

# Product Information

## PAK1/CDC42, active, GST-tagged, human PRECISIO® Kinase recombinant, expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog Number **K2893**

Lot Number 080M0898

Storage Temperature –70 °C

Synonyms: PAKalpha, MGC130000, MGC130001

### Product Description

PAK1 is a member of the p21-activated kinases (PAKs), which have been implicated in the regulation of cell morphology, motility, and transformation. These serine/threonine kinases are activated by and are effectors of small GTPases, CDC42 and RAC. PAK1 belongs to the Group I PAKs, which also includes PAK2 and PAK3.<sup>1</sup> PAK1 is a key regulator of the actin cytoskeleton, adhesion, and cell motility. Inactive dimeric PAK1 is mainly cytosolic and interaction with the activators Cdc42-GTP and Rac1-GTP stimulates the kinase at the sites of cellular protrusions forming adhesions to the extracellular matrix.<sup>2</sup>

This recombinant product was expressed by baculovirus in Sf9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST-tag. The gene accession number is NM 002576. It is supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, with 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EGTA, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.1 mM PMSF, and 25% glycerol.

Molecular mass: ~96 kDa

Purity: ≥70% (SDS-PAGE, see Figure 1)

Specific Activity: 40–53 nmole/min/mg (see Figure 2)

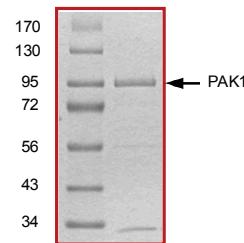
### Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

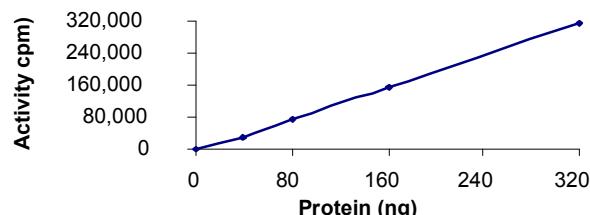
### Storage/Stability

The product ships on dry ice and storage at –70 °C is recommended. After opening, aliquot into smaller quantities and store at –70 °C. Avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

**Figure 1.**  
SDS-PAGE Gel of Lot Number 080M0898:  
>80% (densitometry)



**Figure 2.**  
Specific Activity of Lot Number 080M0898:  
46 nmole/min/mg



### Procedure

#### Preparation Instructions

Kinase Assay Buffer – 25 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 12.5 mM glycerol 2-phosphate, 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 5 mM EGTA, and 2 mM EDTA. Just prior to use, add DTT to a final concentration of 0.25 mM.

Kinase Dilution Buffer – Dilute the Kinase Assay Buffer 5-fold with a 50 ng/μl BSA solution.

**Kinase Solution** – Dilute the active PAK1/CDC42 (0.1 µg/µl) with Kinase Dilution Buffer to the desired concentration.

**Note:** The lot-specific specific activity plot may be used as a guideline (see Figure 2). It is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of active PAK1/CDC42 kinase for optimal results.

**10 mM ATP Stock Solution** – Dissolve 55 mg of ATP in 10 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer. Store in 200 µl aliquots at -20 °C.

**γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail (250 µM)** – Combine 5.75 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer, 150 µl of 10 mM ATP Stock Solution, 100 µl of γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP (1 mCi/100 µl). Store in 1 ml aliquots at -20 °C.

**Substrate Solution** – Dissolve the synthetic peptide substrate (RRRLSFAEPEG) in water at a final concentration of 1 mg/ml.

**1% phosphoric acid solution** – Dilute 10 ml of concentrated phosphoric acid to a final volume of 1 L with water.

#### **Kinase Assay**

This assay involves the use of the <sup>32</sup>P radioisotope. All institutional guidelines regarding the use of radioisotopes should be followed.

1. Thaw the active PAK1/CDC42, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate Solution, and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice. The γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail may be thawed at room temperature.
2. In a pre-cooled microcentrifuge tube, add the following solutions to a volume of 15 µl:  
10 µl of Kinase Solution  
5 µl of 12.5 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>/0.5 mM GTP Solution
3. Initiate each reaction with the addition of 5 µl of the γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail, bringing the final reaction volume to 20 µl. Incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30 °C for 20 minutes.
4. After the 20 minute incubation, add 5 µl of 1 mg/ml substrate solution to the reaction mixture.
5. Set up a blank control as outlined in steps 2–4, substituting 5 µl of cold water (4 °C) for the Substrate Solution.

6. After an additional 15 minute incubation, stop the reaction by spotting 20 µl of the reaction mixture onto an individually pre-cut strip of phosphocellulose P81 paper.
7. Air dry the pre-cut P81 strip and sequentially wash in the 1% phosphoric acid solution with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended the strips be washed a total of 3 times of ~10 minutes each.
8. Set up a radioactive control to measure the total γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP counts introduced into the reaction. Spot 5 µl of the γ-<sup>32</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail on a pre-cut P81 strip. Dry the sample for 2 minutes and read the counts. Do not wash this sample.
9. Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
10. Determine the corrected cpm by subtracting the blank control value (see step 3) from each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity

#### **Calculations:**

1. Specific Radioactivity (SR) of ATP (cpm/nmole)

$$SR = \frac{\text{cpm of } 5 \mu\text{l of } \gamma^{32}\text{P-ATP Assay Cocktail}}{\text{nmole of ATP}}$$

cpm – value from control (step 7)

nmole – 1.25 nmole (5 µl of 250 µM ATP Assay Cocktail)

2. Specific Kinase Activity (SA) (nmole/min/mg)

$$\text{nmole/min/mg} = \frac{\Delta \text{cpm} \times (25/20)}{SR \times E \times T}$$

SR = specific radioactivity of the ATP (cpm/nmole ATP)

Δcpm = cpm of the sample – cpm of the blank (step 3)

25 = total reaction volume

20 = spot volume

T = reaction time (minutes)

E = amount of enzyme (mg)

#### **References**

1. Jaffer, Z.M. et al., p21-activated kinases: three more join the Pak. *Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.*, **34**, 713-717 (2002).
2. Parrini, M.C. et al., Spatiotemporal regulation of the Pak1 kinase. *Biochem. Soc. Trans.*, **33**, 646-648 (2005).

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