

Product Information

β -Mannosidase from *Helix pomatia* Proteomics Grade

Product Number **M7819**
Storage Temperature $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

CAS# 9025-43-8
EC 3.2.1.25
Synonyms: β -Mannoside mannohydrolase;
 β -D-Mannosidase

Product Description

β -Mannosidase is a widely used exoglycosidase enzyme in glycobiology. The enzyme cleaves single terminal D-mannosyl residues, which are $\beta(1\rightarrow4)$ linked to the non-reducing end of oligosaccharides (glycans) or those present on the glycan moiety of glycoproteins with relative specificity. Other mannose residues linked $\beta(1\rightarrow3)$ and $\beta(1\rightarrow6)$ are reported to be hydrolyzed at much lower rates. This property of the enzyme has been exploited in (a) the determination of the sequence and structure of the N-linked and O-linked glycans (together with other exoglycosidases) and (b) the characterization of D-galactose containing manno-oligosaccharides produced by acid or enzymatic hydrolysis of galactomannans, allowing location of D-galactosyl residues on such glycans.

Molecular weight: $\sim 94\text{ kDa}$

Isoelectric point (pI): 4.7

pH optimum: 4.0-4.5

Proteomics grade β -mannosidase has been purified to near homogeneity by several chromatographic techniques. Each lot of enzyme contains:

α -mannosidase	=0.01%
α -galactosidase	=0.01%
β -fucosidase	=0.01%
β -N-acetylglucosaminidase	=0.01%
β -galactosidase	$\sim 0.05\%$

No protease activity is detected.

Unit Definition: One unit will hydrolyze $1\text{ }\mu\text{mole}$ of *p*-nitrophenyl β -D-mannopyranoside to *p*-nitrophenol (measured at 400 nm) and D-mannose per minute at pH 4.0 at $37\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Components

β -Mannosidase, Proteomics Grade 1 unit
(Product Code M5069)
Lyophilized from 10 mM sodium acetate
buffer, pH 4.0, containing bovine serum
albumin and NaCl

Buffer, 5 \times Concentrate, 2 ml
for β -Mannosidase, Proteomics Grade
(Product Code M6694)

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

1 \times Reaction Buffer is prepared by diluting an appropriate volume of the Buffer, 5 \times Concentrate, for β -Mannosidase, (M6694) 5-fold with deionized water and adding bovine serum albumin (BSA) to a final concentration of 0.5 mg/ml. Chill the 1 \times Reaction Buffer prior to use.

Prepare a β -mannosidase Stock Solution (20 units/ml) by reconstituting the β -mannosidase with $50\text{ }\mu\text{l}$ of deionized water. Re-cap the vial, mix thoroughly and centrifuge briefly before storing in aliquots at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The β -mannosidase Working Solution is prepared by diluting an aliquot of the Stock Solution with an appropriate volume of cold 1 \times Reaction Buffer. Sigma's recommended concentration for a β -mannosidase Working Solution is minimum 4 units/ml. Working dilutions should be made in 1 \times Reaction Buffer.

Storage/Stability

Store the lyophilized enzyme at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The Buffer, 5 \times concentrate, may be stored at $2-8\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for convenience. The reconstituted enzyme should be aliquoted and stored at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Procedure

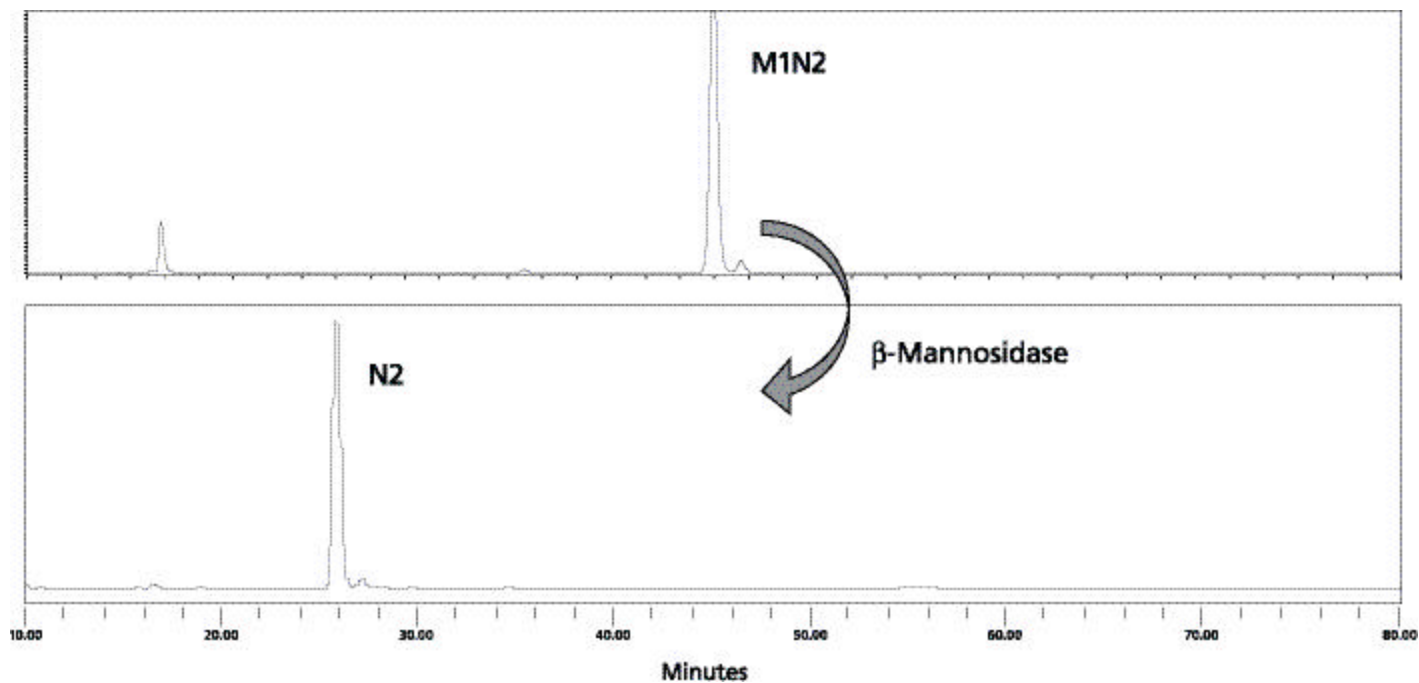
One of the applications of this enzyme is to remove non-reducing terminal $\beta(1\rightarrow4)$ linked mannose residues from the core structure of N-linked glycans. A final concentration of 2–4 units/ml of β -mannosidase is recommended for reactions containing 10–20 μM of glycan.

Results

Fluorescently labeled M1N2 glycan was incubated with β -mannosidase for 20 hours at $37\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and then analyzed by normal phase HPLC. The data presented in Figure 1 show the shift in the retention time of the peak confirming that M1N2 glycan has been cleaved to N2 glycan with the loss of the terminal $\beta(1\rightarrow4)$ linked mannose residue.

Figure 1.

HPLC chromatograms demonstrating cleavage of the terminal mannose residue of M1N2 glycan by Proteomics Grade β -Mannosidase. Approximately 100 pmol of M1N2 was digested with β -mannosidase at a concentration of 3 units/ml for 20 hours at $37\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.



References

1. McCleary, B.V., β -D-Mannosidase from *Helix pomatia*. Carbohydr. Res., **111**, 297-310 (1983).
2. McCleary, B.V., Meth. Enzymol., **160**, 614-619 (1988).
3. Charrier, M., and Rouland, C., Mannan-degrading enzymes purified from the crop of the brown garden snail *Helix aspersa* Muller (Gastropoda Pulmonata). J. Exp. Zool., **290**, 125-135 (2001).

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