

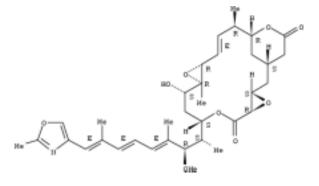
3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-5765
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

RHIZOXIN

Product Number **R 8149** Storage Temperature –0 °C

CAS #: 90996-54-6
Product Description



Molecular Weight: 625.3 Molecular formula: C₃₅H₄₇NO₉ Purity: minimum 95% (HPLC)

Rhizoxin, an antitumor agent, is a 16-membered ring lactone having an oxazole ring in its structure. This macrolide inhibits microtubule assembly and also depolymerizes microtubules. Rhizoxin binds to β -tubulin in most eucaryotic cells including animals, plants, and fungi. It completely prevents formation of an intrachain cross-link in β -tubulin by N,N'-ethylenebis (iodoacetamide).

Due to its antimitotic activity, Rhizoxin, is used as an antitumor agent (e.g. in human cancer cell lines).

Preparation Instructions

Soluble in DMSO or ethanol at 1 mg/ml (stable for 3 weeks at 2-8 °C). DMSO solutions may be stored frozen for 2 months.

Storage/Stability

It is recommended to store the product at -0 °C. The unopened product is stable for at least 3 years.

References

- Tsuro, T., et al., Rhizoxin, a macrocyclic lactone antibiotic, as a new antitumor agent against human and murine tumor cells and their vincristineresistant sublines. Cancer Res., 46, 381-385 (1986).
- Ikubo, S., et al., In vitro evaluation of antimicrotubule agents in human small-cell lung cancer cell lines. Anticancer Res., 19, 3985-3988 (1999).
- Sawada, T., et al., Identification of the fragment photoaffinity-labeled with azidodansyl-rhizoxin as Met-363-Lys-379 on beta-tubulin. Biochem Pharmacol, 45, 1387-1394 (1993).
- Plobidou, A., et al., Evidence for novel cell cycle checkpoints in trypanosomes: kinetoplast segregation and cytokinesis in the absence of mitosis. J. Cell SCI., 112, 4641-4650 (1999).

YA 10/01