

3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-5765
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

Anti-phospho-STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵)
Developed in Rabbit, Affinity Purified Antibody

Product Number S 2690

Product Description

Anti-phospho-STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵) is produced in rabbit using a synthetic phosphopeptide derived from the region of STAT 3 containing tyrosine 705 as immunogen. The antibody is affinity purified by epitopespecific affinity chromatography and preadsorbed to remove any reactivity towards the non-phosphorylated STAT 3 protein.

The antibody specifically recognizes 90 kDa STAT 3 phosphorylated on tyrosine 705. It detects mouse, rat and human STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵). It has been used in immunoblotting applications.

STAT proteins (Signal Transduction and Activators of Transcription) are latent cytoplasmic transcription factors that have the dual function of signal transduction and activation of transcription. STATs are activated by tyrosine phosphorylation in response to different ligands, after which they translocate to the cell nucleus. The N-terminal region is highly homologous among the STAT proteins and surrounds a completely conserved arginine residue. STATs are a part of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway – a major pathway of the immune system. All cytokines transduce critical signals through this pathway. 1,2,3

STAT 1 is activated by a number of different ligands, including IFN α , IFN γ , EGF, PDGF and IL-6. STAT 1 homodimer binds to a site termed GAS, first defined as required for IFN- γ induction. Variations on this site are also used in response to IL-6, PDGF, and other ligands. Phosphorylation of tyrosine 701 is required for STAT 1 dissociation from IFNGR1, homodimerization, and nuclear translocation. Tyrosine 701 phosphorylation impairment results in loss of STAT 1 functions. STAT 2, in contrast, is activated by IFN- α but not by IFN- γ or any of the other ligands mentioned above.

STAT 3 is involved in the GP-130-mediated signaling pathway and in human is found in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. It is known to be activated by IGF, IL-6,

IL-11, LIF, and perhaps other ligands but is not activated by IFN-γ. Binding of interleukin-5 to its specific receptor activates JAK2, which leads to the tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT 3 proteins.

Like STAT 3, STAT 3- β (produced by alternative splicing) is phosphorylated on tyrosine 705 and binds to the pIRE from the ICAM1 promoter after IL-5 stimulation. Co-expression of STAT 3- β inhibits the transactivation potential of STAT 3. These results suggest that STAT 3- β functions as a negative regulator of transcription. In many human cancers and transformed cell lines, STAT 3 is persistently activated, and in cell culture, active STAT 3 is either required for transformation, enhances transformation, or blocks apoptosis. 6,7,8

STAT 4 is present in high concentration in the testis but has not been found in a phosphorylated form in cells.

Reagent

The antibody is supplied as a solution in Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.3, with 50% glycerol, 1.0 mg/ml BSA (IgG and protease free) and 0.05% sodium azide

Precautions and Disclaimer

Due to the sodium azide content, a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for this product has been sent to the attention of the safety officer of your institution. Consult the MSDS for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

Store at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Due to the presence of 50% glycerol the antibody will remain in solution. For extended storage, centrifuge the vial briefly before opening and prepare working aliquots. The antibody is stable for at least six months when stored appropriately. Working dilutions should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Product Profile

The amount of antibody is sufficient for approximately 10 immunoblots.

The recommended working dilution of 1:1000 is determined by immunoblotting using mouse 3T3-L1 cells and rat adipocytes after exposure of the cells to leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) and oncostatin M (OSM). Data demonstrates that only peptide corresponding to the STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵) blocks the antibody signal, which confirms the specificity of Antiphospho-STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵) for the 90 kDa protein corresponding to STAT 3 (pTyr⁷⁰⁵).

Note: In order to obtain best results in different techniques and preparations we recommend determining optimal working concentration by titration test.

References

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