

Product Information

Anti-Potassium Channel Kir6.2

Developed in Rabbit
Affinity Isolated Antibody

Product Number **P 4621**

Product Description

Anti-Potassium Channel Kir6.2 is developed in rabbit using a highly purified peptide SVAVAKAKPKFSIS, corresponding to amino acid residues 372-385 of rat Kir6.2 with an additional N-terminal cysteine as the immunogen. The epitope is highly conserved in mouse (identical) and human (12/14 residues identical) antigens. The antibody was affinity isolated on immobilized immunogen.

Anti-Potassium Channel Kir6.2 specifically recognizes the Potassium Channel Kir6.2 protein in rat pancreas membranes by immunoblotting, and does not cross react with Kir6.1.

Chloride channels have several functions including: (1) regulation of cell volume; (2) membrane potential stabilization; (3) signal transduction; and (4) transepithelial transport. The CLC chloride channel family (which includes voltage-gated chloride channels) represents one of the structural families of chloride channels. Mammals have at least nine different members.¹ CLC-2 channels exhibit differential brain distribution and are implicated in regulating and maintaining the chloride gradient in cells that exhibit primarily inhibitory GABA_A responses.² CLC-3 channels are important in cardiac function and their volume sensitivity may be due to PKC/PKA modulated phosphorylation.³

Voltage-gated sodium channels (VGSCs) are present in most excitable cells. In neuronal tissue, they are responsible for generating and propagating action potentials. Brain VGSCs are heteromers of $\alpha\beta_1\beta_2$ Subunits. Of these, the α subunit forms the channel pore. Twelve α subunit genes have been identified.⁴ VGSCs have been implicated in numerous neurological and cardiac disorders. Further, VGSCs are important in mediating many therapeutic drug effects (including the actions of anesthetics, antiarrhythmics and antiepileptics).^{5,6}

Potassium channels contribute to maintaining cell volume, membrane potential, neuronal excitability and the secretion of transmitters, salt and hormones. Two families of potassium channels have been identified.

One family includes the inwardly rectifying potassium channels of which Kir6.2 is a member. The other family includes: voltage sensing (KV); big conductance, calcium activated (BK_{CA}); and small conductance, calcium activated (SK) potassium channels. In neuronal tissue, BK and SK channels modulate the action potential duration, speed of repolarization and the after hyperpolarization.^{7,8} These channels are implicated both in therapeutic drug effects and also in disease.^{7,8,9} KV channels have been implicated in activity-dependent, plastic changes in neuronal tissue.^{10,11} HERG (human ether-a-go-go-related gene) is similar to the delayed rectifier channel and is important in cardiac function and may also play a role in certain cardiac arrhythmias.¹²

Many subunits that form the ion channels have been cloned and expressed. Although much has been learned about the structure and function of the ion channels, much more remains to be determined about their physiological roles and also their roles in mediating therapeutic drug effects.

Monovalent ion channels are being associated with a growing number of diseases.^{6,13} Thus, further research is required to determine the physiological function and role of Cl, K and Na channel subtypes as well as the ion channels themselves in the hopes of discovering new treatments for these pathologies.

Reagents

Anti-Potassium Channel Kir6.2 is supplied lyophilized from phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, with 1% bovine serum albumin and 0.025 % sodium azide as preservative.

Precautions and Disclaimer

Due to the sodium azide content, a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for this product has been sent to the attention of the safety officer of your institution. Consult the MSDS for information regarding hazardous and safe handling.

Preparation Instructions

Reconstitute the lyophilized vial with 0.05 ml or 0.2 ml deionized water, depending on the package size purchased. Antibody dilutions should be made in buffer containing 1-3 % bovine serum albumin.

Storage/Stability

Lyophilized powder can be stored intact at room temperature for several weeks. For extended storage, it should be stored at -20 °C or below. The reconstituted solution can be stored at 4 °C for up to 2 weeks. For longer storage, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Storage in "frost-free" freezers is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Centrifuge all antibody preparations before use (10000 x g 5 min). Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Product Profile

The recommended working dilution is 2.5 µg/ml (1:200) for immunoblotting.

Note: In order to obtain best results and assay sensitivities of different techniques and preparations, we recommend determining optimal working dilutions by titration test.

References

1. Jentsch, T.J. et al., J. Physiol., **482**, 19S (1995).
2. Staley, K. et al., Neuron, **17**, 543 (1996).
3. Nagasaki M. et al., J.Physiol., **523**, 705 (2000).
4. Jeong, S.Y. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res.Comm., **267**, 262 (2000).
5. Catterall, W.A., Adv. Neurol., **79**, 441 (1999).
6. Vincent, G.M. et al., Cardiol. Rev., **7**, 44 (1999).
7. Scholtz, A. et al., J. Physiol., **513**, 55 (1998).
8. Dreixler, J.C. et al., Anesth. Analg., **90**, 727 (2000).
9. Bond, C.T. et al., Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci., **868**, 370 (1999).
10. Grosse, G. et al., J. Neurosci., **20**, 1869 (2000).
11. McFarlane, S. and Pollock, N.S., J Neurosci. **20**, 1020 (2000).
12. Teschemacher, A.G. et al., Br. J. Pharmacol., **128**, 479 (1999).
13. Lehmann-Horn, F. and Jurkat-Rott, K., Physiol. Rev., **79**, 1317 (1999).

mct/jk 5/2004

Sigma brand products are sold through Sigma-Aldrich, Inc.

Sigma-Aldrich, Inc. warrants that its products conform to the information contained in this and other Sigma-Aldrich publications. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the product(s) for their particular use. Additional terms and conditions may apply. Please see reverse side of the invoice or packing slip.