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# **ProductInformation**

#### 6-Propyl-2-thiouracil

Product Number **P 3755**Store at Room Temperature

## Replacement for Product Number H3,420-3

#### **Product Description**

Molecular Formula:  $C_7H_{10}N_2OS$ Molecular Weight: 170.2 CAS Number: 51-52-5 Melting Point: 219-221  $^{\circ}C^1$ 

 $\lambda_{max}$ : 275 nm, 214 nm<sup>1</sup>

Extinction Coefficient:  $E_{\perp}^{\text{mM}} = 15.8$  (275 nm, methanol),

15.6 (214 nm, methanol)<sup>1</sup>

Synonyms: propylthiouracil, 6-N-propyl-2-thiouracil, 4-hydroxy-2-mercapto-6-propylpyrimidine, 2-thio-4-

hydroxy-6-n-propylpyrimidine, 6-PTU

6-Propyl-2-thiouracil (6-PTU) is a thiolated uracil derivative that is a known antihyperthyroid agent. It is known to inhibit the deiodination of thyroxine to triiodothyronine. 6-PTU has been synthesized via the condensation of ethyl β-oxocaproate with thiourea.

Various nitric oxide synthase isoforms can be inhibited by 6-PTU in irreversible and reversible mechanisms that differ with the particular isoform. 6-PTU has been used in a study of xenograft tumor growth in a mouse model of prostate cancer. An investigation of the taste stimuli in the chorda tympani and glossopharyngeal nerves of mice utilized 6-PTU as one of many taste agents. The interaction of 6-PTU and other uracil derivatives with horseradish peroxidase has been studied.

#### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

For Laboratory Use Only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

### **Preparation Instructions**

This product is soluble in 1 N NaOH (50 mg/ml), with heat as needed, yielding a clear, colorless solution. It is also soluble in alcohol (16 mg/ml) and acetone (16 mg/ml). The solubility in water has been reported at 1.1 mg/ml at 20 °C and 10 mg/ml in boiling water. This product is essentially insoluble in ether, chloroform, and benzene. 1

#### References

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- 7. Zaton, A. M., and Ochoa de Aspuru, E., Horseradish peroxidase inhibition by thiouracils. FEBS Lett., **374(2)**, 192-194 (1995).

GCY/RXR 11/05