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# **Product Information**

# Monoclonal Anti-MUC1, Clone 1D1

produced in mouse, purified immunoglobulin

Catalog Number SAB4200017

## **Product Description**

Monoclonal Anti-MUC1 (mouse IgG1 isotype) is derived from the hybridoma 1D1 produced by the fusion of mouse myeloma cells and splenocytes from BALB/c mice immunized with semi-purified MUC1 (Gene ID 4582) from pleural effusion of a breast cancer patient.<sup>1</sup> The isotype is determined by ELISA using Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Reagents, Catalog Number ISO2. The antibody is purified from culture supernatant of hybridoma cells grown in a bioreactor.

Monoclonal Anti-MUC1 recognizes human MUC1. The antibody may be used in several immunochemical techniques including immunoblotting (~160-500 kDa, due to its high glycosylation it appears as protein ladder) ELISA, radioimmunoassay, immunoprecipitation and immunocytochemistry.<sup>1</sup>

Mucins are heavily glycosylated proteins found on both normal and malignantly transformed epithelial cells. They are preferentially expressed by a variety of adenocarcinomas, including breast, prostate, ovarian and pancreatic carcinomas as well as malignant plasma cells of multiple myelomas.<sup>2</sup> A member of this family, MUC1 encodes a membrane bound glycosylated phosphoprotein. In humans, the MUC1 mucin gene present on chromosome 1q21-24 spans between 4-7 kb and contains seven exons that produce several different alternatively spliced variants. The major expressed form of MUC1 uses all seven exons and is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein with a unique extracellular domain consisting of a 20 amino acid variable number tandem repeat (VNTR) domain. The protein is anchored to the apical surface of many epithelia by a transmembrane domain, with the degree of glycosylation varying with cell type. The protein serves a protective function by binding to pathogens and also functions in a cell signaling capacity. Overexpression, aberrant intracellular localization, and changes in glycosylation of this protein have been associated with carcinomas.<sup>1,3</sup> Considering the unique biochemical features and accessible location on the membrane, MUC1 appears to be a suitable candidate

for single chain antibody mediated targeted therapy in MUC1 expressing cancers.

# Reagent

Supplied as a solution in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, containing 15 mM sodium azide.

Antibody concentration: ~ 1.0 mg/mL

## **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

## Storage/Stability

Store at -20 °C. For continuous use, the product may be stored at 2-8 °C for up to one month. For extended storage, freeze at -20 °C in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing, or storage in "frost-free" freezers, is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

# **Product Profile**

<u>Immunoblotting</u>: a working antibody concentration of 0.5-1.0  $\mu$ g/mL is recommended using T47D cell lysates.

**Note**: In order to obtain the best results using various techniques and preparations, we recommend determining optimal working dilutions by titration.

#### References

- 1. Rubinstein, D.B., et al., *Int. J. Cancer*, **124**, 46-54 (2009).
- Hollingsworth, M.A., et al., *Nat. Rev. Cancer*, 4, 45-60 (2004).
- 3. Singh, R., and Bandyopadhyay, D., *Cancer Biol. Ther.*, **6**, 481-486 (2007).

GG,TD,KAA,PHC 12/09-1