

3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-5765
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

Osmium tetroxide

Product Number **O5500**Store at Room Temperature

Product Description

Molecular Formula: OsO₄ Molecular Weight: 254.2 CAS Number: 20816-12-0

Synonyms: osmic acid, osmium-(VIII)-oxide

Osmium tetroxide is a reagent that is used in synthetic organic chemistry and as a fixing and staining agent in cell and tissue studies. OsO₄ is an oxidizing agent that is particularly used to convert olefins to glycols. Because of its toxicity, OsO₄ is commonly utilized in catalytic quantities in conjunction with other oxidizing agents to recycle the osmium back to its tetroxide form. 1,2,3,4,5,6

Several protocols have been published on the use of OsO₄ in staining biological specimens such as neurons, fibroblasts, and cultured mammalian cells. ^{7,8,9} OsO₄ reacts with lipids and proteins and provides electron density to tissue for analysis by such techniques as transmission electron microscopy. Other procedures have utilized OsO₄ for analysis of viruses and bacteria. ^{10,11,12}

Precautions and Disclaimer

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

Preparation Instructions

This product has been reported to be soluble in water (72 mg/ml) and chloroform (3.75 g/ml). 1

References

- 1. The Merck Index, 12th ed., Entry# 7024.
- 2. Organic Chemistry, Ege, S. N., D.C Heath and Company (Lexington, MA: 1984), p. 330.
- 3. Travis, B. R., et al., Osmium tetroxide-promoted catalytic oxidative cleavage of olefins: an organometallic ozonolysis. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 124(15), 3824-3825 (2002).

- Muldoon, J., and Brown, S. N., Practical Os/Cucocatalyzed air oxidation of allyl and benzyl alcohols at room temperature and atmospheric pressure. Org. Lett., 4(6), 1043-1045 (2002).
- Donohoe, T. J., and Butterworth, S., A general oxidative cyclization of 1,5-dienes using catalytic osmium tetroxide. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl., 42(8), 948-951 (2003).
- Ley, S. V., et al., Microencapsulation of osmium tetroxide in polyurea. Org. Lett., 5(2), 185-187 (2003).
- Morozov, Y., et al., Correlative fluorescence and electron microscopy of biocytin-filled neurons with a preservation of the postsynaptic ultrastructure.
 J. Neurosci. Methods, 117(1), 81-85 (2002).
- 8. Owen, G. R., et al., Enhancement of immunogold-labelled focal adhesion sites in fibroblasts cultured on metal substrates: problems and solutions. Cell. Biol. Int., **25(12)**, 1251-1259 (2001).
- Wild, P., et al., Enhanced resolution of membranes in cultured cells by cryoimmobilization and freeze-substitution. Microsc. Res. Tech., 53(4), 313-321 (2001).
- Fassel, T. A., et al., Ruthenium red preserves glycoprotein peplomers of C-type retroviruses for transmission electron microscopy. Biotech. Histochem., 73(4), 222-227 (1998).
- Blair, B. G., and Anderson, K. L., Comparison of staining techniques for scanning electron microscopic detection of ultrastructural protuberances on cellulolytic bacteria. Biotech. Histochem., 73(2), 107-113 (1998).
- Hong, W., et al., Contrast-enhanced immunoelectron microscopy for *Helicobacter pylori*. J. Microbiol. Methods, **42(2)**, 121-127 (2000).

GCY/RXR 5/06