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Product Information

Anti-SMAD6 (C-terminal)

produced in rabbit, affinity isolated antibody

Catalog Number SAB4200383

Product Description

Anti-SMAD6 (C-terminal) is produced in rabbit using as immunogen a peptide corresponding to the C-terminal region of human SMAD6 (GeneID: 4091), conjugated to KLH. The corresponding sequence is identical in rat, mouse, and bovine. The antibody is affinity-purified using the immunizing peptide immobilized on agarose.

Anti-SMAD6 (C-terminal) recognizes human and mouse SMAD6. The antibody may be used in various immunochemical techniques including immunoblotting, immunoprecipitation, and immunofluorescence. Detection of the SMAD6 band by immunoblotting is specifically inhibited by the immunizing peptide.

SMADs are a group of related proteins critical for transmitting signals from the transforming growth factor-β (TGFβ) to the nucleus, and thus regulate multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. In mammals, 8 SMAD family members have been identified that can be grouped into three subfamilies, the receptor-regulated SMADs (R-SMADs), which include SMAD1, 2, 3, 5, and 8, the common-mediator SMAD (co-SMAD), SMAD4, and the inhibitory SMADs (I-SMADs), SMAD6 and 7, each of which plays a distinct role in the TGFB pathway. Most SMADs have two conserved domains, the N-terminal MH1 and C-terminal MH2, that are separated by a proline-rich linker region of varying length. The MH1 domain regulates nuclear import and transcription by binding to DNA and interacting with nuclear proteins. The MH2 domain regulates SMAD oligomerization and recognition by type I receptors and interacts with cytoplasmic adaptors and transcription factors.1-2

I-SMADs bind to type I receptors and block the phosphorylation of R-SMADs, thereby inhibiting the initiation of SMAD signaling. SMAD6 is a key negative regulator of BMP signaling in the cytoplasm and in the nucleus. SMAD6 inhibits SMAD signaling in the nucleus by interacting with transcriptional repressors such as HOXC-8, class I histone deacetylases (HDACs) and transcriptional corepressor C-terminal binding protein (CtBp). 3-6

Reagent

Supplied as a solution in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, containing 15 mM sodium azide as a preservative.

Antibody Concentration: ~1.0 mg/mL

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

For continuous use, store at 2–8 °C for up to one month. For extended storage, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing, or storage in "frost-free" freezers, is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Working dilutions should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Product Profile

Immunoblotting: a working concentration of 0.5–1.0 μg/mL is recommended using whole extracts of HEK-293T cells over-expressing human SMAD6.

 $\frac{Immunoprecipitation}{Immunoprecipitation}: a working amount of 5–10 ~\mu g is recommended using lysates of HEK-293T cells overexpressing human SMAD6.$

Immunofluorescence: a working concentration of 10–20 μg/mL is recommended using mouse 3T3 cells.

<u>Note</u>: In order to obtain the best results using various techniques and preparations, we recommend determining the optimal working dilutions by titration.

References

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