

# **Mouse Metabolic Magnetic Bead Panel**

96 Well Plate Assay

Cat. # MMHMAG-44K

#### MILLIPLEX® MAP

#### MOUSE METABOLIC MAGNETIC BEAD PANEL 96 Well Plate Assay

#### # MMHMAG-44K

TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>PAGE</u>
Introduction	2
Principle	3
Storage Conditions Upon Receipt	3
Reagents Supplied	4
Materials Required But Not Provided	5
Safety Precautions	5
Technical Guidelines	7
Sample Collection And Storage	8
Preparation of Reagents for Immunoassay	9
Immunoassay Procedure	12
Plate Washing	14
Equipment Settings	14
Quality Controls	15
Assay Characteristics	16
Troubleshooting Guide	18
Replacement Reagents	21
Ordering Information	22
Well Map	23

### For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

By purchasing this product, which contains fluorescently labeled microsphere beads authorized by Luminex® Corporation ("Luminex®"), you, the customer, acquire the right under Luminex®'s patent rights, if any, to use this product or any portion of this product, including without limitation the microsphere beads contained herein, only with Luminex®'s laser based fluorescent analytical test instrumentation marketed under the name of Luminex® 100™ IS, 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, MAGPIX®.

#### **Mouse Metabolic Magnetic Bead Panel**

#### INTRODUCTION

Metabolic syndrome is a cluster of conditions that occur together, including increased blood pressure, elevated insulin levels, excess body fat around the waist and abnormal cholesterol levels. Key features of metabolic syndrome include insulin resistance, glucose intolerance, hypertension, dyslipidemia and central obesity—all of which are risk factors for atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, type 2 diabetes, kidney disease, and even premature death. Adults with metabolic syndrome show a low-grade inflammation, whose link with obesity may be disregulated adipocyte production of pro- and anti-inflammatory factors. Consequently, research done in this area covers multi-faceted fields of cytokines, acute phase proteins, diabetes and obesity related hormones, as well as other cardiovascular disease biomarkers.

MILLIPLEX® MAP offers the broadest selection of analytes across a wide range of disease states and species. Once the analytes of interest have been identified, you can rely on the quality that we build into each kit to produce results you can trust. In addition to the assay characteristics listed in the protocol, other performance criteria evaluated during the validation process include: cross-reactivity, dilution linearity, kit stability, and sample behavior (e.g. detectability and stability).

Each MILLIPLEX® MAP panel and kit includes:

- Quality controls (QCs) provided to qualify assay performance
- Comparison of standard (calibrator) and QC lots to a reference lot to ensure lot-to-lot consistency
- Optimized serum matrix to mimic native analyte environment
- Detection antibody cocktails designed to yield consistent analyte profiles within panel

In addition, each panel and kit meets stringent manufacturing criteria to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility. The MILLIPLEX® MAP Mouse Metabolic Hormone Magnetic Bead Panel thus enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of metabolic hormones. Coupled with the Luminex® xMAP® platform in a **magnetic bead** format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX® MAP Mouse Metabolic Hormone Magnetic Bead Panel is part of the most versatile system available for metabolic hormone research. From our single to multiplex biomarker solutions, we partner with you to design, develop, analytically validate and build the most comprehensive library available for protein detection and quantitation.

- MILLIPLEX® MAP offers you:
  - The ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 14 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs.
  - A convenient "all-in-one" box format that gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX® MAP Mouse Metabolic Magnetic Bead Panel is a 14-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in tissue/cell lysate and culture supernatant samples and serum or plasma samples: Amylin (active), C-peptide 2, Active Ghrelin, GIP, GLP-1, Glucagon, IL-6, Insulin, Leptin, MCP-1, PP, PYY, Resistin, and TNFα.

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Please read entire protocol before use.

It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

#### PRINCIPLE

MILLIPLEX® MAP is based on the Luminex® xMAP® technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex®-C microspheres.

- Luminex<sup>®</sup> uses proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500 5.6 μm polystyrene microspheres or 80 6.45 μm magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- EMD Millipore provides three Luminex® instruments to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
  - o The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzers Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup> and FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP<sup>®</sup> detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
  - The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzer (MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP<sup>®</sup> capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.
- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. EMD Millipore combines the streamlined data acquisition power of Luminex<sup>®</sup> xPONENT<sup>®</sup> acquisition software with sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1, integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP® technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

#### STORAGE CONDITIONS UPON RECEIPT

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 8°C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20°C. Avoid multiple (>2) freeze thaw cycles.
- DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.

#### **REAGENTS SUPPLIED**

Note: Store all reagents at 2 - 8°C

Reagents Supplied	Catalog Number	Volume	Quantity
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Standard	MMH-8044	lyophilized	1 vial
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Quality Controls 1 and 2	MMH-6044	lyophilized	2 vials
Set of one 96-Well black Plate with 2 sealers			1 plate 2 sealers
Assay Buffer	LE-ABGLP	30 mL	1 bottle
Serum Matrix	LRGT-SM	1 mL	1 bottle
Bead Diluent	LE-BD	3.5 mL	1 bottle
10X Wash Buffer Note: Contains 0.05% Proclin	L-WB	60 mL	1 bottle
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Detection Antibodies	MMH-1044	5.5 mL	1 bottle
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE12	5.5 mL	1 bottle
Mixing Bottle			1 bottle

# **Mouse Metabolic Hormone Antibody Immobilized Magnetic Beads:**

Bead/Analyte Name	Luminex® Magnetic Bead Region		mizable 14 Analytes oncentration, 200µL) Cat. #
Anti- C-Peptide 2 Beads	12	√	RMCP2-MAG
Anti-Active Ghrelin Beads	20	<b>√</b>	HGRLN-MAG
Anti-GIP Beads	21	✓	HGIP-MAG
Anti-GLP-1 Beads	22	✓	HGLP1-MAG
Anti-Glucagon Beads	33	✓	HGLU-MAG
Anti-IL-6 Beads	26	✓	MIL6-MAG
Anti-Insulin Beads	37	✓	RMINS-MAG
Anti-Leptin Beads	38	<b>√</b>	RMLPTN-MAG
Anti – MCP-1 Beads	56	<b>√</b>	RMMCP1-MAG
Anti-PP Beads	62	✓	RMPP-MAG
Anti-PYY Beads	63	✓	RMPYY-MAG
Anti-Resistin Beads	64	<b>√</b>	MRES-MAG
Anti-TNFα Beads	65	<b>√</b>	RMTNFA-MAG
Anti-Amylin (active) Beads	78	<b>√</b>	HAMLNA-MAG

#### MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

#### Reagents

1. Luminex® Sheath Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog # SHEATHFLUID) or Luminex® Drive Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog # MPXDF-4PK)

#### Instrumentation / Materials

- 1. Adjustable Pipettes with Tips capable of delivering 25  $\mu$ L to 1000  $\mu$ L
- 2. Multichannel Pipettes capable of delivering 5 μL to 50 μL or 25 μL to 200 μL
- 3. Reagent Reservoirs
- 4. Polypropylene Microfuge Tubes
- 5. Rubber Bands
- 6. Aluminum Foil
- 7. Absorbent Pads
- 8. Laboratory Vortex Mixer
- 9. Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model # B200 or equivalent)
- 10. Titer Plate Shaker (VWR® Microplate Shaker Cat. # 12620-926 or equivalent)
- 11. Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, or MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT software by Luminex<sup>®</sup> Corporation
- 12. Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-094, # 40-095, # 40-096, #40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-285 or equivalent).

Note: If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (EMD Millipore Catalog # MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a Vacuum Filtration Unit (EMD Millipore Vacuum Manifold Catalog # MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with EMD Millipore Vacuum Pump Catalog # WP6111560 or equivalent).

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative.
   Although the concentrations are low, sodium azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

Note: See Full Labels of Hazardous components on next page.

# **Full Labels of Hazardous components:**

Ingredient, Cat #		Full Label	
Streptavidin- Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE12	<b>!</b>	Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB		Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Serum Matrix	LRGT-SM	No Symbol Required.	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Quality Control 1 & 2	MMH-6044	<b>! ★ *</b>	Warning. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Standard	MMH-8044	<b>! ★ * * * * * * * * * *</b>	Warning. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.

#### **TECHNICAL GUIDELINES**

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- After hydration, all standards and controls must be transferred to polypropylene tubes.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation.
   Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at ≤ -20°C for 1 month and at ≤ -80°C for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Discard unused portion of mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.
- When reading the assay on Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
- For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 μL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 μL should be aspirated.

#### **TECHNICAL GUIDELINES (continued)**

- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are diluted in assay buffer, use the assay buffer as matrix.
- For cell/tissue homogenate, the final cell or tissue homogenate should be prepared in a buffer that has a neutral pH, contains minimal detergents or strong denaturing detergents, and has an ionic strength close to physiological concentration. Avoid debris, lipids, and cell/tissue aggregates. Centrifuge samples before use.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

#### A. Preparation of Serum Samples:

- After collecting blood samples, invert tube several times to mix, immediately
  add DPPIV inhibitor (for GLP-1 measurement), Protease Inhibitor cocktail (for
  Amylin measurement), Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement) and Serine
  protease inhibitor (for Active Ghrelin measurement). We recommend using
  EMD Millipore's DPPIV inhibitor (Cat. # DPP4), Sigma's Protease Inhibitor
  Cocktail, and Roche's Pefabloc SC (AEBSF). These should be used
  following manufactures' instructions.
- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- It is recommended to centrifuge samples again at 3000xg for five minutes prior to assay setup.
- Sample dilution is not required for serum samples.

#### B. Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended.
- After collecting blood, immediately add DPPIV inhibitor (for GLP-1 measurement), Protease Inhibitor cocktail (for Amylin measurement), Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement) and Serine protease inhibitor (for Active Ghrelin measurement). We recommend using EMD Millipore's DPPIV inhibitor (Cat. # DPP4), Sigma's Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, and Roche's Pefabloc SC (AEBSF). These should be used following manufactures' instructions.
- Invert tube several times to mix. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.

#### **SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE (continued)**

- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- It is recommended to centrifuge samples again at 3000xg for five minutes prior to assay setup.
- Sample dilution in not required for plasma samples

#### C. Preparation of Tissue Culture Supernatant:

- Centrifuge the sample to remove debris and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- Tissue culture supernatant may require a dilution with an appropriate control
  medium prior to assay. Tissue/cell extracts should be done in neutral buffers
  containing reagents and conditions that do not interfere with assay
  performance. Excess concentrations of detergent, salt, denaturants, high or
  low pH, etc. will negatively affect the assay. Organic solvents should be
  avoided. The tissue/cell extract samples should be free of particles such as
  cells or tissue debris.

#### NOTE:

- A maximum of 10 μL per well of neat serum or plasma can be used. Tissue culture or other media may also be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anticoagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

#### PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY

#### A. Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

Sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150  $\mu$ L from each antibody bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Bead Diluent. Vortex the mixed beads well. Discard unused portion of mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads (Note: Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

- Example 1: When using 14 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 µL from each of the 14 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 0.9 mL Bead Diluent.
- Example 2: When using 9 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 µL from each of the 9 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1.65 mL Bead Diluent.

#### PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY (continued)

#### B. Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes, vortex and then transfer the controls to appropriately labeled polypropylene microfuge tubes. Unused portion may be stored at  $\leq$  -20°C for up to one month.

#### C. Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store unused portion at 2-8°C for up to one month.

#### D. Preparation of Serum Matrix

#### This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

Add 1.0 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 10 minutes for complete reconstitution. Leftover reconstituted Serum Matrix can be stored at  $\leq$  -20°C for up to one month.

#### E. <u>Preparation of Mouse Metabolic Hormone Standard</u>

1). Prior to use, reconstitute the Mouse Metabolic Hormone Standard with 250  $\mu$ L deionized Water. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes, vortex and then transfer the standard to appropriately labeled polypropylene microfuge tube. This will be used as Standard 7.

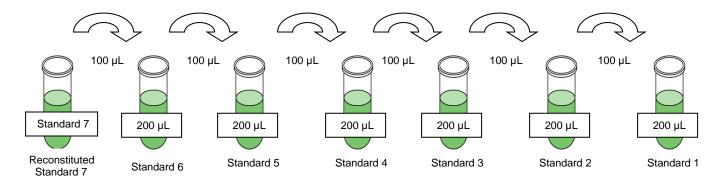
#### 2.) Preparation of Working Standards

Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes tubes "Standard 6," "Standard 5," "Standard 4," "Standard 3," "Standard 2," and "Standard 1." Add 200  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer to each of the six tubes. Perform 3 times serial dilutions by adding 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 7" to the "Standard 6" tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 6" to the "Standard 5" tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 5" to "Standard 4" tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 4" to the "Standard 3" tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 3" to the "Standard 2" tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of the "Standard 2" tube. The 0 Standard (background) will be assay buffer.

#### PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY (continued)

Standard Tube	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 7	250 μL	0
Standard Tube	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 6	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 7
Standard 5	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 6
Standard 4	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 5
Standard 3	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 4
Standard 2	200 μL	100 µL of Standard 3
Standard 1	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 2

# **Preparation of Standards**



# After serial dilutions, the tubes should have the following concentrations for constructing standard curves.

Tube #	GIP (pg/mL)	Active Ghrelin, PP, PYY (pg/mL)	Glucagon (pg/mL)	IL-6, TNFα (pg/mL)	Amylin, GLP-1 (pg/mL)	C-Peptide 2, Insulin, Leptin, MCP-1, (pg/mL)	Resistin
1	2.7	7	14	27	41	69	r on
2	8.2	21	41	82	124	206	to QC Sheet for centration
3	25	62	124	247	370	617	to QC Sheet ncentra
4	74	185	370	741	1,111	1,852	
5	222	556	1,111	2,222	3,333	5,556	Referallysis (
6	667	1,667	3,333	6,667	10,000	16,667	Refer Analysis Exact Cor
7	2,000	5,000	10,000	20,000	30,000	50,000	Ψ ŵ

#### **IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE**

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7], Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration. (Note: Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.
- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.
- Add 200 μL of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
- 3. Add 10 µL of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the Serum Matrix provided in the kit. When assaying tissue culture or other supernatant, use proper control culture medium as the matrix solution.
- Add 10 μL of Assay Buffer to the background (0 pg/ml standard) and sample wells.
- 5. Add 10 µL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells.
- 6. Add 10 µL of sample into the appropriate wells.
- Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 μL of the Mixed to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
- 8. Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker overnight (18-20 hours) at 4°C.

Add 200  $\mu L$  Assay Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT

Decant

- Add 10 µL appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells.
- Add 10 µL Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 10 µL standard or control to appropriate wells
- Add 10 of samples to appropriate wells.
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well



Incubate overnight (18-20 hours) at 4°C with shaking

#### **IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE (continued)**

- Allow reagents and assay plate to come to room temperature. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the PLATE WASHING section.
- 10. Add 50 μL of Detection Antibodies into each well. (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
- 11. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C). **DO NOT ASPIRATE AFTER INCUBATION.**
- 12. Add 50 μL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 50 μL of Detection Antibodies.
- 13. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
- 14. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
- 15. Add 100 μL of Sheath Fluid (or Drive Fluid if using MAGPIX®) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
- 16. Run plate on Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> or MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software.
- 17. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples. (Note: For diluted samples, multiply the calculated concentration by the dilution factor.)



Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 50 µL Detection Antibodies per well



Incubate 30 minutes at RT

Do Not Aspirate

Add 50 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well



Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 100 µL Sheath Fluid or Drive Fluid per well

Read on Luminex<sup>®</sup> (50 μL, 50 beads per bead set)

#### **PLATE WASHING**

#### 1.) Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- A.) Handheld magnet (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-285) Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 μL of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- B.) Magnetic plate washer (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-094, # 40-095, # 40-096 and # 40-097) Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be approximately 25 μL of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when using the BioTek® plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek® 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

#### 2.) Filter Plate (EMD Millipore Catalog # MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

#### **EQUIPMENT SETTINGS**

Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, and MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software:

These specifications are for the Luminex® 200™, Luminex® HTS, Luminex® FLEXMAP 3D®, and Luminex® MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software. Luminex® instruments with other software (e.g. MasterPlex®, StarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex Manager™, LABScan™100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex® magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, the Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup> and HTS instruments must be calibrated with the xPONENT<sup>®</sup> 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-275) and performance verified with the Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-276). The Luminex<sup>®</sup> FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Calibrator Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-028) and performance verified with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-029). The Luminex<sup>®</sup> MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-049) and performance verified with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog # 40-050).

NOTE: When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT® software, you must select MagPlex® as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

NOTE: These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex<sup>®</sup> IS 2.3 or Luminex<sup>®</sup> 1.7 software.

# **EQUIPMENT SETTINGS (continued)**

The Luminex® probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Cat. # MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events:	50, per bead		
Sample Size:	50 μL		
Gate Settings:	8,000 to 15,	000	
Reporter Gain:	Default (low F	PMT)	
Time Out:	60 second	ds	
Bead Set:	Customizable 14-F	Plex Beads	
	C-Peptide Beads	12	
	Active Ghrelin Beads	20	
	GIP Beads	21	
	GLP-1 Beads	22	
	IL-6 Beads 26		
	Glucagon Beads 33		
	Insulin Beads 37		
	Leptin Beads	38	
	MCP-1 Beads	56	
	PP Beads	62	
	PYY Beads	63	
	Resistin Beads	64	
	TNFα Beads	65	
	Amylin (active) Beads	78	

#### **QUALITY CONTROLS**

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at the EMD Millipore website <a href="mailto:emdmillipore.com">emdmillipore.com</a> using the catalog number as the keyword.

#### **ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **Cross-Reactivity**

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

#### Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions (mean minDC + 2 standard deviations, N=8 assays).

Analyte	MinDC	MinDC+2SD
Amylin	19	30
C-Peptide 2	20	39
Active Ghrelin	3	4
GIP	1	1
GLP-1	23	41
Glucagon	20	41
IL-6	8	15
Insulin	14	30
Leptin	19	40
MCP-1	13	26
PP	2	6
PYY	5	11
Resistin	23	43
TNFα	8	16

#### **ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

#### Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 7 reportable results across two different concentrations of cytokines in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of cytokines across 6 different assays.

<u>Analyte</u>	Intra-Assay CV %	Inter-Assay CV %
Amylin	<10%	<15%
C-Peptide 2	<10%	<10%
Active Ghrelin	<10%	<10%
GIP	<10%	<10%
GLP-1	-<10%	<15%
Glucagon	<15%	<15%
IL-6	<10%	<10%
Insulin	<10%	<10%
Leptin	<10%	<10%
MCP-1	<10%	<10%
PP	<10%	<10%
PYY	<10%	<15%
Resistin	<10%	<20%
TNFα	< 10%	<10%

#### **Accuracy**

Spike Recovery: The data represents mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentrations in serum matrices (n=6).

<u>Analyte</u>	% Recovery in Serum Matrix
Amylin	104%
C-Peptide 2	89%
Active Ghrelin	92%
GIP	97%
GLP-1	102%
Glucagon	115%
IL-6	93%
Insulin	99%
Leptin	93%
MCP-1	88%
PP	92%
PYY	84%
Resistin	96%
TNFα	88%

#### TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

TROUBLESHOO Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Insufficient Bead	Plate Washer aspirate	Adjust aspiration height according to
Count	height set too low	manufacturers' instructions.
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with Alcohol flush, Back flush and washes; or if needed probe should be removed and sonicated.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on Luminex® 200™, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
		For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated.
Background is too high	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately, and pipeting with Multichannel pipets without touching reagent in plate.
	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross reacting components (e.g. interleukin modified tissue culture medium).
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.
Beads not in region or gate	Luminex® not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex® based on Instrument Manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by >3°C.
	Gate Settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex® instruments (e.g. Bioplex) require different gate settings than those described in the Kit protocol. Use Instrument default settings.
	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.
	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex® 4 times to rid of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.
	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Signal for whole	Incorrect or no Detection	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and
plate is same as	Antibody was added	continue.
background		
	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to
	was not added	protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been
Low signal for	Detection Antibody may	removed, sensitivity may be low.  May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity
standard curve	have been removed prior	not achieved.
	to adding Streptavidin	The definered.
	Phycoerythrin	
	Incubations done at	Assay conditions need to be checked.
	inappropriate	
	temperatures, timings or agitation	
Signals too high,	Calibration target value set	With some Luminex® Instrument (e.g. Bio-plex)
standard curves are	too high	Default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at
saturated		High PMT. Use low target value for calibration
		and reanalyze plate.
	Diete in substien was to s	Use shorter incubation time.
	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve	Ose shorter incubation time.
	and samples	
Sample readings	Samples contain no or	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to
are out of range	below detectable levels of	use higher sample volume. Check with tech
	analyte	support for appropriate protocol modifications.
	Samples contain analyte	Complete may require dilution and reanalysis for
	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.
	highest standard point.	just that partioular arranges.
	g states a p s	
	Standard curve was	See above.
	saturated at higher end of	
High Variation in	curve.  Multichannel pipet may not	Calibrate pipets.
samples and/or	be calibrated	Calibrate pipets.
standards	bo dans rated	
	Plate washing was not	Confirm all reagents are removed completely in
	uniform	all wash steps.
	Occupies and the selection	O
	Samples may have high	See above.
	particulate matter or other interfering substances	
	Interioring Substances	
	Plate agitation was	Plate should be agitated during all incubation
	insufficient	steps using a vertical plate shaker at a speed
		where beads are in constant motion without
		causing splashing.
	Cross well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent
	C.000 Woll Contamiliation	has touched sealer.
		Care should be taken when using same pipet tips
		that are used for reagent additions and that pipet
		tip does not touch reagent in plate.

FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY								
Problem	Probable Cause	Solution						
Filter plate will not vacuum	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.						
	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay setup and use supernatant.						
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.						
Plate leaked	Vacuum Pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.						
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.						
	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.						
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.						
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.						
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.						

REPLACEMENT REAGENTS	Catalog #
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Standard	MMH-8044
Mouse Metabolic Quality Controls	MMH-6044
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Detection Antibodies	MMH-1044
Serum Matrix	LRGT-SM
Bead Diluent	LE-BD
Assay Buffer	LE-ABGLP
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE12
96-Well Black plate with 2 sealers 10X Wash Buffer	MAG-PLATE L-WB

# **Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads**

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Bead #</u>	Catalog #
C-Peptide 2 beads	12	RMCP2-MAG
Active Ghrelin beads	20	HGRLN-MAG
GIP beads	21	HGIP-MAG
GLP-1 beads	22	HGLP1-MAG
IL-6 beads	26	MIL6-MAG
Glucagon beads	33	HGLU-MAG
Insulin beads	37	RMINS-MAG
Leptin beads	38	RMLPTN-MAG
MCP-1 beads	56	RMMCP1-MAG
PP beads	62	RMPP-MAG
PYY beads	63	RMPYY-MAG
Resistin beads	64	MRES-MAG
TNFα beads	65	RMTNFA-MAG
Amylin (active) beads	78	HAMLNA-MAG

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

To place an order or to obtain additional information about our immunoassay products, please contact your Customer Service or Technical Support Specialist.

Contact information for each region can be found on our website:

emdmillipore.com/contact

#### **Conditions of Sale**

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

#### Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

Safety Data Sheets for EMD Millipore products may be downloaded through our website at <a href="mailto:emdmillipore.com/msds">emdmillipore.com/msds</a>.

#### **WELL MAP**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
А	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
В	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
С	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
Е	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
Н	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									