

17208 Pseudomonas Isolation Agar

Used as a selective and differential medium for primary isolation and identification of *Pseudomonas* from clinical and nonclinical specimens.

Composition:

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
Peptic digest of animal tissue	20.0
Magnesium chloride	1.4
Potassium sulfate	10.0
Triclosan (Irgasan)	0.025
Agar	13.6
Final pH 7.0 +/- 0.2 at 37°C	

Store prepared media below 8°C, protected from direct light. Store dehydrated powder, in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers at 2-25°C.

Appearance: Light yellow coloured, homogeneous, free flowing powder. Colour and Clarity: Yellow coloured, slightly opalescent gel forms in petri plates.

Directions:

Suspend 45.03 g in 1 litre distilled water containing 20 ml glycerol (49769). Boil to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 121°C for 15 minutes.

Principle and Interpretation:

Pseudomonas Isolation Agar is modified medium based on the formulation of Medium A by King et al.. It was developed to differentiating *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* from other *Pseudomonas* based on pigment

formation.

Peptic digest of animal tissue provides nitrogenous compounds. Glycerol serves as carbohydrate source and promotes the phycocyanin (blue-green pigment) production. Magnesium is a cofactor for many metabolic reactions and together potassium sulfate stimulate phyocyanin production as well. Irgasan is an antibiotic and selective inhibits gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria other than *Pseudomonas* spp. Agar is the solidifying agent.

Cultural characteristics after 24-48 hours at 35°C.

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth	Colour of Colony
Pseudomonas aeruginosa (10145)	+++	green
Pseudomonas aeruginosa (27853)	+++	blue to blue-green
Proteus mirabilis (25933)	-	-
Escherichia coli (25922)	-	-



References:

- 1. Gaby and Free, J. Bacteriol. 22, 349 (1931)
- 2. E.O. King, M.K. Ward, D.E. Raney, Two simple media for the demonstration of pyocyanin and fluorescein. J. Lab. Clin. Med., 44, 301 (1954)
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- 4. Pezzlo, In Isenberg (ed.), Clinical microbiology procedures handbook, vol. 1. American
- 5. Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C. (1992)
- 6. Kiska and Gilligan, In Murray, Baron, Pfaller, Tenover and Yolken (ed.), Manual of clinical microbiology, 7th ed. American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C. (1999)

Precautions and Disclaimer

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