

69964 MRS Agar (Lactobacillus Agar acc. to De Man, Rogosa and Sharpe)

For the enrichment, cultivation and isolation of all species of *Lactobacillus* from all types of material according to DeMan, Rogosa and Sharpe.

Composition:

Ingredients	Grams/Litre
Universal peptone	10.0
Meat extract	5.0
Yeast extract	5.0
D(+)-Glucose	20.0
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	2.0
Triammonium citrate	2.0
Sodium acetate	5.0
Magnesium sulfate (equivalent to 0.2 g/l heptahydrate)	0.1
Manganous sulfate monhydrate	0.05
Agar	12.0
Final pH 6.5 +/- 0.2 at 25°C	

Store prepared media below 8°C, protected from direct light. Store dehydrated powder, in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers at 2-25°C.

Directions:

Dissolve 61.15 g in distilled water, add 1 ml Tween 80 (Cat. No. P8074) and bring volume to 1000 ml. Boil to dissolve the medium completely. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. Incubate the culture up to 3 days at 35°C or up to 5 days at 30°C. If possible, incubate the plates in a CO₂-enriched atmosphere in an anaerobic jar. Do not allow the surface of the plates to dry as this will cause acetate concentration increasing at the surface, which inhibits the growth of lactobacilli.

Principle and Interpretation:

The MRS media formulation was developed by de Man, Rogosa and Sharpe to replace the tomato juice medium and the meat extract tomato juice medium. It is a medium supporting good growth of lactobacilli in general, even those strains which have shown poor growth in existing media, like strains of *L. brevis* and *L. fermenti*. The MRS culture media contain polysorbate (Tween 80), acetate, magnesium and manganese which are known to act as special growth factors for lactobaciili as well as a rich nutrient base. As these media show a very low degree of selectivity, *Pediococcus* and *Leuconostoc* species as well as other secondary bacteria may grow on them. Most of the accompanying microflora can be inhibited by thallium acetate (Cat. No. T8266), sorbic acid (Cat. No. S1626), acetic acid (Cat. No. 33209), sodium nitrite (Cat. No. S2252), cycloheximide (Cat. No. 01810) and polymyxin(Cat. No. P4932). These substances can be used at varying concentrations and combinations, but inevitably a compromise has to be reached between selectivity and productivity of the organism sought.

Cultural characteristics:

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth
Lactobacillus acidophilus (4356)	++
Lactobacillus fermentum (9338)	++
Bifidobacterium bifidum (11863)	++ (anaerobic)
Escherichia coli (25922)	-/+ ·
Pseudomonas aeruginosa (27853)	none to poor



References:

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- 3. G. Reuter, Intern. J. Food Microbiol. 2. 55-68 (1985)
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Precautions and Disclaimer

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