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## **Product Information**

## Vaspin EIA Kit

for serum, plasma, culture supernatant, and cell lysates

Catalog Number **RAB0428** Storage Temperature –20 °C

## **TECHNICAL BULLETIN**

## **Product Description**

The Vaspin Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA) Kit is an in vitro quantitative assay for detecting Vaspin peptide based on the principle of competitive enzyme immunoassay. The microplate in the kit is pre-coated with anti-rabbit secondary antibody. After a blocking step and incubation of the plate with anti-Vaspin antibody, both biotinylated Vaspin peptide, and peptide standard or targeted peptide in samples interacts competitively with the Vaspin antibody. Uncompeted (bound) biotinylated Vaspin peptide then interacts with Streptavidin-horseradish peroxidase (SA-HRP), which catalyzes a color development reaction. The intensity of colorimetric signal is directly proportional to the amount of biotinylated peptide-SA-HRP complex and inversely proportional to the amount of Vaspin peptide in the standard or samples. This is due to the competitive binding to Vaspin antibody between biotinylated Vaspin peptide and peptides in standard or samples. A standard curve of known concentration of Vaspin peptide can be established and the concentration of Vaspin peptide in the samples can be calculated accordingly.

#### Components

- 96-well plate coated with secondary antibody (Item A) - RAB0428A: 96 wells (12 strips × 8 wells) coated with secondary antibody.
- 2. 20x Wash Buffer (Item B) RABWASH3: 25 mL.
- 3. EIA Vaspin Peptide standard (Item C) RAB0428C: 2 vials, 10 μL/vial.
- Anti-Vaspin Detection Antibody (Item N) -RAB0428F: 2 vials, 5 μL/vial.
- EIA Assay Diluent A (Item D) RABDIL9: 30 mL, contains 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. Diluent for standards and serum or plasma samples.
- 6. EIA 5x Assay Diluent B (Item E) RABDIL10: 15 mL of 5x concentrated buffer. Diluent for standards and cell culture media or other sample types.

- Biotinylated Vaspin Peptide (Item F) RAB0428G:
   2 vials, 20 μL/vial.
- 8. HRP-streptavidin (Item G) RABHRP3:  $600 \mu L$  of 500x concentrated HRP-conjugated Streptavidin.
- 9. Vaspin Positive Control Sample, Lyophilized (Item M) RAB0428K: 1 vial, 100 mL.
- 10. TMB Substrate solution (Item H) RABTMB2: 12 mL of 3,3′,5,5′- tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
- Stop Solution (Item I) RABSTOP3: 8 mL of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.

# Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Precision pipettes to deliver 2  $\mu L$  to 1 mL volumes.
- 3. Adjustable 1-25 mL pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 4. 100 mL and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
- 5. Absorbent paper.
- 6. Distilled or deionized water.
- 7. SigmaPlot software (or other software which can perform four-parameter logistic regression models).
- 8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.
- 9. Orbital shaker.

## **Precautions and Disclaimer**

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices

## **Preparation Instructions**

If testing plasma or serum samples, use Assay Diluent A to dilute Item F and Item C. If testing cell culture media or other sample types, use Assay Diluent B to dilute Item F and Item C. For sample and positive control dilutions, refer to steps 6, 7, 8, and 10 of Preparation.

- 1. Keep kit reagents on ice during reagent preparation steps. Equilibrate plate to room temperature before opening the sealed pouch.
- Assay Diluent B (Item E) should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge the Anti-Vaspin Antibody vial (Item N) before use. Add 50 μL of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently.
- The antibody concentrate should then be diluted 100-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B. This is the anti-Vaspin antibody working solution, which will be used in Procedure, step 2.

<u>Note</u>: The following steps may be done during the antibody incubation procedure (Procedure, step 2).

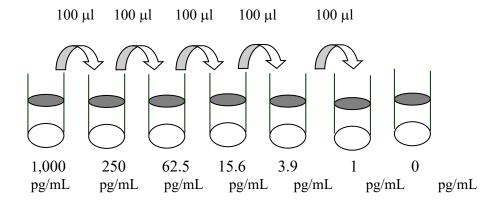
5. Briefly centrifuge the vial of Biotinylated Vaspin (Item F) before use. Add 5  $\mu$ L of Item F to 5 mL of the appropriate Assay Diluent. Pipette up and down to mix gently. The final concentration of biotinylated Vaspin will be 100 pg/mL. This solution will only be used as the diluent in Preparation, step 6.

Preparation of Standards: Label 7 microtubes with the following concentrations: 1,000 pg/mL, 250 pg/mL, 62.5 pg/mL, 15.6 pg/mL, 3.9 pg/mL, 1 pg/mL, and 0 pg/mL. Pipette 300 μL of biotinylated Vaspin solution into each tube, except for the 1,000 ng/mL (leave this one empty).

Note: It is very important to make sure the concentration of biotinylated Vaspin is 100 pg/mL in all standards.

- a. Briefly centrifuge the vial of Vaspin (Item C). In the tube labeled 1,000 pg/mL, pipette 8  $\mu$ L of Item C and 792  $\mu$ L of 100 pg/mL biotinylated Vaspin solution (Preparation, step 5). This is the Vaspin stock solution (1,000 pg/mL Vaspin and 100 pg/mL biotinylated Vaspin). Mix thoroughly.
- b. To make the 250 pg/mL standard, simply pipette 100  $\mu$ L of Vaspin stock solution into the tube labeled 250 pg/mL. Mix thoroughly.
- c. Repeat this step with each successive concentration, preparing a dilution series (see Figure 1). Each time, use 300 μL of biotinylated Visfatin and 100 μL of the prior concentration until 1 pg/mL is reached. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer.
- d. The final tube (0 pg/mL Vaspin and 100 pg/mL biotinylated Vaspin) serves as the zero standard (or total binding).

**Figure 1.**Dilution Series for Standards



- 7. Prepare a 10-fold dilution of Item F. To do this, add 2  $\mu$ L of Item F to 18  $\mu$ L of the appropriate Assay Diluent. This solution will be used in Preparation, steps 8 and 10.
- 8. Positive Control Preparation: briefly centrifuge the positive control vial (Item M). To the tube of Item M, add 101 μL of 1x Assay Diluent B. Also add 2 μL of 10-fold diluted Item F (Preparation, step 7) to the tube. This is a 2-fold dilution of the positive control. Mix thoroughly. The positive control is a cell culture medium sample with an expected signal between 10–30% of total binding (70–90% competition) if diluted as described above. It may be diluted further if desired, but be sure the final concentration of biotinylated Vaspin is 100 pg/mL.
- If Item B (20x Wash Concentrate) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 mL of 1x Wash Buffer.
- Sample Preparation: Use Assay Diluent A plus biotinylated Vaspin to dilute serum/plasma samples. For cell culture medium and other sample types, use 1x Assay Diluent B plus biotinylated Vaspin as the diluent.

Note: It is very important to make sure the final concentration of the biotinylated Vaspin is 100 pg/mL in every sample.

For example, to make a 4-fold dilution of sample, mix together 2.5  $\mu L$  of 10-fold diluted Item F (Preparation, step 7), 185  $\mu L$  of appropriate Assay Diluent, and 62.5  $\mu L$  of the sample; mix gently. The total volume is 250  $\mu L$ , enough for duplicate wells on the microplate.

Do not use Item F diluent from Preparation, step 5 for sample preparation.

If undiluted samples are used, biotinylated Vaspin must be added to a final concentration of 100 pg/mL. For example, add 2.5  $\mu$ L of 10-fold diluted Item F to 247.5  $\mu$ L of sample.

11. Briefly centrifuge the HRP-Streptavidin vial (Item G) before use. The HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 500-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B.

Note: Do not use Assay Diluent A for HRP-Streptavidin Preparation, step 11.

## Storage/Stability

The Standard, Biotinylated Vaspin peptide, and Positive Control should be stored at -20 °C or -70 °C (recommended at -70 °C) after arrival. Avoid multiple freeze-thaws.

The remaining kit components may be stored at -20 °C.

Opened Microplate Wells and antibody (Item N) may be stored for up to 1 month at 2–8 °C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack and reseal along entire edge.

If stored in this manner, this kit remains active for 12 months.

#### Procedure

- Keep kit reagents on ice during reagent preparation steps. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
- Add 100 μL anti-Vaspin antibody (see Reagent Preparation step 4) to each well. Incubate for 1.5 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec) or incubate overnight at 4 °C.
- 3. Discard the solution and wash wells 4 times with 1x Wash Buffer (200–300 μL each). Washing may be done with a multichannel pipette or an automated plate washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good assay performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 μL of each standard (see Preparation, step 6), positive control (see Preparation, step 8), and sample (see Preparation, step 10) into appropriate wells. Be sure to include a blank well (Assay Diluent only). Cover wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec) or incubate overnight at 4 °C.
- 5. Discard the solution and wash 4 times as directed in step 3.
- Add 100 μL of prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Preparation, step 11) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes with gentle shaking at room temperature. It is recommended that incubation time should not be shorter or longer than 45 minutes.

- 7. Discard the solution and wash 4 times as directed in step 3.
- Add 100 μL of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking (1–2 cycles/sec).
- 9. Add 50  $\mu$ L of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read absorbance at 450 nm immediately.

## Results

## Calculations

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the blank optical density. Plot the standard curve using SigmaPlot software (or other software which can perform four-parameter logistic regression models), with standard concentration on the x-axis and percentage of absorbance (see calculation below) on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit curve through the standard points.

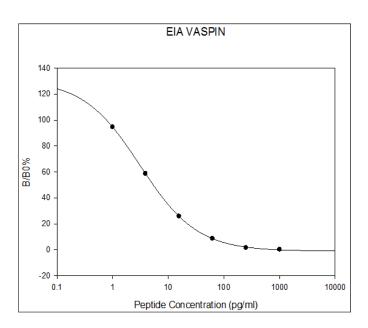
Percentage absorbance =  $(B - blank\ OD)/(B_{\circ} - blank\ OD)$  where

B = OD of sample or standard and

 $B_0 = OD$  of zero standard (total binding)

## Typical Data

Standard curve(s) is for demonstration only. Standard curve(s) must be run with each assay.



#### **Product Profile**

Sensitivity: The minimum detectable dose of Vaspin is 26.2 pg/mL.

Reproducibility:

Intra-Assay: CV <10% Inter-Assay: CV <15%

Detection Range:

1-10,000 pg/mL

## **Specificity**

Cross Reactivity: This kit shows no cross-reactivity with any of the cytokines tested: Ghrelin, Nesfatin, Angiotensin II, NPY, and APC.

#### References

- Hida, K. et al., Visceral adipose tissue-derived serine protease inhibitor: a unique insulinsensitizing adipocytokine in obesity. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA., 102(30), 10610-10615 (2005).
- 2. Wada, J. Vaspin: a novel serpin with insulinsensitizing effects. Expert Opin Investig Drugs, **17**(3), 327-333 (2008).

## **Appendix**

**Troubleshooting Guide** 

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
	Improper standard dilution	Ensure a brief spin of Item C and dissolve
		the powder thoroughly with gentle mixing.
Low signal	Too brief incubation times	Ensure sufficient incubation time;
		Procedure, step 2 may change to overnight
	Inadequate reagent volumes or	Check pipettes and ensure correct
	improper dilution	preparation
Large CV	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
High background	Plate is insufficiently washed	Review the manual for proper wash. If using
		a plate washer, check that all ports are
		unobstructed.
	Contaminated wash buffer	Make fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of the ELISA kit	Store the standard at <-20 °C after
		reconstitution, others at 4 °C. Keep
		substrate solution protected from light
	Stop solution	Stop solution should be added to each well
		before measurement.

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