

73142 Canavanine Glycine Bromothymol blue Agar (CGB Agar)

CGB Agar is recommended for the differentiation of *Cryptococcus neoformans* var. *neoformans* and *Cryptococcus gattii*.

Composition:

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
Glycine	10.0
Potassium phosphate	1.0
Magnesium sulphate	1.0
Bromothymol Blue	0.08
L-Canavanine Sulfate	0.03
Thiamine Hydrochloride	0.001
Agar	20.0

Final pH 5.8 +/- 0.2 at 25°C

Store granulated media between 10-30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Avoid freezing and overheating. Once opened keep powdered medium closed to avoid hydration. Use before expiry date on the label.

Appearance(color): Light yellow to dark yellow, free flowing powder

Gel strength: Firm, comparable with 2 % AGAR GEL

Color and Clarity: Yellow to dark green-yellow coloured, clear to opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Directions:

Suspend 32.11 g in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.

Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Mix well and use as desired.

Principle and Interpretation:

Cryptococcus is the cause of cryptococcosis, a systemic mycosis of humans and animals with a worldwide distribution. Cryptococcosis (earlier called European blastomycosis) commonly starts following inhalation of the organism, which is considered opportunistic infections as it affects mainly immunocompromised individuals. (1)

Cryptococcosis is typically caused by *Cryptococcus neoformans*, an encapsulated yeast found in soil, specifically in soil containing manure from avians. The increased pH and concentration of nitrogen promote the growth of this organism. The yeast cells can easily become airborne.

Glycine serves as a sole source of carbon and nitrogen which is utilized by *Cryptococcus gattii*, *Cryptococcus laurentii* but not by *Cryptococcus neoformans*. *C. gattii* can degrade L-canavanine to ammonia and leads to a pH shift which triggers the blue color reaction in combination with the bromothymol indicator in the medium. Potassium phosphate and magnesium sulphate provide essential ions for growth and thiamine is an important vitamin for the growth of *C. gattii*.



Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 25-30°C for 5-6 days.

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth	Colony characteristics
<i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i> (204092)	+	Medium yellow or green colony
<i>Cryptococcus gattii</i> (MYA- 4560)	+++	Deep blue colony

References:

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Precautions and Disclaimer

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