodies	HDIAB-1034	5.5 mL	1 bottle
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE	5.5 mL	1 bottle

# **Human Diabetes Antibody-Immobilized Premixed Magnetic Beads:**

Premixed 5-plex Beads	HDIABPMX5-MAG	3.5 mL	1 bottle
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#### MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

#### Reagents

1. Luminex® Sheath Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog # SHEATHFLUID) or Luminex® Drive Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog # MPXDF-4PK)

#### Instrumentation / Materials

- 1. Adjustable Pipettes with Tips capable of delivering 25 µL to 1000 µL
- 2. Multichannel Pipettes capable of delivering 5 µL to 50 µL or 25 µL to 200 µL
- 3. Reagent Reservoirs
- 4. Polypropylene Microfuge Tubes
- 5. Rubber Bands
- 6. Aluminum Foil
- 7. Absorbent Pads
- 8. Laboratory Vortex Mixer
- 9. Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model # B200 or equivalent)
- 10. Titer Plate Shaker (VWR® Microplate Shaker Cat # 12620-926 or equivalent)
- 11.Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, or MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software by Luminex<sup>®</sup> Corporation
- 12. Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-094, # 40-095, # 40-096, # 40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-285 or equivalent).

Note: If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (EMD Millipore Catalog # MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a Vacuum Filtration Unit (EMD Millipore Vacuum Manifold Catalog # MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with EMD Millipore Vacuum Pump Catalog # WP6111560 or equivalent).

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium Azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative.
   Although the concentrations are low, Sodium Azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

See next page for Full Hazardous Labels for components in the panel.

## **Full Labels of Hazardous components:**

Ingredient, Cat #		Full Label	
Human Metabolic Hormone Standard	HMHE-8034	<b>₹</b>	Warning. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
Human Metabolic Hormone Quality Controls 1 and 2	HMHE-6034	<b>! ★</b> 2	Warning. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
Serum Matrix	LHGT-SM	No Symbol Required	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB		Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Streptavidin- Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE		Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### TECHNICAL GUIDELINES

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation.
   Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at ≤ -20°C for 1 month and at ≤ -80°C for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8°C for up to one month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.
- When reading the assay on Luminex® 200™, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
  - For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated.
- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium
  as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are
  diluted in assay buffer, use the assay buffer as matrix.

## **TECHNICAL GUIDELINES (continued)**

- For serum/plasma samples that require further dilution beyond neat, use the serum matrix provided in the kit.
- For cell/tissue homogenate, the final cell or tissue homogenate should be prepared in a buffer that has a neutral pH, contains minimal detergents or strong denaturing detergents, and has an ionic strength close to physiological concentration. Avoid debris, lipids, and cell/tissue aggregates. Centrifuge samples before use.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

## A. Preparation of Serum Samples:

- After collecting blood sample, invert tube several times to mix, immediately add DPPIV inhibitor (for GLP-1 measurement) and Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement). We recommend using EMD Millipore's DPPIV Inhibitor (Cat# DPP4) and EMD Chemicals Aprotinin (Cat# 616370 or 616399). These should be used following manufacturers' instructions.
- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple >2 freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.

#### B. Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended.
- After collecting blood sample, invert tube serval times to mix, immediately add DPPIV inhibitor (for GLP-1 measurement) and Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement). We recommend using EMD Millipore's DPPIV Inhibitor (Cat# DPP4 and EMD Chemicals Aprotinin (Cat# 616370 or 616399). These should be used following manufacturers' instructions.
- Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of blood collection.
   Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple >2 freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.

## **SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE (continued)**

## C. <u>Preparation of Tissue Culture Supernatant:</u>

- Centrifuge the sample to remove debris and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- Tissue culture supernatant may require a dilution with an appropriate control
  medium prior to assay. Tissue/cell extracts should be done in neutral buffers
  containing reagents and conditions that do not interfere with assay performance.
  Excess concentrations of detergent, salt, denaturants, high or low pH, etc. will
  negatively affect the assay. Organic solvents should be avoided. The tissue/cell
  extract samples should be free of particles such as cells or tissue debris.

#### NOTE:

- A maximum of 25 μL per well of neat serum or plasma can be used. Tissue culture or other media may also be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anti-coagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

#### PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY

## A. Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

Sonicate the premixed bead bottle 30 seconds and then vortex for 1 minute before use.

## B. Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Unused portion may be stored at  $\leq$  20°C for up to one month.

#### C. Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at 2-8°C for up to one month.

### D. Preparation of Serum Matrix

### This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

Add 1 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 10 minutes for complete reconstitution. Leftover reconstituted Serum Matrix should be stored at  $\leq 20^{\circ}$ C for up to one month.

## PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY (continued)

## E. Preparation of Human Metabolic Hormone Standard

1.) Prior to use, reconstitute the Human Metabolic Hormone Standard with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. This will be used as Standard #7; the unused portion may be stored at  $\leq 20^{\circ}$ C for up to one month.

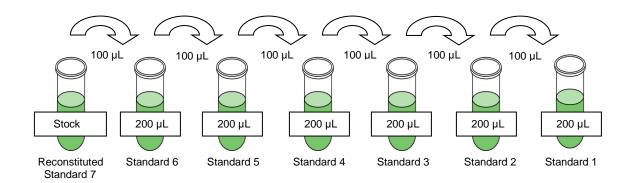
## 2). Preparation of Working Standards

Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes 1-6. Add 200  $\mu$ L of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100  $\mu$ L of the #7 reconstituted standard to the #6 standard tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the #5 standard to the #4 standard tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the #4 standard to the #3 standard tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the #4 standard to the #3 standard tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the #3 standard to the #2 standard tube and mix well, and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the #2 standard to the #1 standard tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard Concentration Standard #	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard #7	250 μL	0
Standard #	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard #6	200 µL	100 μL of Standard #7
Standard #5	200 μL	100 µL of Standard #6
Standard #4	200 μL	100 µL of Standard #5
Standard #3	200 μL	100 µL of Standard #4
Standard #2	200 μL	100 µL of Standard #3
Standard #1	200 μL	100 μL of Standard #2

## PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY (continued)

## **Preparation of Standards**



Standard	GLP-1 (pg/mL)	Glucagon (pg/mL)	C-Peptide (pg/mL)	Insulin, Leptin (pg/mL)
Standard 1	2.7		27.4	137
Standard 2	8.2	sheet	82.3	412
Standard 3	24.7	concentration	247	1,235
Standard 4	74.1	analy	741	3,704
Standard 5	222	QC act c	2,222	11,111
Standard 6	667	r to	6,667	33,333
Standard 7	2,000	Refe	20,000	100,000

#### IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), Standards 1-7], Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration. (Note: Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.
- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.
- 1. Add 200 µL of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
- 3. Add 25 µL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL standard (Background).
- Add 25 μL of Assay Buffer to the sample wells.
- 5. Add 25 µL of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the Serum Matrix. When assaying tissue culture or other supernatant, use proper control culture medium as the matrix solution.
- 6. Add 25 μL of Sample (neat) into the appropriate wells.
- 7. Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 µL of the Premixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
- 8. Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for overnight at (16-18 hours) at 4°C.

Add 200 µL Assay Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT

Decant

- Add 25 µL Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25 µL Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 25 µL appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells
- Add 25 µL neat Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well



Incubate overnight at 4°C

- Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the PLATE WASHING section.
- Add 50 μL of Detection Antibodies into each well. (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
- 11. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (20-25°C). **DO NOT ASPIRATE AFTER INCUBATION.**
- 12. Add 50 μL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 50 μL of Detection Antibodies.
- 13. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
- 14. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
- 15. Add 100 μL of Sheath Fluid (or Drive Fluid if using MAGPIX®) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
- 16. Run plate on Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D® or MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software
- 17. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples. (Note: No sample dilution is required for this assay. If samples were diluted, final sample concentrations should be multiplied by the dilution factor.)



Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 50 µL Detection Antibodies per well



Incubate 1 hour at RT

Do Not Aspirate

Add 50 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well



Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 100 µL Sheath Fluid or Drive Fluid per well

Read on Luminex® (50 µL, 50 beads per bead set)

#### **PLATE WASHING**

## 1.) Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- A.) Handheld magnet (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-285) Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 μL of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- B.) Magnetic plate washer (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-094, # 40-095, # 40-096 and # 40-097) Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be approximately 25 μL of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when using the BioTek<sup>®</sup> plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek® 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

#### 2.) Filter Plate (EMD Millipore Catalog # MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

#### **EQUIPMENT SETTINGS**

<u>Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, and MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software:</u>

These specifications are for the Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, Luminex<sup>®</sup> HTS, Luminex<sup>®</sup> FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, and Luminex<sup>®</sup> MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software. Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments with other software (e.g. MasterPlex<sup>®</sup>, StarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex Manager<sup>™</sup>, LABScan<sup>™</sup>100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex<sup>®</sup> magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, the Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup> and HTS instruments must be calibrated with the xPONENT<sup>®</sup> 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-275) and performance verified with the Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-276). The Luminex<sup>®</sup> FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Calibrator Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-028) and performance verified with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-029). The Luminex<sup>®</sup> MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-049) and performance verified with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-050).

NOTE: When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT® software, you must select MagPlex as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

NOTE: These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex<sup>®</sup> IS 2.3 or Luminex<sup>®</sup> 1.7 software.

## **EQUIPMENT SETTINGS (continued)**

The Luminex® probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Catalog # MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events:	50, per bead	
Sample Size:	50	θL
Gate Settings:	8,000 1	to 15,000
Reporter Gain:	Default	(low PMT)
Time Out:	60 seconds	
Bead Set:	5-Plex Pre-mixed Beads	
	C-Peptide	19
	GLP-1	22
	Active	22
	Glucagon	33
	Insulin	36
	Leptin 39	

### **QUALITY CONTROLS**

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at the EMD Millipore website <a href="mailto:emdmillipore.com">emdmillipore.com</a> using the catalog number as the keyword.

#### **ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS**

## **Cross-Reactivity**

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

## Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLPLEX® Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions (n=8).

Analyte	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)
C-Peptide	8.4	16.4
GLP-1 Active	1.1	2.1
Glucagon	9.6	15.8
Insulin	22.1	32.7
Leptin	38.5	65.9

#### **Precision**

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 8 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 6 different assays.

Analyte	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV
C-Peptide	<10	<15
GLP-1 Active	<10	<20
Glucagon	<10	<15
Insulin	<10	<15
Leptin	<10	<15

### Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in serum matrices (n=6).

Analyte	% Recovery in Serum Matrix
C-Peptide	92
GLP-1 Active	86
Glucagon	91
Insulin	91
Leptin	94

## TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

I ROUBLESHOOT	•	0.1.0
Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Insufficient bead	Plate washer aspirate	Adjust aspiration height according to
count	height set too low	manufacturers' instructions.
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on Luminex® 200™, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
		For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated.
Background is too high	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.
	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (e.g. interleukin modified tissue culture medium).
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.
Beads not in region or gate	Luminex® instrument not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex® instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by >3°C.
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex® instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex®) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.
	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.
	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex® instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.
	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Signal for whole plate is same as background	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.
	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.
Low signal for standard curve	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin- Phycoerythrin	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.
	Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	Assay conditions need to be checked.
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Calibration target value set too high	With some Luminex® instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex®) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.
	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	Use shorter incubation time.
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.
	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.
	Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	See above.
High variation in samples and/or standards	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated	Calibrate pipettes.
	Plate washing was not uniform	Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps.
	Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances	See above.
	Plate agitation was insufficient	Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.
	Cross-well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.

FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY								
Problem	Probable Cause	Solution						
Filter plate will not vacuum	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.						
	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up and use supernatant.						
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.						
Plate leaked	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.						
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.						
	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.						
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.						
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.						
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.						

REPLACEMENT REAGENTS	Catalog #			
Human Metabolic Standard Human Metabolic Quality Controls Serum Matrix Human Diabetes Pre-mixed Magnetic Beads Human Diabetes Antibodies Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin Assay Buffer Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers 10X Wash Buffer	HMHE-8034 HMHE-6034 LHGT-SM HDIABPMX5-MAG HDIAB-1034 L-SAPE LE-ABGLP3 MAG-PLATE L-WB			

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

To place an order or to obtain additional information about our immunoassay products, please contact your Customer Service or Technical Support Specialist.

Contact information for each region can be found on our website:

emdmillipore.com/contact

### **Conditions of Sale**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

## **Safety Data Sheets (SDS)**

Safety Data Sheets for EMD Millipore products may be downloaded through our website at <a href="mailto:emdmillipore.com/msds">emdmillipore.com/msds</a>.

## **WELL MAP**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
А	0 pg/mL Background	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
В	0 pg/mL Background	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
С	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
Е	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
Н	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									_