3050 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 USA
Tel: (800) 521-8956 (314) 771-5765 Fax: (800) 325-5052 (314) 771-5757
email: techservice@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

# **Product Information**

PTPRE, active, GST-tagged, human recombinant, expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog Number **SRP5333** Storage Temperature –70 °C

Synonyms: PTPE, P-PTP-epsilon, HPTPE, R-PTP-EPSILON, RP11-380J17.1, DKFZp313F1310, FLJ57799, FLJ58245

# **Product Description**

PTPRE or protein tyrosine phosphatase receptor type E is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. This family of proteins is known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. PTPRE is highly expressed in brain and testis. The regulatory roles of this PTP in Ras related signal transduction pathways, cytokines induced signaling, as well as the activation of voltagegated K<sup>+</sup> channels have been identified. PTPRE has a transmembrane segment and a cytoplasmic region containing duplicated PTPase domains.<sup>2</sup>

Recombinant human PTPRE (75-end) was expressed by baculovirus in *Sf*9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST-tag. The gene accession number is BC050062. It is supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 10 mM glutathione, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM PMSF, and 25% glycerol.

Molecular mass: ~91 kDa

### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

## Storage/Stability

The product ships on dry ice and storage at -70 °C is recommended. After opening, aliquot into smaller quantities and store at -70 °C. Avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Figure 1.

SDS-PAGE Gel of Typical Lot:

≥70% (SDS-PAGE, densitometry)

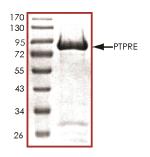
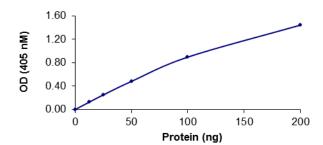


Figure 2.
Specific Activity of Typical Lot: 6,880–10,320 nmole/min/mg



Phosphatase activity was determined with a spectrophotometric assay procedure.

#### References

- 1. Yi, T. et al., Identification of novel protein tyrosine phosphatases of hematopoietic cells by polymerase chain reaction amplification. Blood, **78**, 2222-2228 (1991).
- 2. Krueger, N.X. et al., Structural diversity and evolution of human receptor-like protein tyrosine phosphatases. EMBO J., **9**, 3241-3252 (1990).

RC,MAM 12/12-1