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ProductInformation

Microsomes from Liver, pooled from male monkey (Cynomolgus)

Product Number **M 8816** Storage Temperature –70 °C

Product Description

Liver microsomes are subcellular particles derived from the endoplasmic reticulum of hepatic cells. These microsomes are a rich source of drug metabolizing enzymes, including cytochrome P450. Microsome pools from various sources are useful in the study of xenobiotic metabolism and drug interactions.

This product contains a mixture of liver microsomes pooled from a number of sexually mature male monkeys (Cynomolgus). All animals are tested sero-negative for the following pathogens: Simian retrovirus type D (SRV/D), Simian T-cell leukemia virus (STLV-1), Herpes virus Simiae (CHV-1), and Simian immunodeficiency virus (SIVmac).

The protein content is a minimum of 20 mg/ml in 250 mM sucrose and is specifically reported on the certificate of analysis (C of A). Total cytochrome P450, oxidoreductase, cytochrome b₅, CYP2E1, CYP3A, and CYP4A activities are also reported on the lot specific C of A.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for laboratory research use only. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

- Quickly thaw at 37 °C using a water bath. Keep on ice until ready to use.
- If not using the entire contents, aliquot to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
- 3. Store aliquots at -70 °C.

Storage/Stability

The product is shipped on dry ice and it is recommended to store the product at $-70\,^{\circ}$ C. The product, as supplied, is stable for at least 2 years if stored properly.

Product Profile

Total cytochrome P450 and cytochrome b₅ are assayed by the standard method of Omura and Sato.¹

Enzyme activities on the product are determined as follows:

CYP2E1 Isozyme Activity:

Determined as p-nitrophenol hydroxylase activity. Incubations are conducted at 0.2 mg/ml of protein with 1.3 mM NADP, 3.3 mM glucose 6-phosphate, 0.4 U/ml glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase, and 3.3 mM MgCl $_2$ in 0.1 M potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, for 30 minutes. One unit will produce 1 picomole of 4-nitrocatechol per minute at pH 7.4 at 37 °C.

CYP3A Isozyme Activity:

Determined as testosterone 6 β -hydroxylase activity. Incubations are conducted at 0.2 mg/ml of protein with 1.3 mM NADP, 3.3 mM glucose 6-phosphate, 0.4 U/ml glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase, and 3.3 mM MgCl₂ in 0.1 M potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, for 5 minutes. One unit will produce 1 picomole of 6 β -hydroxytestosterone per minute at pH 7.4 at 37 °C.

CYP4A Isozyme Activity:

Determined as [14 C] lauric acid hydroxylase activity. Incubations are conducted at 0.5 mg/ml of protein with 1.3 mM NADP, 3.3 mM glucose 6-phosphate, 0.4 U/ml glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase, and 3.3 mM MgCl₂ in 0.1 M Tris buffer, pH 7.5, for 10 minutes. One unit will produce 1 picomole of 12-hydroxylauric acid per minute at pH 7.5 at 37 °C.

References

 Omura, T., and Sato, R., J. Biol.Chem., 239, 2379, (1964).

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