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ProductInformation

2-Aminopurine nitrate salt

Product Number A 2380 Store at Room Temperature

Product Description

Molecular Formula: C₅H₅N₅ • HNO₃ Molecular Weight: 198.1

CAS Number: 51-16-1

 λ_{max} : 314 nm¹

Extinction coefficient: E^{mM} = 4.0 (0.1 M HCI)

This product is a highly mutagenic base analog.² It is a fluorescent analogue of adenine. It can be used as a substitute for adenosine, but it lacks the groups critical for hydrogen bonding. However, the fluorescent properties allow it to be used as a probe for monitoring the structure and dynamics of DNA hairpins and for detecting base unstacking. It has also been used as a fluorescent probe for DNA base flipping by methyltransferases.³

This product is also a known inhibitor of protein kinases. It selectively blocks the induction of transcription of several interferon-inducible human genes through double-stranded RNA. Induction of mRNA 561 and 6-16 in HelaM cells by double-stranded RNA was completely inhibited by 10 mM 2-aminopurine, whereas cellular protein and RNA syntheses, as well as the induction of metallothionein mRNA by CsCl₂, were unaffected by 2-aminopurine.

Precautions and Disclaimer

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

Preparation Instructions

This product is soluble in water (50 mg/ml) with heating at 95 °C, yielding a clear, colorless solution.

Storage/Stability

A 150 mM solution of 2-aminopurine can be aliquoted and stored frozen.⁴ Before use, each aliquot needs to be thawed, heated, and mixed.

References

- 1. J. Chem. Soc., 2072 (1954).
- Fagan, P. A., et al., An NMR study of the conformation of the 2-aminopurine: Cytosine mismatch in DNA. Biochemistry, 35(13), 4026-4033 (1996).
- Holz, B., et al., 2-aminopurine as a fluorescent probe for DNA base flipping by methyltransferases. Nucleic Acids Res., 26(4), 1076-1083 (1998).
- Tiwari, R. K., et al., Gene induction by interferons and double-stranded RNA: selective inhibition by 2-aminopurine. Mol. Cell. Biol., 8(10), 4289-4294 (1988).

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