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ProductInformation

Tumor Necrosis Factor-α

Rat, Recombinant Expressed in *E. coli*

Product Number T 5944

Product Description

Recombinant Rat Tumor Necrosis Factor- α (TNF- α) is produced from a DNA sequence encoding soluble rat TNF- α .¹ Recombinant rat TNF- α is a soluble 17.3 kDa protein containing 157 amino acid residues.

Tumor Necrosis Factor- α is a protein secreted by lipopolysaccharide-stimulated macrophages that causes killing of diverse types of tumor cells.² Also known as cachectin, TNF- α is believed to mediate pathogenic shock and tissue injury associated with endotoxemia.3 TNF-α occurs as a secreted, soluble form and as a membrane-anchored form, both of which are biologically active. The naturally occurring form of TNF- α is glycosylated, but non-glycosylated recombinant TNF- α has comparable biological activity. Two types of receptors for TNF- α have been described and virtually all cell types studied show the presence of one or both of these receptor types. TNF- α is closely related to the 25 kDa protein Tumor Necrosis Factor-B (lymphotoxin), sharing the same receptors and cellular actions.4

TNF- α influences the growth and function of both normal and neoplastic cells. TNF- α causes cytolysis or cytostasis of certain transformed cells, ^{5, 6} being synergistic with γ -interferon in its cytotoxicity. ⁷ The lysis of certain tumor targets by macrophages or monocytes is mediated by this soluble cytotoxic factor. ⁸ TNF- α exerts hormone-like activities on various target cells including leukocytes, endothelial cells and fibroblasts. ⁹ TNF- α and IL-1 share many biological activities, including neutrophil and osteoclast activation, and increased prostaglandin and collagenase synthesis. ⁹

Reagent

Recombinant Rat Tumor Necrosis Factor- α is supplied lyophilized from 0.2 μ m filtered buffered solution with carrier.

Storage/Stability

Prior to reconstitution, store at –20 °C. The lyophilized protein is stable for a few weeks at room temperature, but best stored at –20 °C. After reconstitution, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Do not store in "frost-free" freezer.

Preparation Instructions

Reconstitute the contents of the vial in water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml. This solution can then be diluted into other aqueous buffers and stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C for up to I week. For extended use, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

Product Profile

The cytolytic activity of TNF- α is measured using murine L929 cells in the presence of actinomycin D.

The ED₅₀ is defined as the effective concentration of growth factor that elicits 50% inhibition of cell growth.

Purity: \geq 98% as determined by SDS-PAGE and HPLC.

Endotoxin level is < 0.1 ng/µg as determined by the LAL (Limulus amebocyte lysate) method.

References

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