Millipore.

User Guide

MILLIPLEX® Rat Cardiac Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1

96-Well Plate Assay

RCI1MAG-87K

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Introduction

Drug-induced cardiotoxicity can be life threatening and necessitates limiting an otherwise-effective treatment. In fact, cardiovascular toxicity has been reported to account for over 40% of drug candidate withdrawal in premarketing clinical trials.

Many therapeutic agents have been reported to induce or exacerbate heart failure including anti-tumor medications, immunomodulating drugs, antidepressants and calcium channel blocking agents to name a few. Conventional biomarkers of cardiotoxicity such as aspartate aminotransferase (AST), lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) and creatine kinase (CK) have gradually been withdrawn due to low tissue specificity. The number of cardiac-specific biomarkers adapted from clinical studies of cardiotoxicity continues to rise. The reverse translational application of these auspicious biomarkers in experimental animal models could improve the power of detection for diagnosis, helping to predict the occurrence of cardiotoxicity in humans.

Emerging biomarkers of cardiac injury include multiple categories of proteins: characteristic muscle cell proteins (Troponins, FABP3 and MYL3), cytosolic kinase (CKM), secreted heparin-binding protein (FSTL1) and metalloprotease inhibitor (TIMP1). Numerous studies have demonstrated elevated levels of these biomarkers in experimental animal blood samples.

In order to meet the increasing need to provide screening assays for experimental biomarkers of drug-induced cardiac injury in pre-clinical and translational research models, we have developed the MILLIPLEX® Rat Cardiac Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1. This 7-plex kit is designed for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in serum or plasma samples:

- Cardiac Troponin I (cTnI)
- Cardiac Troponin T (cTnT)
- Creatine Kinase Muscle (CKM)
- Fatty Acid Binding Protein 3 (FABP3)
- Follistatin-like Protein 1 (FSTL1)
- Myosin Light Chain 3 (MYL3)
- Tissue Inhibitor of Metalloproteinase-1 (TIMP-1)

The MILLIPLEX® Rat Cardiac Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 enables you to focus on the relevance of cardiac injury markers in your research. Coupled with the Luminex® xMAP® platform in a magnetic bead format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity. Biological samples are conserved in the multiplex format, permitting efficient measurement of multiple protein biomarkers from a small sample volume. Further, magnetic beads can make high-throughput screening easier with user-friendly features such as automated, walk-away washing.

The MILLIPLEX® Rat Cardiac Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 is the most versatile system available for cardiac injury screening in pre-clinical and translational research models. The MILLIPLEX® portfolio offers you the ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 7 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs. A convenient "all-in-one" box format gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

The MILLIPLEX® Rat Cardiac Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 is a 7-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in serum or plasma samples: Cardiac Troponin I, Cardiac Troponin T, Creatine Kinase Muscle (CKM), Fatty Acid Binding Protein 3 (FABP3), Follistatin-like 1, Myosin Light Chain 3 (MYL3), and Tissue Inhibitor of Metalloproteinase-1 (TIMP-1).

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. Please read entire protocol before use. It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

Principle

MILLIPLEX® products are based on the Luminex® xMAP® technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex®-C microspheres.

- Luminex® products use proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500-5.6 μ m polystyrene microspheres or 80-6.45 μ m magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- The following Luminex® instruments can be used to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
 - The Luminex® analyzers, Luminex® 200™, FLEXMAP 3D®, and xMAP® INTELLIFLEX, are flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP® detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
 - The Luminex® analyzer (MAGPIX®), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP® capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.
- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is
 quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. We combine the streamlined
 data acquisition power of Luminex® xPONENT® acquisition software with
 sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1,
 integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex®
 instruments.
- xMAP® INTELLIFLEX runs on INTELLIFLEX software for instrument control, run
 setup and generating high quality data with flexible output options. Data can be
 exported in xPONENT® style CSV files for compatibility with many existing
 analytical applications, or in the new, customizable INTELLIFLEX file format. The
 INTELLIFLEX file format is intended for flexibility and simplicity, allowing the user
 to freely select which data points to include and to reduce the time to analysis.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP® technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

Storage Conditions Upon Receipt

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 8 °C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- **DO NOT FREEZE** Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.

Reagents Supplied

Store all reagents at 2 - 8 °C

Reagents	Volume	Quantity	Cat. No.
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Standard	Lyophilized	1 vial	RCI1-8087-1
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Quality Controls 1 and 2	Lyophilized	1 vial each	RCI1-6087-1
Serum Matrix*	Lyophilized	1 vial	LHPT-SM
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers	-	1 set	-
Assay Buffer	30 mL	1 bottle	L-AB
10X Wash Buffer**	60 mL	1 bottle	L-WB
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Detection Antibodies	3.2 mL	1 bottle	RCI1-1087-1
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	3.2 mL	1 bottle	L-SAPE4
Mixing Bottle	-	1 bottle	-

^{*} Contains 0.08% Sodium azide

Included Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Antibody-Immobilized Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel.

	Luminex® Magnetic		rable 7 Analytes entration, 200 µL)
Bead/Analyte Name	Bead Region	Available	Cat. No.
Anti-Rat Cardiac Troponin I Bead	22	~	RTRPNTI-MAG
Anti-Rat Cardiac Troponin T Bead	25	✓	RTRPNT-MAG
Anti-Rat CKM Bead	39	✓	RCKM-MAG
Anti-RatFABP3 Bead	45	✓	HFABP3-MAG
Anti-Rat Follistatin-like 1 Bead	51	✓	RFLSTN-MAG
Anti-Rat MYL3 Bead	67	✓	RMYL3-MAG
Anti-Rat TIMP-1 Bead	74	•	RTIMP1-MAG

^{**} Contains 0.05% Proclin

Materials Required (not included)

Reagents

MAGPIX® Drive Fluid PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50030), xMAP® Sheath Fluid PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50021), or xMAP® Sheath Concentrate PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50023)

Instrumentation/Materials

- Adjustable pipettes with tips capable of delivering 25 μL to 1000 μL
- Multichannel pipettes capable of delivering 5 μL to 50 μL, or 25 μL to 200 μL
- Reagent reservoirs
- Polypropylene microfuge tubes
- Rubber bands
- Aluminum foil
- Absorbent pads
- · Laboratory vortex mixer
- Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model B200 or equivalent)
- Titer plate shaker (Lab-Line Instruments Model No. 4625 or equivalent)
- Luminex[®] 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D[®], MAGPIX[®] instrument with xPONENT[®] software, or xMAP[®] INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software by Luminex[®] Corporation
- Automatic plate washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096, 40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (Cat. No. 40-285 or equivalent).

Note: If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a vacuum filtration unit (Vacuum Manifold, Cat. No. MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with Vacuum Pump, Cat. No. WP6111560 or equivalent).

Safety Precautions

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative.
 Although the concentrations are low, Sodium azide and Proclin may react with
 lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of
 unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and
 local regulations.

Symbol Definitions

Ingredient	Cat. No.	Label	
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB	(! >	Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE4	(! >	Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Standard	RCI1-8087-1		Danger. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/ attention.
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 QC 1 & 2	RCI1-6087-1		Danger. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/ attention.
Serum Matrix	LHPT-SM		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Detection Abs	RCI1-1087-1		Warning . Causes serious eye irritation.

Technical Guidelines

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at ≤ -20 °C for 1 month and at ≤ -80 °C for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8 °C for up to one month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8 °C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.
- When reading the assay on the Luminex® 200™ instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX® instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex® to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
- For FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 μ L Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75 μ L should be aspirated.

- For the xMAP® INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type
 of plate you are using, place an alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the
 well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex®.
- For serum/plasma samples that require further dilution beyond 1:5, use the assay buffer provided in the kit.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

Sample Collection and Storage

Preparation of Serum Samples:

- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C.
- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Serum samples should be diluted 1:5 in the assay buffer provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 15 μL of serum may be combined with 60 μL of assay buffer. When further dilution beyond 1:5 is required, use assay buffer as the diluent.

Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C.
- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Plasma samples should be diluted 1:5 in the assay buffer provided in the kit.
 For example, in a tube, 15 μL of plasma may be combined with 60 μL of assay buffer. When further dilution beyond 1:5 is required, use assay buffer as the diluent.

NOTE:

- A maximum of 25 μL per well of diluted serum or plasma can be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anti-coagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

Preparation of Reagents of Immunoassay

Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150 μ L from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Assay Buffer. Vortex the mixed beads well. Unused portion may be stored at 2-8 °C for up to one month.

(**Note:** Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

Example 1: When using 7 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μ L from each of the 7 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1.95 mL Assay Buffer.

Example 2: When using 3 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μ L from each of the 3 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 2.55 mL Assay Buffer.

Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250 μ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Transfer the reconstituted Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 into two polypropylene microfuge tubes. Unused portion may be stored at ≤ -20 °C for up to one month.

Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at 2-8 °C for up to one month.

Preparation of Serum Matrix

This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

Add 1 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 5 minutes for complete reconstitution. Dilute reconstituted Serum Matrix 1:15 by adding 60 μ L of reconstituted Serum Matrix to 840 μ L of assay buffer. Discard leftover diluted Serum Matrix, leftover undiluted Serum Matrix should be stored at \le -20 °C for up to one month.

Preparation of Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Standard

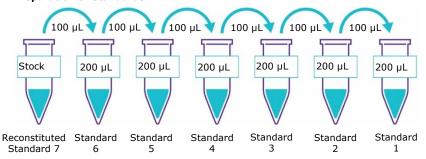
Assay Buffer.

- 1. Prior to use, reconstitute the Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Standard with 250 μ L deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Transfer the reconstituted standard to a polypropylene microfuge tube. This will be used as Standard 7; the unused portion may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to one month.
- 2. Preparation of Working Standards Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 1 through Standard 6. Add 200 μL of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100 μL of the reconstituted standard to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 6 to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 5 to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 4 to the Standard 3 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 3 to the Standard 2 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 2 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL standard (Background) will be

Standard No.	Add Deionized Water (µL)	Add Standard (volume)	
Standard 7	250	0	

Standard No.	Add Assay Buffer (µL)	Add Standard (volume)
Standard 6	200	100 µL of Standard 7
Standard 5	200	100 μL of Standard 6
Standard 4	200	100 μL of Standard 5
Standard 3	200	100 μL of Standard 4
Standard 2	200	100 μL of Standard 3
Standard 1	200	100 μL of Standard 2

Preparation of Standards



Standard	MYL3 (pg/mL)	CKM (pg/mL)	FABP3, TIMP-1 (pg/mL)	Cardiac Troponin T, Follistatin-like 1 (pg/mL)	Cardiac Troponin I (pg/mL)
Standard 1	4	21	41	82	123
Standard 2	12	62	123	247	370
Standard 3	37	185	370	741	1,111
Standard 4	111	556	1,111	2,222	3,333
Standard 5	333	1,667	3,333	6,667	10,000
Standard 6	1,000	5,000	10,000	20,000	30,000
Standard 7	3,000	15,000	30,000	60,000	90,000

Immunoassay Procedure

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards 0 (Background), Standard 1 through 7, Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration.

(**Note:** Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.

- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.
- Add 200 µL of wash buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- Decant wash buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
- Add 25 µL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL standard (Background).
- 4. Add 25 μL of assay buffer to the sample wells.
- Add 25 μL of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the serum matrix.
- Add 25 μL of Sample (diluted) into the appropriate wells.
- Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 µL of the Mixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
- Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 2 hours at room temperature (20-25 °C). Alternatively, incubate overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8 °C.

Add 200 μL wash buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT

Decant

- Add 25 µL Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25 µL assay buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 25 µL appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells
- Add 25 µL diluted Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well



Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature (20-25 °C). Alternatively, incubate overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8 °C.

- Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.
- Add 25 μL of Detection Antibodies into each well.

(**Note:** Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)

- Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (20-25 °C). DO NOT ASPIRATE AFTER INCUBATION.
- Add 25 μL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 25 μL of Detection Antibodies.
- 13. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- 14. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.
- Add 150 µL of Sheath Fluid PLUS (or Drive Fluid PLUS if using MAGPIX®) to all wells.
 Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
- 16. Run plate on Luminex® 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, MAGPIX® instrument with xPONENT® software or xMAP® INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software.
- Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples.

(**Note:** For diluted samples, final sample concentrations should be multiplied by the dilution factor. For samples diluted as per protocol instructions, multiply by 5. If using another dilution factor, multiple by the appropriate dilution factor.)



Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 25 µL Detection Antibodies per well



Incubate 1 hour at RT Do Not Aspirate

Add 25 µL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well



Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 µL Wash Buffer

Add 150 μ L Sheath Fluid PLUS or Drive Fluid PLUS per well

Read on Luminex® (100 μ L, 50 beads per bead set)

Plate Washing

Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- Handheld magnet (Cat. No. 40-285)
 Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 µL of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- Magnetic plate washer (Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096 and 40-097)
 Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate
 equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be
 approximately 25 µL of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when
 using the BioTek plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated
 from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek® 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

Filter Plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200 μ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

Equipment Settings

Luminex[®] 200[™], HTS, FLEXMAP 3D[®], MAGPIX[®] instruments with xPONENT[®] software and xMAP[®] INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software:

These specifications are for the above listed instruments and software. Luminex $^{\otimes}$ instruments with other software (for example, MasterPlex $^{\otimes}$, StarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex $^{\otimes}$ Manager $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$, LABScan $^{\text{\tiny TM}}100$) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex $^{\otimes}$ magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, each instrument must be calibrated and performance verified with the indicated calibration and verification kits.

Instrument	Calibration Kit	Verification Kit	
Luminex® 200™ and HTS	xPONENT® 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-CAL-K25)	Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-PVER-K25)	
FLEXMAP 3D®	FLEXMAP 3D® Calibrator Kit (Cat. No. F3D-CAL-K25)	FLEXMAP 3D® Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. F3D-PVER-K25)	
xMAP® INTELLIFLEX	xMAP [®] INTELLIFLEX Calibration Kit (Cat. No. IFX-CAL-K20)	xMAP [®] INTELLIFLEX Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. IFX-PVER-K20)	
MAGPIX®	MAGPIX® Calibration Kit (Cat. No. MPX-CAL-K25)	MAGPIX [®] Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. MPX-PVER-K25)	

NOTE: When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT® software, you must select MagPlex® as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

NOTE: These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex $^{\text{@}}$ IS 2.3 or Luminex $^{\text{@}}$ 1.7 software.

The Luminex® probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Cat. No. MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

50, per bead	
100 μL	
8,000 to 15,000	
Default (low PMT)	
60 seconds	
Customizable 7-plex B	eads
Troponin I	22
Troponin T	25
CKM	39
FABP3	45
Follistatin-like 1	51
MYL3	67
TIMP1	74
	100 µL 8,000 to 15,000 Default (low PMT) 60 seconds Customizable 7-plex B Troponin I Troponin T CKM FABP3 Follistatin-like 1 MYL3

Quality Controls

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at our website $\underline{SigmaAldrich.com}$ using the catalogue number as the keyword.

Assay Characteristics

Cross-Reactivity

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

	2 Hour Protocol (n = 9 Assays)		Overnight Protocol (n = 3 Assays)	
Analyte	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)
Troponin I	46	86	74	155
Troponin T	44	85	35	56
CKM	7	12	8	16
FABP3	12	19	8	14
Follistatin-like 1	27	47	21	26
MYL3	4	9	5	7
TIMP-1	15	29	14	24

Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 9 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 9 different assays.

	2 Hour	Overnight Protocol	
Analyte	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV	Intra-assay %CV
Troponin I	< 10	< 15	< 10
Troponin T	< 10	< 15	< 10
СКМ	< 10	< 15	< 10
FABP3	< 10	< 15	< 10
Follistatin-like 1	< 10	< 15	< 10
MYL3	< 10	< 15	< 10
TIMP-1	< 10	< 15	< 10

Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in serum matrices (n=8).

	2 Hour Protocol	Overnight Protocol				
Analyte	% Recovery in Serum Matrix	% Recovery in Serum Matrix				
Troponin I	83	93				
Troponin T	80	92				
CKM	99	98				
FABP3	87	86				
Follistatin-like 1	95	103				
MYL3	97	99				
TIMP-1	100	97				

Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
	Plate washer aspirate height set too low	Adjust aspiration height according to manufacturers' instructions.				
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.				
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.				
Insufficient bead count	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on the Luminex® 200™ instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX® instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For the FLEXMAP 3D® instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated. When reading the assay on the xMAP® INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type of plate you are using, place an alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex®."				
	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.				
Background is too high	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (for example, interleukin modified tissue culture medium).				
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.				

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
	Luminex® instrument not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex® instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by > 3 °C.				
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex® instruments (for example, Bio-Plex®) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.				
Beads not in	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.				
region or gate	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.				
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex® instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.				
	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.				
Signal for	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.				
whole plate is same as background	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.				
Low signal for standard curve	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.				
	Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	Assay conditions need to be checked.				
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Calibration target value set too high	With some Luminex® instruments (for example, Bio-Plex®) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.				
	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	Use shorter incubation time.				

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.				
	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.				
	Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	See above.				
	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated	Calibrate pipettes.				
	Plate washing was not uniform	Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps.				
	Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances	See above.				
High variation in samples and/or standards	Plate agitation was insufficient	Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.				
	Cross-well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.				

FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.				
Filter plate will not vacuum	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up and use supernatant.				
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.				
	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.				
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.				
Plate leaked	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.				
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.				
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.				
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.				

Product Ordering

Replacement Reagents	Cat. No.
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Standard	RCI1-8087-1
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Quality Controls 1 and 2	RCI1-6087-1
Serum Matrix	LHPT-SM
Rat Cardiac Injury Panel 1 Detection Antibodies	RCI1-1087-1
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE4
Assay Buffer	L-AB
Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers	MAG-PLATE
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB

Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

Analyte	Bead No.	Cat. No.
Troponin I	22	RTRPNTI-MAG
Troponin T	25	RTRPNT-MAG
CKM	39	RCKM-MAG
FABP3	45	HFABP3-MAG
Follistatin-like 1	51	RFLSTN-MAG
MYL3	67	RMYL3-MAG
TIMP-1	74	RTIMP1-MAG

Well Map

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
В	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
С	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
Е	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
Н	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									

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