

Product Information

Endoglycosidase H from *Streptococcus griseus*

Product Number **E 2406**
 Storage Temperature $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

CAS[#] 37278-88-9
 EC 3.2.1.96

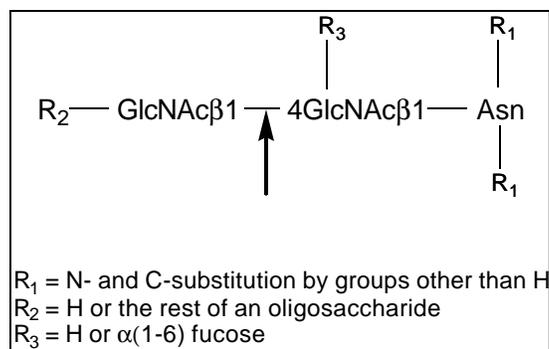
Synonyms: β -N-Acetylglucosaminidase H; Endo H;
 Endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase H

Product Description

One of the distinguishing features of the proteome in eukaryotic cells is that most proteins are subject to post-translational modification, of which glycosylation is the most common form. It is estimated that more than half of all proteins are glycoproteins. Two major classes of oligosaccharides (glycans) may be attached to proteins. N-linked glycans are attached to the amide side chain of Asn residues, which form part of the consensus sequence AsnXaaSer/Thr, while O-linked glycans may be added to the hydroxyl side chain of Ser or Thr residues.

The core structure and composition of N-linked glycans are different from those of O-linked glycans. The core structure of N-linked glycans is shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1.
 Core Structure of N-linked Glycans



Endoglycosidase H cleaves between the N-acetylglucosamine residues of the chitobiose core of N-linked glycans, leaving one N-acetylglucosamine residue attached to the asparagine.

The specificity of this enzyme is such that oligomannose and most hybrid types of glycans, including those that have a fucose residue attached to the core structure, are cleaved, while complex type glycans are not released. Endoglycosidase H is extremely useful for selective release of oligomannose or hybrid type glycans from glycoproteins. The enzyme has found extensive use in the characterization of glycoproteins¹⁻³ and the biosynthetic pathway for N-glycosylation.⁴ The action of endoglycosidase H against native N-linked glycans on a glycoprotein can be assessed by a reduction in molecular weight leading to a change in the migration of the protein during SDS-PAGE.

Endoglycosidase H from *Streptomyces griseus* has a molecular weight of ~ 29 kDa.

The workable pH range is between 5.0 to 6.0, with the optimal pH at 5.0.

The enzyme is supplied as a powder lyophilized from a solution containing 10 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.2. This product **does not contain a protein stabilizer** and must be reconstituted with a solution containing BSA or another stabilizer.

Endoglycosidase H is tested and confirmed negative for contaminating activities of other endo- and exoglycosidases. Trace protease activity was detected.

Unit Definition: One unit will hydrolyze 1.0 μ mole of N-acetyl-(¹⁴C)Asn(GlcNAc)₂(Man)₅ per minute at pH 5.0 at 37 $^{\circ}$ C.

Preparation Instructions

Dissolve the enzyme in 0.1 ml of a solution containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin to prepare a 1 unit/ml solution.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

It is recommended to store the product at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. After reconstitution, aliquot and store the solution at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

References

1. Tai, T., *et al.*, Structural studies of two ovalbumin glycopeptides in relation to the endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase specificity. *J. Biol. Chem.*, **250**, 8569-75 (1975).
2. Tarentino, A.L., *et al.*, A re-evaluation of the oligosaccharide sequence associated with ovalbumin. *J. Biol. Chem.* **247**, 2629-31 (1972).
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4. Hsieh, P., *et al.*, Selective cleavage by endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase H at individual glycosylation sites of *Sindbis virion* envelope glycoproteins. *J. Biol. Chem.*, **258**, 2555-61 (1983).
5. Tarentino, A.L., and Maley, F., Purification and properties of an endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase from *Streptomyces griseus*. *J. Biol. Chem.*, **249**, 811-7 (1974).
6. Arakawa, M., and Muramatsu, T., Endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidases acting on the carbohydrate moieties of glycoproteins. The differential specificities of the enzymes from *Streptomyces griseus* and *Diplococcus pneumoniae*. *J. Biochem. (Tokyo)*, **76**, 307-17 (1974).
7. Trimble, R.B., and Maley, F., Optimizing hydrolysis of N-linked high-mannose oligosaccharides by endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase H. *Anal. Biochem.*, **141**, 515-22 (1984).

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