

ProductInformation

SIGMA QUALITY CONTROL TEST

Enzymatic Assay of CHOLINE OXIDASE (EC 1.1.3.17)

PRINCIPLE:

Choline + O₂ Choline Oxidase > Betaine Aldehyde + H₂O₂

Betaine Aldehyde + O₂ + H₂O Choline Oxidase > Betaine + H₂O₂

 $2H_2O_2 + 4$ -Aminoantipyrine + Phenol $\stackrel{POD}{\longrightarrow}$ > Quinoneimine dye + 4 H_2O

Abbreviation used: POD = Peroxidase

CONDITIONS: T = 37°C, pH = 8.0, A_{500nm} , Light path = 1 cm

METHOD: Continuous Spectrophotometric Rate Determination

REAGENTS:

- A. 100 mM Tris HCl Buffer, pH 8.0 at 37°C
 (Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using Trizma Base, Sigma Prod. No. T-1503. Adjust to pH 8.0 at 37°C with 1 M HCl.)
- B. 2.1% (w/v) Choline Chloride Solution (Choline)(Prepare 100 ml in Reagent A using Choline, Chloride Salt, Sigma Prod. No. C-1879.)
- C. 1% (w/v) 4-Aminoantipyrine Solution (4-AAP)
 (Prepare 2 ml in deionized water using 4-Aminoantipyrine, Free Base, Sigma Prod. No. A-4382.)
- D. 1% (w/v) Phenol Solution (Phenol)(Prepare 5 ml in deionized water using Phenol, Sigma Prod. No. P-3653.)
- E. 10 mM Tris HCl with 2.0 mM Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid and 134 mM Potassium Chloride Solution (Enz Dil) (Prepare 100 ml in deionized water using Trizma Base, Sigma Prod. No. T-1503, Ethylenediaminetetraacetic Acid, Disodium Salt, Dihydrate, Sigma Stock No. ED2SS, and Potassium Chloride, Sigma Prod. No. P-4504. Adjust to pH 8.0 at 37°C with 1 M HCl.)

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REAGENTS: (continued)

F. Peroxidase Enzyme (POD) (Use Peroxidase, Sigma Prod. No. P-8250.)

G. Choline Oxidase Enzyme Solution (Choline Oxidase)
 (Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 0.1 - 0.5 unit/ml of Choline Oxidase in cold Reagent E.)

PROCEDURE:

Prepare a reaction cocktail by pipetting (in milliliters) the following reagents into a suitable amber container:

Reagent B (Choline)	97.00
Reagent C (4-AAP)	1.00
Reagent D (Phenol)	2.00
Reagent F (POD, Purpurogallin units)	500

Mix by swirling.

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable cuvettes:

	<u>Test</u>	<u>Blank</u>
Reaction Cocktail	3.00	3.00

Equilibrate to 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Monitor the A_{500nm} until constant, using a suitably thermostatted spectrophotometer. Then add:

Reagent E (Enz Dil)		0.05
Reagent G (Choline Oxidase)	0.05	

Immediately mix by inversion and record the increase in A_{500nm} for approximately 5 minutes. Obtain the ΔA_{500nm} /minute using the maximum linear rate for both the Test and Blank.

CALCULATIONS:

Units/ml enzyme =
$$\frac{(\Delta A_{500nm}/min \text{ Test - } \Delta A_{500nm}/min \text{ Blank})(3.05)(df)}{(12)(0.5)(0.05)}$$

3.05 = Volume (in milliliters) of assay

df = Dilution factor

12 = Millimolar extinction coefficient of Quinoneimine Dye at 500 nm under the conditions of the assay¹

 $0.5 = \mu$ mole of Quinoneimine Dye formed per μ mole of H_2O_2

0.05 = Volume (in milliliter) of choline oxidase used in assay

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CALCULATIONS:

UNIT DEFINITION:

One unit will form 1.0 μ mole of H₂O₂ from the oxidation of 1 μ mole of choline to betaine aldehyde per minute at pH 8.0 at 37°C.

FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:

In a 3.05 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 96 mM Tris, 2.0% (w/v) choline, 0.01% (w/v) 4-aminoantipyrine, 0.02% (w/v) phenol, 15 units peroxidase, 0.03 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, 2 mM potassium chloride and 0.005 - 0.025 unit choline oxidase.

REFERENCES:

Okabe, H., Sagesaka, K., Nakajima, N., and Noma, A. (1977) Clinica Chimica Acta 80, 87-94

Keesey, J. (1987) *Biochemica Information*, 1st ed., pp 19-20, Boehringer Mannheim Biochemicals, IN

NOTES:

- 1. The millimolar extinction coefficient is described in Kessey, J. (1982).
- 2. This assay is based on the cited references.
- 3. Peroxidase Unit Definition: One unit will form 1.0 mg purpurogallin from pyrogallol in 20 seconds at pH 6.0 at 20°C.
- 4. Where Sigma Product or Stock numbers are specified, equivalent reagents may be substituted.

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