



Human IL-8 ELISA kit

Catalog No. EZHIL8

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

USA & Canada Phone: +1(800) 645-5476

In Europe, please contact Customer Service:

France: 0825.045.645;

Spain: 901.516.645 Option 1

Germany: 01805.045.645

Italy: 848.845.645

United Kingdom: 0870.900.46.45

For other locations across the world please visit www.millipore.com/offices

Introduction

Human IL-8 (CXCL8, neutrophil chemotactic factor, neutrophil activating protein, monocytes derived neutrophil chemotactic factor) is a member of the alpha (C-X-C) subfamily of chemokines. In response to proinflammatory stimuli, IL-8 is produced by monocytes, macrophages, T cells, neutrophils, and fibroblasts. IL-8 promotes neutrophil chemotaxis and degranulation leading to local inflammation in damaged or infected tissues.

The Human IL-8 (CXCL8) ELISA Kit is a Sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with a capture antibody. This kit is specifically designed for the accurate quantification of human IL-8 (CXCL8) from cell culture supernatant, serum, plasma, and other biological fluids. This kit is analytically validated with ready-to-use reagents.

For Research Use Only.

Kit Components

- Human IL-8 pre-Coated Plate (Part No. CS210109): One 96-well plate
- Human IL-8 Detection Antibody (Part No. CS210069): One 12 mL bottle
- Human IL-8 Standard (Part No. CS210098): One lyophilized vial
- Matrix A (for serum and plasma samples) (Part No. CS210066): One lyophilized vial
- Avidin HRP A (Part No CS210051): 12 mL bottle
- Assay Buffer A (Part No. CS210062): 25 mL bottle
- Wash Buffer (20X) (Part No. CS210053): 50 mL bottle
- Substrate Solution F (Part No. CS210054): 12 mL bottle
- Stop Solution (Part No. CS213422): 12 mL bottle
- Plate Sealers (Part No. CS210056): One 4 pack

Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm
- Adjustable pipettes to measure volumes ranging from 1 μ L to 1,000 μ L
- Deionized water
- Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- Log-Log graph paper or software for data analysis
- Tubes to prepare standard dilutions
- Timer
- Plate Shaker
- Polypropylene vials

Storage and stability

Store kit and unopened components at 2°C-8°C. Do not use kit beyond its expiration date.

Stability: Kit components are stable for a minimum of 4 months from the date of receipt if stored and handled as described below.

Reagent Precautions

- **Safety Warnings and Precautions:** This kit is designed for research use only and is not recommended for internal use in humans or animals. All chemicals should be considered potentially hazardous and principles of good laboratory practice should be followed.
- This kit is not for use in diagnostic procedures.
- **Caustic Material: Stop Solution.** The stop solution contains acid which is harmful if swallowed or inhaled; avoid contact with skin and eyes; wash areas of contact immediately with water. **Caution: Eye, hand, face, and clothing protection should be worn when handling this material.**
- Substrate Solution F is harmful if inhaled or ingested. Additionally, avoid skin, eye or clothing contact with the substrate reagents
- The instructions provided have been designed to optimize the kit's performance. Deviation from the instructions may result in suboptimal performance of the kit and a failure to produce accurate data.

Specimen Collection and Handling

Specimens should be clear and non-hemolyzed. If possible, unknown samples should be run at a number of dilutions to determine the optimal dilution factor that will ensure accurate quantification.

Cell Culture Supernatant

If necessary, centrifuge all samples to remove debris prior to analysis. It is recommended that samples be stored at < -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum

Use a serum separator tube and allow clotting for at least 30 minutes, then centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1,000 x *g*. Remove serum layer and assay immediately or store serum samples at < -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma

Collect blood samples in citrate, heparin or EDTA containing tubes. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1,000x *g* within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or store plasma samples at < -70°C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent and Sample Preparation:

- Note: All reagents should be diluted immediately prior to use.
- Dilute the 20X Wash Buffer to 1X with deionized water. For example, make 1 liter of 1X Wash Buffer by adding 50 mL of 20X Wash Buffer to 950 mL of deionized water. If crystals have formed in the 20X Wash Buffer, bring to room temperature and vortex until dissolved.
- Reconstitute the lyophilized Human IL-8 Standard by adding the volume of Assay Buffer A indicated on the vial label to make the 20 ng/mL standard stock solution. Allow the reconstituted standard to sit at room temperature for 15 minutes, then briefly vortex to mix completely.
- If serum or plasma samples will be assayed, reconstitute the lyophilized Matrix A by dispensing 2 mL of deionized water into the vial. Allow the reconstituted Matrix A to sit at room temperature for 15 minutes, vortex to mix completely.
- In general, samples are analyzed without dilutions. However, if dilutions are required, use Assay Buffer A as the diluent for cell culture supernatant and Matrix A as the diluent for serum or plasma samples.

Assay Protocol


1. Bring all reagents to room temperature prior to use. It is strongly recommended that all standards and samples be run in duplicate or triplicate. A standard curve is required for each assay.
2. If not all microplate strips will be used, remove the excess strips by pressing up from underneath each strip. Place excess strips back in the foil pouch with the included desiccant pack and reseal.
3. Prepare 500 μ L of the 1,000 pg/mL top standard by diluting 25 μ L of the standard stock solution in 475 μ L of Assay Buffer A. Perform six two-fold serial dilutions of the 1,000 pg/mL top standard in separate tubes using Assay Buffer A as the diluent. Thus, the human IL-8 standard concentrations in the tubes are 1,000 pg/mL, 500 pg/mL, 250 pg/mL, 125 pg/mL, 62.5 pg/mL, 31.3 pg/mL, and 15.6 pg/mL, respectively. Assay Buffer A serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).
4. Wash the plate 4 times with at least 300 μ L of 1X Wash Buffer per well and blot any residual buffer by firmly tapping the plate upside down on absorbent paper. All subsequent washes should be performed similarly.
5. **For measuring samples of cell culture supernatant:**
 - a) Add 50 μ L of Assay Buffer A to each well that will contain either standard dilutions or samples.
 - b) Add 50 μ L of standard dilutions or samples to the appropriate wells.
1. **For measuring serum or plasma samples:**
 2. Add 50 μ L of Matrix A to each well that will contain the standard dilutions.
 3. Add 50 μ L of Assay Buffer A to each well that will contain samples.
6. Seal the plate with a Plate Sealer included in the kit and incubate the plate at room temperature for 2 hours while shaking at 200 rpm.

7. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4.
8. Add 100 μ L of Human IL-8 Detection Antibody solution to each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour while shaking.
9. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4.
10. Add 100 μ L of Avidin-HRP A solution to each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes while shaking.
11. Discard the contents of the plate into a sink, then wash the plate 5 times with 1X Wash Buffer as in step 4. For this final wash, soak wells in 1X Wash Buffer for 30 seconds to 1 minute for each wash. This will help minimize background.
12. Add 100 μ L of Substrate Solution F to each well and incubate for 15 minutes in the dark. Wells containing human IL-8 should turn blue in color with intensity proportional to its concentration. It is not necessary to seal the plate during this step.
13. Stop the reaction by adding 100 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. The solution color should change from blue to yellow.
14. Read absorbance at 450 nm within 30 minutes. If the reader is capable of reading at 570 nm, the absorbance at 570 nm can be subtracted from the absorbance at 450 nm.

Assay Procedure Summary


- For measuring cell culture supernatant:**



Wash 4 times
Add 50 μ l Assay Buffer A to standard and sample wells





For measuring serum or plasma:


Wash 4 times
Add 50 μ l Matrix A to standard wells
Add 50 μ l Assay Buffer A to sample wells



- Add 50 μ l diluted standards to standard wells
Add 50 μ l samples to sample wells
Incubate 2 hr, RT, shaking



- Wash 4 times
Add 100 μ l Detection Antibody solution
Incubate 1 hr, RT, shaking


- Wash 4 times
Add 100 μ l Avidin-HRP A solution
Incubate 30 min, RT, shaking


- Wash 5 times
Add 100 μ l Substrate Solution F
Incubate 15 min, RT, in the dark


- Add 100 μ l Stop Solution


- Read absorbance at 450nm and 570nm

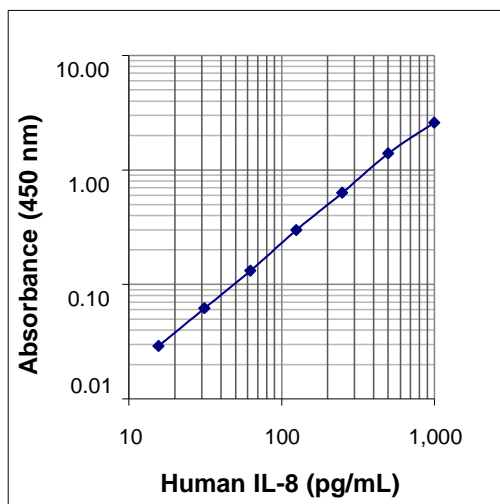
Calculations of Results:

The data can be best calculated with computer-based curve-fitting software using a 5- or 4-parameter logistics curve-fitting algorithm. If an appropriate software is not available, use log-log graph paper to determine sample concentrations. Determine the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate or triplicate standards, controls, and samples. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper with cytokine concentration on the X-axis and absorbance on the Y-axis. Draw a best fit line through the standard points. To determine the unknown cytokine concentrations, find the mean absorbance value of the unknown concentration on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the cytokine concentration.

If samples were diluted, multiply the concentration by the appropriate dilution factor. If a test sample's absorbance value falls outside the linear portion of the standard curve, the test sample needs to be re-analyzed at a higher (or lower) dilution as appropriate.

Typical Data:

This standard curve was generated for demonstration purposes only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Performance Characteristics:

Specificity

No cross-reactivity was observed when this kit was used to analyze the following recombinant cytokines/chemokines at up to 50 ng/mL.

Human: IL-1b, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-8, IL-12/IL-23 (p40), IL-12(p70), IL-13, IL-15, IL-17A, IL-17A/F, IL-17E, IL-22, IL-23, IL-27, FGF-basic, G-CSF, IFN-g, MCP-1/CCL2, RANTES/CCL5, TGF-b, TWEAK, VEGF-165

Sensitivity

The minimum detectable concentration of IL-8 is 4.4 pg/mL

Recovery

Recombinant IL-8 was spiked into 4 human serum samples at concentrations of 125 and 500 pg/mL, and then analyzed with the Human IL-8 ELISA kit. On average, 104% of the cytokine was recovered from serum samples.

Linearity

Four human serum samples with high concentrations of IL-8 were diluted with the appropriate matrix to produce samples with values within the dynamic range and then assayed. On average, 102 % of the expected cytokine was detected from serum samples.

Intra-Assay Statistics

Sixteen replicates of each of two samples containing different IL-8 concentrations were tested in one assay.

Concentration	Sample 1	Sample 2
Number of Replicates	16	16
Mean Concentration (pg/mL)	462.6	113.8
Standard Deviation	16.3	4.3
% CV	3.5	3.7

Inter-Assay Statistics

Two samples containing different concentrations of IL-8 were tested in four independent assays.

Concentration	Sample 1	Sample 2
Number of Assays	4	4
Mean Concentration (pg/mL)	466	117
Standard Deviation	29.1	11
% CV	6.2	9.4

Biological Samples

Human PBMC (1×10^6 cells/mL) were stimulated with 100 ng/mL LPS at 37°C for overnight. Cell culture supernatants were collected and assayed for the levels of natural human IL-8. IL-8 concentration was 45,650pg/mL in LPS-stimulated samples and 160pg/mL in unstimulated samples.

Trouble Shooting Guide:

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
High Background	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using the provided plate sealers. Use multichannel pipettes and change tips between pipetting samples and reagents.
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes. Increase soaking time between washes prior to addition of substrate solution.
	TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated	TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells. Use a clean container prior to pipetting substrate solution into wells.
No or poor signal	Detection Antibody, Avidin-HRP or Substrate solution were NOT added	Rerun the assay and follow the protocol.
	Wrong reagent or reagents were added in wrong sequential order	
	Insufficient plate agitation	The plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using a plate shaker at a speed where solutions in wells are within constant motion without splashing.
	The wash buffer contains Sodium Azide (NaN ₃)	Avoid Sodium Azide contamination in the wash buffer as it inhibits HRP activity.
	Incubations were done at an inappropriate temperature, timing or without agitation	Rerun the assay and follow the protocol.
Low or poor standard curve signal	The standard was incorrectly reconstituted or diluted	Adjust the calculations and follow the protocol.
	Standard was inappropriately stored	Store the reconstituted standard stock solution in polypropylene vials at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Reagents added to wells with incorrect concentrations	Check for pipetting errors and the correct reagent volume.

Trouble Shooting Guide:

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Signal is high, standard curves have saturated signal	Standard reconstituted with less volume than required	Reconstitute new lyophilized standard with the correct volume of solution recommended in the protocol.
	Standards/samples, detection antibody, Avidin-HRP or substrate solution were incubated for too long	Rerun the assay and follow the protocol.
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of the analyte	If samples are below detectable levels, it may be possible to use a larger sample volume. Contact technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.
	Samples contain analyte concentrations greater than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and analysis.
High variation in samples and/or standards	Multichannel pipette errors	Confirm that pipette calibrations are accurate.
	Plate washing was not adequate or uniform	Ensure pipette tips are tightly secured. Ensure uniformity in all wash steps.
	Non-homogenous samples	Thoroughly mix samples before assaying.
	Samples may have high particulate matter	Remove particulate matter by centrifugation.
	Cross-well contamination	Do not reuse plate sealers. Always change tips for reagent additions. Ensure that pipette tips do not touch the reagents on the plate.

Microtiter Plate Map

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A												
B												
C												
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												

Warranty

EMD Millipore Corporation ("EMD Millipore") warrants its products will meet their applicable published specifications when used in accordance with their applicable instructions for a period of one year from shipment of the products. **EMD MILLIPORE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.** The warranty provided herein and the data, specifications and descriptions of EMD Millipore products appearing in EMD Millipore's published catalogues and product literature may not be altered except by express written agreement signed by an officer of EMD Millipore. Representations, oral or written, which are inconsistent with this warranty or such publications are not authorized and if given, should not be relied upon.

In the event of a breach of the foregoing warranty, EMD Millipore Corporation's sole obligation shall be to repair or replace, at its option, the applicable product or part thereof, provided the customer notifies EMD Millipore Corporation promptly of any such breach. If after exercising reasonable efforts, EMD Millipore Corporation is unable to repair or replace the product or part, then EDM Millipore shall refund to the Company all monies paid for such applicable Product. **EMD MILLIPORE CORPORATION SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ECONOMIC LOSS OR PROPERTY DAMAGE SUSTAINED BY ANY COMPANY CUSTOMER FROM THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS.**

Unless otherwise stated in our catalog or other company documentation accompanying the product(s), our products are intended for research use only and are not to be used for any other purpose, which includes but is not limited to, unauthorized commercial uses, in vitro diagnostic uses, ex vivo or in vivo therapeutic uses or any type of consumption or application to humans or animals.

(c) 2009 - 2014: Merck KGaA, Darmstadt. All rights reserved. No part of these works may be reproduced in any form without permission in writing