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sigma-aldrich.com

3050 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 USA Tel: (800) 521-8956 (314) 771-5765 Fax: (800) 325-5052 (314) 771-5757 email: techservice@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

Product Information

CompoZr[®] ADME/Tox Cell Lines C2BBe1 BCRP/MRP2 Double Knockout and Wild Type Cell Lines 96 Well Assay Ready Plates

Catalog Number **MTOX1006PC96** Store at Room Temperature

TECHNICAL BULLETIN

Product Description

CompoZr[®] zinc finger nuclease (ZFN) technology is a fast and reliable way to manipulate the genome in a targeted fashion. ZFNs are synthetic proteins engineered to bind DNA at a sequence-specific location and create a double strand break (www.sigma.com/zfn). The cell's natural machinery repairs the break in one of two ways: non-homologous end joining or homologous recombination. The non-homologous end joining pathway resulted in modifications at the desired loci (see Appendix). Single cell knockout clones were isolated and followed for more than twenty passages to establish stable cell lines.

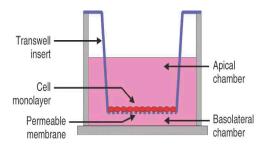
ZFN-mediated gene knockout technology is not limited to diploid targets, allowing the researcher to pursue many of the polyploid cell lines often characteristic of cancer. The colon adenocarcinoma cell line C2BBe1 presents unique challenges to knockout technology as this cell line is tetraploid for several targeted genes.¹ Modified cell lines provide the basis for the development of various assays for compound screening. Here, the target genes and corresponding transporter function are eliminated, in contrast to cell lines with normal expression.²

ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters are a family of transmembrane proteins that utilize ATP hydrolysis for translocation of substrates across membranes. ABC transporters are known to play a critical role in the development of multidrug resistance. Evaluation of membrane transporter pharmacology in drug disposition and drug-drug interactions (DDI) is critical to the pharmaceutical safety evaluations of new drug entities. Selection of the targeted gene(s) was based on the considerable body of evidence supporting its crucial role in the development of multidrug resistance.³

The kit contains BCRP/MRP2 double knockout (KO) and wild type C2BBe1 cells that have been differentiated for 14 days in HTS Multiwell Insert – 96 Well Assay Ready Plates (see Figure 1). At day 14 an exclusive and proprietary shipping medium that is stable at room temperature is added to the cells to allow for up to 4 days of shipping.

Figure 1.

Transwell of HTS Multiwell Insert – 96 Well Assay Ready Plate



Components

Each kit is a set of 2 HTS Multiwell Insert – 96 Well Assay Ready Plates:

- One plate of BCRP/MRP2 double knockout C2BBe1 cells (Cat. No. MTOX1006P96)
- One plate of wild type C2BBe1 cells (Cat. No. MTOX1000P96)

Cell Line Description

Parental Cell Line: ATCC[®] Catalog No. CRL-2102[™] Note: Please see CRL-2102 product datasheet from ATCC for additional information about the origin of these cell lines. Cytogenetic information is based on initial seed stock at Sigma Life Science. Cytogenetic instability has been reported in the literature for some cell lines.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

CACO-2 Medium: Fetal bovine serum, Catalog No. F4135, at a final concentration of 10% (v/v) in DMEM, Catalog No. D5671, supplemented with L-glutamine, Catalog No. G7513, to a final concentration of 2 mM and penicillin-streptomycin, Catalog No. P4333, at a final concentration of 1% (v/v). This medium is formulated for use with a 5% CO₂ in air atmosphere.

Procedures

Unpacking

<u>Note</u>: The shipping medium must be changed on Friday of the week the plate is received. The unpacking instructions should be followed for each plate that is received.

Upon receipt, open the box and remove the plastic Ziploc[®] bag containing the HTS Multiwell Insert – 24 well Assay Ready plates. Leave the Ziploc bag **open**. The plastic Ziploc bag containing the HTS Multiwell Insert – 24 well Assay Ready plate should be kept at room temperature (15–25 °C) until Friday of the week it is received.

Changing the Shipping Medium

- On Friday of the week the plates were received, remove the HTS Multiwell Insert – 96 well Assay Ready plates (still at room temperature) from the zip lock bags.
- Unwrap the HTS Multiwell Insert 96 well Assay Ready plates and carefully remove the Parafilm[®].
- 3. Prepare everything needed to replace the shipping medium with fresh CACO-2 Medium:
 - a. cell culture biosafety cabinet
 - b. CACO-2 Medium, pre-warmed to 37 °C
 - c. aspiration system
 - d. standard basal 96 well plates (one for each Assay Ready plate)
 - e. sterile containers for culture medium
- Place the HTS Multiwell Insert 24 well Assay Ready plates in the cell culture incubator for a minimum of 4 hours to allow the transport medium to liquefy.

- Prepare the basal plates for changing the medium:
 a. Warm CACO-2 Medium to 37 °C.
 - b. In the biosafety cabinet, unwrap one 96 well basal plate for each Assay Ready plate. Open the plates and place the lids by the plates, facing upwards.
 - c. Add 250 μ l of warm (37 °C) CACO-2 Medium into basal well of new 96 well plate.
 - d. Put the lid on each plate and place the plates in the incubator.
 - e. Re-warm the CACO-2 Medium by placing it back in the 37 °C bath.

<u>Notes</u>: Once the shipping medium has softened, replace it with fresh CACO-2 Medium following steps 6–10, which must be performed using sterile technique in the biosafety cabinet.

Never handle more than one plate at a time while changing the shipping medium. Resolidification of the shipping medium could cause mechanical damage to the cell monolayers.

- Take one Assay Ready plate and one basal plate out of the incubator, and place them both in the biosafety cabinet.
- 7. Open the Assay Ready plate and the basal plate, placing the lids next to the plates, facing upwards.
- 8. Gently lift up the apical (upper) section of the Assay Ready plate and place it on the basal plate.
- 9. Remove all liquefied shipping medium from apical (upper) section and replace with 50–75 μ l of fresh CACO-2 media.
- 10. Cover the Assay Ready plate with its lid, then put back into the cell culture incubator.
- 11. Repeat steps 6–10 for each plate.

<u>Notes</u>: After the shipping medium has been changed to fresh CACO-2 Medium, the plates should be kept in the incubator until Monday (day 21). Transwell assays can be performed on days 21–25.

Culture medium should be replaced every 48–72 hours with CACO-2 Medium.

TEER Measurement

Read instructions for proper use of the TEER instrument in addition to these instructions.

- 1. Sterilize the electrodes (probe): submerge both electrodes in 70% ethanol for 30 minutes.
- 2. Equilibrate the electrodes (probe) for 30 minutes in CACO-2 Medium.
- 3. Insert the probe in the Transwell system so the shorter electrode is slightly submerged inside the culture medium of the apical well and the longer arm is placed through the lateral hole of the Transwell, so it is submerged in the medium of the basal well.
- A TEER value of >1,000 ohms is acceptable (see Appendix for representative TEER data). <u>Notes</u>: It may be necessary to adjust X,Y coordinates on the TEER instrument for specific tissue culture plates.

See Appendix for representative TEER data.

Transwell Assay

This protocol is designed to assess drug transporter functionality in C2BBe1 cells. The experiment must include both the genetically modified C2BBe1 knockout cells and wild type C2BBe1 cells. Transport is measured in both directions (apical-to-basal and basal-to-apical) across the cell monolayer, enabling an efflux ratio to be determined. It is expected the efflux ratio from the knockout cells will be significantly lower than the ratio from wild type cells. In this study, buffer is taken from the receiver compartment after a designated time point. Compound concentrations in the receiver samples are quantified by LC-MS/MS, and the apparent permeability coefficient (P_{app}) and efflux ratio of the compound across the monolayer are calculated.

- 1. Materials
 - Assay Ready Plates: C2BBe1 knockout and wild type plates
 - CACO-2 Medium
 - Buffer B (see Reagent Preparation)
 - Test compound working solution (see Reagent Preparation)
 - Sample analysis equipment (fluorimeter, HPLC-UV/MS, liquid scintillation counter, etc)
- 2. Reagent Preparation Use ultrapure water or equivalent to prepare reagents and in protocol steps.
 - Buffer B 500 ml HBSS containing: 12.5 ml of 1 M D-glucose
 10 ml of 1 M HEPES buffer
 1 ml of 625 mM CaCl₂
 1 ml of 250 mM MgCl₂
 Adjust to pH 7.4
 Store up to 4 weeks at 2–8 °C
 - Test Compound Stock Solution: Dissolve compound at 200× concentration in DMSO and vortex to mix. If necessary, warm or sonicate to dissolve completely. Store up to 6 months at 2–8 °C
 - Test Compound Working Solution: Dilute Test Compound Stock Solution 200-fold with HBSS to make a working solution with a final DMSO concentration of 0.5% (v/v). Prepare fresh just before use.

- 3. Perform Transwell Assay
 - a. Aspirate medium from the apical and basal wells and replace with Buffer B (75 μ l in the apical wells and 250 μ l in the basal wells). Incubate at 37 °C for 15 minutes.
 - b. Aspirate all of Buffer B. Depending on the study design, add Test Compound Working Solution to the apical (75 μ l) or basal (250 μ l) wells, and add Buffer B to the other (basal or apical) wells. Incubate at 37 °C for 2 hours.
 - c. Take 50 μl samples from the appropriate wells, depending on the direction of transport (i.e., from the basal well for A-to-B transport or the apical well for B-to-A transport).
 - d. Analyze samples.
 - e. Following quantitation of test compound, proceed to determination of (P_{app}) value and efflux ratio.
- 4. Determine P_{app} value and efflux ratio
 - a. Calculate the permeability coefficient as follows;

$$P_{\rm app} = \frac{1}{A \times C_o} \times \frac{dM_t}{dt}$$

 $A = area (cm^2)$

- C_0 = mass of compound initially in the donor compartment
- dM_{r}/dt = the rate of drug permeation across the cells
- b. Calculate the efflux ratio (ER) as the ratio of P_{app} determined in the A-to-B direction to P_{app} determined in the B-to-A direction:

Measurement of Cell Monolayer Integrity using Lucifer Yellow

Evaluation of permeability characteristics of C2BBe1 cells can be performed by measuring passive passage of different molecules across the monolayer. Small hydrophilic compounds cross the monolayer mainly via the paracellular space, such as through the tight junctions, and can be considered markers of passage by this route. Lucifer Yellow is one such marker that is easily detectable. It is used to check the barrier integrity and to determine whether the working concentration of a test compound disturbs the integrity of the monolayer. In this protocol, the Lucifer Yellow assay is performed after the Transwell assay.

- 1. Materials
 - Transwell assay plates
 - Buffer B
 - 0.1 mg/ml Lucifer Yellow Solution (Lucifer Yellow CH dipotassium salt, Catalog No. L0144) in Buffer B
 - 96 well plate
 - Fluorescence multiwell plate reader
- 2. Perform Lucifer Yellow Assay
 - a. After removing samples for sample analysis, aspirate the remaining liquid from the apical and basal wells.
 - b. Add 75 μl of 0.1 mg/ml Lucifer Yellow Solution to the apical wells and 250 μl of Buffer B to the basal wells.
 - c. Incubate at 37 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 60 minutes.
 - d. Transfer 150 µl from the basal wells to a 96 well plate and read in a spectrofluorometer with excitation at 485 nm and emission at 535 nm. Also measure fluorescence for Buffer B (blank) and 0.1 mg/ml Lucifer Yellow Solution.
- 3. Calculate the percent permeability from the fluorescence values as follows:

A permeability of <3% is acceptable.

See Appendix for representative Lucifer Yellow data.

References

- Peterson, M.D., and Mooseker, M.S., Characterization of the enterocyte-like brush border cytoskeleton of the C2BB3 clones of the human intestinal cell line, Caco-2. J. Cell Sci., **102**, 581-600 (1992).
- Pratt, J. et al., Use of Zinc Finger Nuclease Technology to Knock Out Efflux Transporters in C2BBe1 Cells. Current Protocols in Toxicology, 23.2.1-23.2.22, May (2012).
- The International Transporter Consortium (2010 White Paper), Membrane transporters in drug development. Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 9, 215-236 (2010).
- Chen, W., et al. in Cell Culture Models of Biological Barriers In-Vitro Test Systems for Drug Absorptoin and Delivery. (Lehr, C-M., ed.), Taylor & Francis, (New York, NY: 2002) pp. 143-163.

Additional product and technical information can be obtained from the catalog references and the Sigma Life Science Website (www.sigma.com/transporterko).

Please see the Label License Agreement (LLA) for further details regarding the use of this product, the LLA is available on our website at (www.sigma.com).

These cells are distributed for research purposes only. Sigma Life Science requires that individuals contemplating commercial use of any cell line first contact us to negotiate an agreement. Third party distribution of this cell line is prohibited.

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Appendix

Genotypic data on the Transporter KO C2BBe1 cell line – The transporter gene knockouts in the C2BBe1 Cells are a result of ZFN derived nucleotide insertions and/or deletions. The ZFN binding site is in capital letters and the ZFN cut site is in lower case letters. Nucleotide deletions are represented as dashes and nucleotide insertions are in red font.

MTOX1006P96 – BCRP/MRP2 Transporter Knockout

BCRP Genotype

Wild Type:	5'-TACACCACCTCCTTCTGTcatcaACTCAGATGGGT-3'	
Allele 1:	5'-T3'	(67 bp deletion in 3' direction)
Allele 2:	5'-T3'	(67 bp deletion in 3' direction)
Allele 3:	5'-TACACCACCTCCTtcaACTCAGATGGGT-3'	(7 bp deletion)
Allele 4:	5'-TACACCACCTCCTCCcatcAaACTCAGATGGGT-	-3' (5 bp deletion, 3 bp insertion)

MRP2 Genotype

Wild Type:	5'-GTCTCCCTAGTCCATGATggcagtGAAGAAGAAGACGATGAC-3'	
Allele 1:	5'-GTCTCCCTAggcagtGAAGAAGAAGACGATGAC-3'	(9 bp deletion)
Allele 2:	5'-GTCTCCCTAggcagtGAAGAAGAAGACGATGAC-3'	(9 bp deletion)
Allele 3:	5'-GTCGAC-3'	(36 bp deletion)
Allele 4:	5'-GTCGAC-3'	(36 bp deletion)

Representative TEER data

Day 2	9243	8792	8419	8250	8429	8831	8823	8961	8752	8875	9087	8986
	8863	8286	7663	7823	7906	7917	8113	8121	8087	8105	8315	9100
	9076	8289	7861	8111	7897	8236	8312	8291	8145	8215	8376	8790
	8732	7928	7897	7757	7813	7938	8043	7795	8015	8081	8222	8783
	9507	8203	7911	8117	8071	8171	7995	8020	7975	8254	8162	8755
	9138	8271	8441	8488	8426	8520	8747	8738	8384	8386	8521	8840
	9357	8523	8842	8833	8623	8668	8677	8794	8754	8656	8593	8933
	9669	9525	9468	9430	9281	9415	9434	9416	9312	9175	9186	10116
		•	•	•	•							
Day 2	9110	8648	8644	8447	8419	8516	8599	8754	9009	8809	9280	8792
	8256	7654	7585	7793	7885	7897	7926	7928	8249	8040	8314	9130
	9328	7630	7790	8077	8090	8221	8336	8301	8755	8386	8863	8821
	8212	7582	7752	8132	8255	8256	8164	8523	8436	8610	8447	9081
	8657	7816	7954	8038	8052	7937	7645	7798	8105	8312	8273	8751
	8229	7717	7890	8095	8352	8076	8097	7930	8483	8450	8387	8875
	8629	8357	8132	8339	7980	8291	8134	8507	8511	8532	7731	8756
	8624	8622	8831	9020	8848	8920	8618	8975	8588	8630	9014	9296
		•	•	•	•							
Day 2	8180	7800	7658	7551	7589	8063	7995	8110	7687	8304	8496	8773
-	7569	6757	6476	6604	6773	6965	6912	7007	6890	6842	6885	8335
	7852	6570	6705	6497	6724	6721	6514	6583	6653	7083	7095	7768
	7377	6544	6561	6376	6628	6606	6625	6543	6815	6832	7049	7728
	7506	6717	6397	6867	6740	6783	6769	7119	6867	6911	7021	7853
	7757	6813	6505	6534	6772	6995	6813	7133	7221	7265	6238	7649
	7824	6834	6822	6194	6662	6916	6546	6785	7027	7037	6593	7986
	10125	7974	7531	7688	7367	7847	7983	7888	7609	7791	7421	8085

Representative Lucifer Yellow Data

Day 21	6.34	0.18	7.26	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.07	1.14
	0.04	0.05	1.49	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.10
	0.04	0.08	2.70	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.04	0.07
	0.32	0.38	3.84	0.18	0.16	0.12	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.06
	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.06
	0.08	0.16	4.78	0.05	0.05	0.06	1.17	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05
	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.07	0.54	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05
	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.07	0.80	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.05
Day 23	0.27	1.39	0.18	0.14	0.10	0.15	0.12	0.13	0.15	0.09	0.11	0.11
	0.18	0.16	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.09	0.13	0.13
	0.18	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.15	0.14	3.27	0.13
	0.38	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.17	0.21	0.14	0.20	0.19	0.20	1.50	0.18
	0.22	0.21	0.12	0.15	0.13	0.17	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.09	0.10	0.09
	0.37	0.21	0.17	0.21	0.21	0.16	0.11	0.13	0.23	3.40	5.41	0.11
	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.44	0.11	0.11	0.24	3.86	1.42	0.11
	0.14	0.11	0.14	0.19	0.15	0.16	0.12	0.11	0.23	1.98	1.63	0.13
	0.05	0.12	0.68	40.23	0.05	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.05
	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.04
	0.07	0.13	0.11	0.14	0.08	0.11	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.04
	0.26	0.46	0.23	0.18	0.12	0.21	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.05
	0.24	0.10	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.04
	1.44	0.20	0.20	0.08	0.13	0.11	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.01
	0.73	0.87	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.11	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03
	0.05	0.17	0.06	0.03	0.08	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.57	0.14	0.04

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