

3050 Spruce Street Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA Telephone (800) 325-5832 (314) 771-5765 Fax (314) 286-7828 email: techserv@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

ANTI-A₁ ADENOSINE RECEPTOR, Developed In Rabbit, Affinity Isolated Antibody

Product Number A-268

Product Description

Anti- A_1 Adenosine Receptor was developed in rabbits using a synthetic peptide (Cys-Gln-Pro-Lys-Pro-Pro-Ile-Asp-Glu-Asp-Leu-Pro-Glu-Glu-Lys-Ala-Glu-Asp), derived from amino acids 309-326 of the rat A_1 adenosine receptor C-terminal domain, as immunogen. The antibody is purified from rabbit serum by epitope affinity chromatography.

Anti- A_1 Adenosine Receptor is specific for A_1 adenosine receptor adenosine receptor subunit. By immunoblotting, it reacts strongly with human and rat, and weakly with bovine A_1 . The antibody detects A_1 adenosine receptor in human hippocampus by immunohistology and may be used for immunoprecipitation.

Adenosine receptors (ARs) are members of the 7-transmembrane domain G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. Structural, biochemical and pharmacological analyses of the AR genes and protein has led to the discovery of four distinct AR subtypes (A₁, A_{2a}, A_{2b}, A₃). Activation of ARs mediates several receptor subtype-specific physiological processes including cardiac rate, smooth muscle tone, platelet aggregation, inflammation, cell growth and death, and neurotransmission.

The A_1AR is a glycoprotein of MW 36-40 kDa that can activate G_i and G_o proteins *in vitro*. In intact cells, agonist occupation of the A_1AR has been shown to cause pertussis toxin-sensitive inhibition of adenylyl cyclase activity and, in some systems, a stimulation of phospholipase C resulting in mobilization of intracellular calcium stores. Activation of K^+ channels by A_1AR has been intensively studied in relation to its dramatic effects on the cardiovascular system. A_1AR protein is highly expressed in brain (especially cerebellum,

hippocampus, thalamus, and cortex) and spinal cord and in part, modulates neurotransmitter release. In white adipocytes, A_1AR inhibits lipolysis and stimulates glucose uptake. Other tissues also express A_1AR including kidney and testis.

Reagents

Anti-A₁ Adenosine Receptor is supplied in solution with phosphate buffered saline containing 1.0 mg/ml BSA and 0.05% sodium azide as a preservative.

Precautions and Disclaimer

Due to the sodium azide content, a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for this product has been sent to the attention of the safety officer of your institution. Consult the MSDS for information regarding hazardous and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

For continuous use, store at 2-8 °C for up to one month. For extended storage, solution may be frozen in working aliquots. Storage in "frost-free" freezers is not recommended. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify by centrifugation before use.

Product Profile

Recommended working dilutions for Anti-A₁ Adenosine Receptor are 1:1,000 for immunoblotting; 1:100 for immunohistology.

References

- 1. Ciruela, F. et al. J. Neurosci. Res., 42, 818 (1995).
- 2. Rivkees, S.A. et al. Brain Res., 677, 193 (1995).
- 3. Nakata, H. Biochim. Biophys. Acta, **1177**, 93 (1993).

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