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Product Information

Sialic Acid Aldolase from *Escherichia coli* K12, recombinant expressed in *Escherichia coli* BL21(DE3)

Catalog Number **\$1826** Storage Temperature –20 °C

EC 4.1.3.3

Synonyms: *N*-Acetylneuraminate lyase, *N*-Acetylneuraminate pyruvate-lyase (*N*-acetylneuramine-forming)

Product Description

Sialic acid aldolase is an oxo-acid-lyase, that cleaves the 3-4 carbon-carbon bond in sialic acid producing *N*-acetyl-D-mannosamine and pyruvate.

For the expressed Escherichia coli K12 enzyme:

Molecular mass: 33.4 kDa

Isoelectric point (pl): 6.13

pH optimum for activity: 6.5-9.0

This product is supplied as a lyophilized powder containing ≥25% protein, 64% Tris-HCl, and 5% NaCl.

Specific Activity: ≥3.0 units per mg protein

Unit Definition: One unit will catalyze the formation of 1.0 μ mole of Neu-5-Ac from Man-N-Ac and pyruvate per minute at 37 °C at pH 8.0.

Enzymatic activity assays are performed in 1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8.0, containing Man-N-Ac (1 mM) and pyruvate (5 mM) at 37 °C for 15 minutes and analyzed using capillary electrophoresis with UV detection at 200 nm.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

Reconstitute the lyophilized powder with water to ~5 mg/mL.

Solutions can be stored at 2-8 °C for 1-2 months after reconstitution. They can also be aliquoted and frozen at -70 °C or -20 °C for 1 year. Multiple freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Storage/Stability

Store the product at –20 °C. It remains active for at least 1 year when stored properly.

References

- Yu, H et al., Chemoenzymatic synthesis of CMPsialic acid derivatives by a one-pot two-enzyme system: comparison of substrate flexibility of three microbial CMP-sialic acid synthetases. Bioorg. & Med. Chem., 12, 6427-6435 (2004).
- 2. Li, Y et al., *Pasteurella multocida* sialic acid aldolase: a promising biocatalyst. Appl. Microbiol. Biotech., **79**, 963-970 (2008).

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