

Interleukin-2 (IL-2) Human, Natural

Product No. 16013

# Description

Interleukin-2 (IL-2, also known as T-cell growth factor) is an immunomodulatory factor produced by certain subsets of T-lymphocytes.<sup>1</sup> This lymphokine has proven useful in promoting long term growth of activated T-cells and related cell types. Interleukin-2 also has been shown to effect the activation and proliferation of NK cells, induce  $\gamma$ -interferon and B-cell growth factor secretion,<sup>2,3,4,5</sup> and modulate the expression of the IL-2 receptor.<sup>6</sup>

Interleukin-2 has been isolated from a number of cell types<sup>7,8,9</sup> and has also been produced by recombinant DNA technology.<sup>10</sup> Human, Natural IL-2 (15-17 kD glycoprotein) is secreted by a human leukemia T-cell line, after simulation with T-cell mitogens.<sup>11,12</sup>

## Reagent

Interleukin-2 is supplied as a frozen solution containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin in 1 ml of phosphate buffered saline containing 500 or 2,000 units of IL-2.

The contents of the vial can be diluted further using a buffered solution or tissue culture medium containing 0.1-1% BSA or 1-10% serum. If asceptic technique is used, additional filtration should not be necessary and should be avoided due to the possible adsorption to the filter membrane.

## Storage

Vial should be stored at -70°C. Prolonged storage of product or repeated freezing and thawing is **not** recommended and will result in decreased biological activity. After the initial thaw of the vial contents, store working aliquots at -70°C.

# **Performance Characteristics**

Human Interleukin-2 has been tested in culture using a variation of the biological assay of Gillis, *et al.*<sup>13</sup> IL-2 dependent cells are plated at low density in medium containing various dilutions of IL-2. After a specific incubation period, the cultures are pulsed with thymidine (<sup>3</sup>H), incubated further and then counted. One unit of biological activity is defined as the amount of the IL-2 required to induce halfmaximal incorporation of thymidine.

IL-2 can be used at an approximate concentration of 20U/ml of medium for the culture of murine T-cells and approximately 100-200U/ml in LAK/NK cell activation or in proliferation studies.

This product has been tested in culture to ensure the absence of bacteria, yeast, molds any mycoplasm.

## References

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- 11. Schneider, U., *et al.*, Int. J. Cancer, **19**, 621 (1977).
- 12. Robb, R., Methods Enzymol., 116, 493 (1985).
- 13. Gillis, S., et al., J Immunol., **120**, 2027 (1978).

# **Potential Biohazard**

Handle as if capable of transmitting infectious agents. Refer to material safety data sheet.

mpb 3/24/98

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